EDITORIAL.

"Those college boys ought to be hung" was the statement made by one who had just read a sensational article from a representative daily newspaper in regard to the sad death of our college mate, Stuart L. Pierson. Similar statements have been heard on all sides. It is true, the coroner’s verdict has been rendered; but his verdict can in no wise change the unanimous conviction of the student body which holds that the death was purely accidental. On the other hand, it is feared, the public whose entire source of information has been from newspaper accounts will hold as tenaciously to its opinion of foul play.

A church paper in commenting on the accident comes out with the statement that the public will no longer tolerate the antics of college students who, it claims, are carrying things past endurance. Just last year an article in a first-class magazine written by a noted author, treated at length the "inhumanity" of college students. Every day the newspapers all over the country contain an account of some fatality due to a student prank. It cannot be denied that students do at times carry things to extremes. But we maintain that many of the stories which appear in our newspapers and magazines are highly exceptional to the ordinary run of college affairs. Exceptional as they are, they are made doubly so by the perverted pens of popular journalistic writers. These widely exaggerated accounts get into the hands of the unsuspecting public and as a result hasty and too often incorrect judgments are formed. A matter, however, which is often overlooked by the public is the wave of reform that is sweeping over American Colleges. An example of it is evident right here at Kenyon; the standard of morality of the college to-day is certainly much higher than it was at this time last year. Yet how can we expect our critics to know this especially since popular writers can see nothing sensational in such reform?

All indications show that the public does know all—yea, more than all—of the sad happening of October 28. Thanks to the newspapers. The day following the accident the correct and authentic account was given out. On that very evening certain papers gave out the astounding news that careful investigation pointed towards foul play. Gradually the articles became more and more bold until finally one paper came out in the heavy black head lines, "Tied to the Rails." The leap was made and the other papers followed. The newspaper tragedy—comedy, perhaps is better—now came in earnest. The hasty removal of the body from Gambier, the cleaning away of the blood stains at the scene of the accident, the discovery of visible spots of chloroform—a rather strange phenomenon—on pieces of cotton, made excellent material for yellow journalism. Then innocent college custom became identified with the horrible spectre, death. The straight forward testimony of certain persons which tended toward clearing up the mysterious character of
the accident was perverted into highly incriminating evidence. A cartoonist gave an actual representation of a young man tied across railroad tracks, labeling it the modern fraternity initiation and suggested that President Roosevelt should take notice. In short, the students were held up to the public as the most heartless brutes.

Fortunately two of the men who were capable of serving up such excellent stories revealed their identity. The one had been taken from his political campaign work to make a personal investigation into the death of young Pierson. This very man after spending several days on the campus and in the vicinity frankly made the statement that he believed that the death was an accident, pure and simple. Yet the articles which appeared in the newspaper of which he is a representative contained the most sensational stories. The other newspaper man was at least consistent in his statements, but probably because of the fact that he was not in "normal" condition when he interviewed certain of the students.

Thus by such men and methods a web of falsehood was entwined around the most sad accident that ever happened in the history of the college. Unjust and harsh criticism of both college and the students naturally follows where there is an utter excess, contempt and disregard of what is supposed to be the freedom of the press.

Many notable gifts have been made to several institutions of learning during the past few weeks. Jacob H. Schiff has given Harvard $50,000 for the expenses of an excavating expedition in Palestine. Purdue has received an appropriation of $40,000 for an engineering building. The department of Medicine and Surgery of the University of Minnesota is to have a $200,000 hospital. Mrs. Hearst has given archaeological and anthropological material of the value of nearly $500,000 to the University of California. If Radcliffe can raise $75,000 Carnegie offers to give an equivalent amount to construct a library building.

The Ohio Inter-Collegiate Debating League, composed of Western Reserve, Ohio Wesleyan and Oberlin will debate the question of railway rates, this year.

THE PIERSON CASE.

Since the last issue of The Collegian in which appeared an account of the tragic death of Stuart L. Pierson of the class of '09, interesting issues have developed in regard to the affair. The facts of the case are substantially as stated in the Collegian. On the night of October 28, Pierson and the other candidates of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity went to their appointed places to await members of the Fraternity. Pierson was stationed at the end of the railroad bridge. The active members of the Chapter and the Alumni went to the Chapter House to make arrangements for the initiation, where committees were appointed to meet the several candidates. Mr. Pierson, the boy’s father who is a member of the fraternity and was present declined the invitation to go for his son. The committee appointed to meet young Pierson consisted of F. R. Tschan, ’05, now in Bexley; A. E. York, ’07; and Herbert Browne, a business man of Zanesville, Ohio. These men arrived at the bridge shortly before ten o’clock and there found the mangled body of the boy, at the bridge, probably 60 feet from the entrance. Hearing the whistle of an approaching train, they hastily removed the body from the bridge. York then notified President Peirce of the accident, leaving Tschan and Brown with the body. Dr. Peirce summoned Dr. Workman, the college physician and with him went to the bridge where they found Tschan and Brown standing by the body in the darkness. A lantern was procured from Edward Gorsuch who was in charge of the pumping station near by, and by its light the body was prepared for removal.

The body was removed to the house of the President, who, in the meantime, had sent a messenger to Mr. Pierson and had broken to him the awful news. As it was Mr. Pierson’s wish to get the body home as soon as possible, Dr. Peirce, at Mr. Pierson’s request, secured a special train. The body was prepared by Dr. Workman and the undertaker, H. C. Wright, who agreed to report in full to the coroner the next day. Mr. Pierson with his son’s remains accordingly left Gambier at four o’clock in the
morning on the special train. All this is known to be absolutely true.

The Knox county coroner went to Cincinnati on the following Monday, and there viewed the boy's body. Instead of making a thorough examination he only examined the boy's wrists and ankles in which he claims to have discovered marks like those made by ropes or cords tightly drawn. This he did acting on a rumor that had already become current in Mt. Vernon that Pierson had been bound and tied to the railroad tracks when he met his death. With only these marks as evidence the coroner and some detectives, whom for some reason he had summoned to his assistance gave it out as their opinion that the sensational rumors were correct. The coroner then began an official inquiry into the affair, and summoned as witnesses men from the college and many others from Gambier and vicinity. As a result of this inquiry he gave as his verdict the statement that in his opinion Stuart L. Pierson had met his death through being bound and tied to the railroad track and struck by a train. These statements of the coroner were published in newspapers over the whole country, who have united in attacking the Kenyon Chapter of D. K. E., the President and the faculty of the college, and the student body as have taken part in the act that caused the death of Stuart L. Pierson and as attempting to conceal the facts of the case.

Numerous false conjectures have been made and false statements published. In our opinion the coroner has rendered his verdict on insufficient evidence. It has been proven beyond a doubt that all the members of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity were at their lodge at the time the accident occurred. More than this, Mr. Pierson has published a statement in which he establishes the above mentioned facts and exonerates the members of the fraternity.

Not a single fact can be shown to support the attacks that have been made against the college. It is simply an instance where the newspapers have made the best of a sensational story.

Kenyon men, both Alumni and undergraduates, who know the condition that prevails here, realize how absurd such stories are. No argument is needed to convince them that the affair was purely an accident. But in view of the many rumors that are current among the public it is the plain duty of every Kenyon man to prevent their further circulation.

The President's Statement.

Dr. Peirce in his statement says:

"Believing the coroner's finding in the case of Stuart Pierson to be entirely mistaken, I ask leave in the interest of justice to present the following facts, which in the eyes of the authorities of Kenyon college absolve the students from any charge of misdoing. On the night of the 28th of October at 9 o'clock the candidates for initiation into the D. K. E. fraternity among whom was Stuart Pierson, left the college dormitory, each one carrying a basket with fantastic contents to the solitary rendezvous appointed for him.

Pierson, saying goodbye to his father, who, as an alumnus of the chapter, was present for the initiation, set out in pursuance to directions for the end of the railroad bridge to await there the arrival of a committee from the fraternity. The point to which he went is not a narrow or dangerous place, but an embankment of considerable width, which could not be considered a dangerous place of meeting. By night it is perhaps eight minutes walk through the woods from the college dormitory. Stuart Pierson went there alone, and there is no evidence that he saw or met any one after leaving his father at 9 o'clock. His watch, which was broken in the accident, stopped at 9:41.

Almost immediately upon the departure of the freshmen, the active members of the fraternity with their alumni, including Pierson's father, went in a body to the fraternity lodge, which is about a mile in an opposite direction from the railroad, stopping a few minutes on their way at a bakery. At the lodge a meeting was held to make arrangements for the coming exercises. Committees were appointed to go to meet the several candidates for initiation, Mr. Pierson declining to go for his own son. The committees separated not earlier than 9:40 at the lodge, a mile away from the railroad bridge. The committee appointed to meet young Pierson consisted of F. R. Tschan, the college organist, who was graduated with honor last June and is now a student in the theological seminary; A. E. York, '07, a mature fellow of twenty-three or four, whom Mr. Pierson had selected as a suit-
able room-mate for his young son; and Herbert Browne, a former member of the chapter, a married man with a family who is in business in Zanesville. The master of ceremonies was A. K. Taylor, '06, a son of the late Bishop Taylor of Quincy, who like the other men involved has the universal respect and regard of the college community. Apart from the character of the students, however, the testimony of the dead boy's father thus proves an alibi for every member of the fraternity.

At 10:15 York reached my house and the story that he then gasped out is identical with that told by every member of the committee and the chapter ever since. At the end of the bridge between the rails the committee found the basket with its contents undisturbed, but the boy was not there and made no reply to their whistles and calls. In the thought that he might have crossed the bridge they started across themselves only to stumble upon his body perhaps 60 feet from the entrance. Hearing the whistle of an approaching train they hastily carried the boy off the bridge with considerable danger to themselves. At this point they heard the clock strike ten.

My first act was to summon Dr. Irvin Workman, of Gambier, and ask him to go to the bridge. Upon his arrival he found Tschan and Browne standing by the body in the darkness. He sent one of them to the college pumping station nearby to procure a lantern, and with the assistance of Edward Gorsuch, the engineer in charge of the station, prepared the mangled body for removal. There were no traces of bandages or ropes on the bridge or on the body.

Meanwhile I sent a messenger for Mr. Pierson and myself broke the awful news to him. His first thought naturally was to get the boy home to his mother as soon as possible, but the next day being Sunday there was no regular train which would reach Cincinnati until after dark. At his most earnest entreaty I secured a special train and arranged with the doctor and the undertaker to prepare the body for removal, they agreeing to report in full to the coroner. The train left Gambier about four o'clock Sunday morning.

Stuart Pierson's body was prepared for burial at my house, and it is the concurrent testimony of Dr. Workman, the physician, H. C. Wright, the undertaker, Edward Gorsuch, and myself, all of whom were in the room most of the time during the preparation of the body, that there were no marks of a character to excite the suspicion that the boy had been tied. The coroner admits that in his examination of the body in Cincinnati he looked only at the ankles and wrists. Having myself seen every dreadful detail of the boy's injuries, I am prepared to assert that the wounds on the right wrist could be understood only in connection with the general condition of the whole body.

On Sunday morning the coroner, who lives in another town, was summoned by the doctor, and at the time of his arrival I had assembled all persons who knew anything about the affair, but he had little to say to us and did not even come to my house to take possession of the boy's clothing. He expressed his annoyance that the traces of the accident had been washed from the track. This had been done on his own responsibility by Frank Dial, the village marshal, who wished to disappoint morbid curiosity. Sunday night, however, the coroner went to Cincinnati, and through given possession of the house by Mr. Pierson made only the superficial examination of which I have spoken, and began to give out sensational conjectures.

In conclusion I should contradict in detail some of the falsehoods and perverted truths which have got abroad.

First, it is not the custom of the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity, nor of any other fraternity in Kenyon college to tie its initiate to the railroad track, nor has there been an instance of the kind known. Barber, the Kenyon freshman, who is quoted as having testified to such treatment, never made such a statement.

Second, the members of the D. K. E. fraternity did not make inquiry from the station agent about the train schedule for that night.

Third, the bridge was not cleaned by the order of any group of students.

Fourth, I am not, as alleged, a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity, or of any other.

Fifth, there has been no attempt on the part of the college authorities to stifle investigation. On the morning after the accident the fullest inquiries were made by the secretary of the faculty and myself, and we went out accurate reports to the papers, concealing nothing that we had learned. It is also false that either the students or I failed to respond to subpoenas. Indeed, additional witnesses were summoned at our suggestion.

Stuart Pierson's death is a mystery, for the point to which he was sent is not on the bridge neither is it in appearance a dangerous place. The only possible explanation is that the boy who had been up all the night before waiting for his father who arrived on a belated train, fell asleep and waking suddenly in confusion got into the path of the oncoming train.

William F. Peirce,
President of Kenyon College.
FOOT-BALL.

KENYON, O.

O. S. U. 23.

O. S. U., who are aspirants to the Big Nine of the Middle West, could beat little Kenyon by the score of only 23-0. That either speaks well for Kenyon, or shows up O. S. U.'s true colors.

Kenyon had it on State in everything but beef, and it was a struggle between brain and brawn, and the latter was victorious. In condition, perfect formations and machine like play, O. S. U. was far behind her small opponents.

After a good deal of wrangling between Capt. Hoyer and acting Capt. Rising in regard to the length of halves, 25 minutes were agreed upon. State wanted 35, hoping to wear out Kenyon's plucky men, and then score at will.

Kenyon kicked off to State and Kirby returned to the 30 line. After gaining about 10 yards on mass plays, State became mixed in her signals and a fumble gave Kenyon the ball.

Soon the fake punt brought Crosby 20, but big Kirby was now responsible for losses by Rising and Brown. Crosby punted 45 yards. Now State used her beef to good advantage, steadily advancing the ball. It required two downs every time and sometimes three to gain their 5 yards. Kenyon putting up a stubborn resistance. Finally Stolp was pushed over for the first touchdown in 15 minutes. Hoyer kicked goal.

In five minutes Schorey duplicated the trick, and Hoyer again kicked goal. A fumble gave Kenyon the ball on the second play after the kick-off. Rising almost got away on a quarterback run, Woodbury finally stopping him. Two line plays netted nothing and Kenyon had to kick. Langtry got the ball and another march through the line, interspersed by quarterback runs, sent Stolp over in just two minutes from the end of the half. Hoyer missed goal. Score, State 17, Kenyon 0.

In the second half, State was able to score only one touchdown. They claim it was because they sent in several subs, but they forget Kenyon had some of hers in also. And if we had had "subs" of the type of big Jim Lincoln, who took Schorey's place at fullback, doubtless State wouldn't have made her one touchdown in the second half.

Kenyon put up the best game she has played this year. Stubbornly resisting every inch of ground gained by State, and as fiercely attack-
The field was in a very muddy condition. This was a severe handicap to Kenyon, who had never before had to play on such ground. It prevented Rising from getting around the end with his spectacular runs; it prevented the use of many trick plays where a quick start was necessary. On the other hand, Marietta, accustomed to her own field, had no difficulty in executing her formations, which she ran off in a manner that indicated good coaching.

But the greatest fault was with Referee Noll, a Marietta man, who was as earnest in his desire for Marietta to win as the members of the team. Twice in succession in the first half, when Crosby and Rising had a good chance to get around the end, Noll, stepping in the way, blocked the runner until he could be tackled. Every inch of ground which could be disputed was given to Marietta. Therefore it can be said that Kenyon won a well-earned victory.

Marietta kicked to Kenyon over the goal line, and the ball was kicked out from the 25-yard line. Marietta gained around our right end at will. Brown and Luthy failing to stop the play. Brown's tendency was to go up on top to break interference, rather than underneath. With the ball on Kenyon's 30-yard line, Kenyon held and received the ball on downs. Kenyon advanced the ball to Marietta's 35-yard line by the use of tandem plays and mass off tackle. Here the mud was ankle deep. Rising started on a quarterback run around the left of the line but as he started to turn in an opening, Referee Noll bumped into him and he was downed for a loss of 3 yards. It was now 2nd and 8 yards to go. The fake kick was called and again Noll ran into Crosby, knocking him down. Crosby punted out of bounds on the next play and it was Marietta's ball on her 20-yard line.

Gaining 2 and 3 yards on each play, Marietta worked the ball back to the center of the field when a fumble gave the ball to Kenyon. The fake kick was downed for a loss, and it was Marietta's ball again. Again their advance began, but on Kenyon's 15-yard line, the ball was lost on downs. Crosby punted out of danger, but slowly it was worked back, and in 23 minutes Stove was pushed over for a touchdown. Simon missed an easy goal. Score, Kenyon 0, Marietta 5. This ended the half so far as the scoring was concerned.

Kenyon came up strong in the next half, and played on the offensive and in Marietta's territory all the time. Marietta did most of the punting in this half, being clearly on the defensive. A fumble early in the half gave Kenyon the ball while down in Marietta's territory. After making her distance twice, she lost it on downs. Marietta failed to gain and an attempt to punt was blocked. Brown getting the ball and running 10 yards for a touchdown, from which Crosby kicked goal. Score, Kenyon 6, Marietta 5.

During the remainder of the game, the ball was in the center of the field, neither team being able to carry it effectively.

**Kenyon.**

| Crosby-Clark | L. E. |
| Southworth | L. T. |
| Stephens | L. G. |
| Weldon | C. |
| Dooman | R. G. |
| Axtell | R. T. |
| Luthy-Chijds | R. E. |
| Rising (c) | Q. |
| Stewart-Elster | L. H. |
| Brown | R. H. |
| Lee | F. B. |

**Marietta.**

| Ripner | Miller |
| Humphrey | Mantz |
| Simon | Moses |
| Hobitzell | Gillman |


**Notes of the Game.**

Lee was able to last the whole game. His play was not spectacular, but was steady all through.

Weldon played all around Humphrey. He can show a good many centers a few things about blocking passes for punts. Twice he made his opponent pass the ball over Simon's head.

Axtell blocked a punt prettily in the second half, breaking through Capt. Stone of Marietta.

Stewart, after traveling all morning, and without having any dinner, played a remarkable game and could be depended upon at all times.

Brown played a good offensive game, but did not go into the interference low or hard enough on defense to break it up. Hence, the many gains made around his end.

"Ecky" Clark took Crosby's place in the middle of the last half, and, in spite of his boil, got in many a good tackle.

Kenyon is not the only one who has suffered by Noll's miserable work. The game Marietta had with Cincinnati broke up in a fight on account of his wretched decisions. At one time when Lee made 4 yards on a delayed pass, Noll declared the ball dead while it was being delayed in the pass, saying that the progress of the ball stopped before it started. Surely not very good logic for an official.
THE RETURN OF BISHOP CHASE.

No one ever doubted that John Paul Jones was a brave man; nor that he lived well, fought heroically, and died nobly for the land of his adoption; nor that the demonstration evoked by the recent return of his remains to this country was more than a fitting tribute to his memory; but, though he had written his name on the pages of American history in glorious letters of indelible gold, it still remains true that the American people were more than a hundred years in coming to a realization of the fact that his body was lying in obscurity in an out-of-the-way corner of a French burying-ground. In much the same manner, while we readily admit his worth, we are neglecting the patriarch of Gambier. Bishop Chase was a brave man—a fighter, too, though not with sword and powder—and no one can honestly deny the greatness of his work. When

"He climbed the Hill and said a prayer, And founded Kenyon College there."

He started a movement whose benefits have been cumulative with the years. Yet, in spite of all our indebtedness to him, we are calmly letting the years slip by without any serious effort to bring his body back and lay it to rest under the shadow of the greatest achievement of his whole life. Each of us seems waiting for someone else to begin; and in the meantime the Bishop lies at Robins Nest, Illinois, in the care of Jubilee College, an institution which he founded after he left Ohio but which never took as prominent a place in the collegiate world, nor we believe, in the heart of the venerable Bishop himself as did Kenyon.

Probably not many people in Gambier ever see the Middletown News, but any man on the Hill would find it well worth a whole year's subscription to the sheet merely to get such a mental feed, in a sense, moral gazette as was given one or two of us by seeing this matter of Bishop Chase handled in its columns—and handled sympathetically, too. Just hear how part of it reads: "Now as the spirit of Bishop Chase must ever hover over Kenyon College so his remains should rest within its environs that even in death he may be said to rest within his own domain." Such words from an outside paper! We, who take pride in our regard for tradition, who hold back from too radical innovations simply for the sake of greater respect toward those gone before, who boast of our time-worn, ivy-crowned walls, we actually must stand back and see a stranger, at least no protege of Kenyon's, take the lead in a matter regarding the most venerable of all our traditions, Bishop Chase.

Kenyon College owes her founder a peculiar debt of honor. He was the nervous system of the whole enterprise for her establishment. He braved the frown of an opposing church council, faced the perils of the sea, toiled long and wearily to gather money for a fair beginning and after overcoming these preliminary obstacles the greatest of them all yet lay before him, the subduing of the Ohio wilderness. He bought land, he quarried stone, he burned lime, he split wood, he handled the mason's trowel, he wielded the teacher's ferule; in fact, he took a personal part in every phase of the building of the college from the laying of the first prayer to the teaching of the first lesson. And so it appears even from such a cursory glance that his spirit not merely broods over Kenyon, but abides in every chink and crevice of her walls.

We cherish the memory of Bishop Chase and hold the results of his labors in a sort of sentimental veneration, but is it right that we should be content to see the shrine remain empty? Most assuredly it is the duty of every Kenyon man to throw himself heartily into any movement looking to the return of the mortal remains of our heroic founder. The undergraduates are not in a position to play an effective part in such a movement, at least in the starting of it, but among our Alumni there are many men of weight and influence in the outside world and to them we look for telling action. Let them bestir themselves, so that not many days hence, we on the Hill may be permitted to welcome with fitting tributes and in all peace and honor to lay within the bosom of the land for which he toiled so hard, the body of the first patriarch of Gambier.

THE BEDELL LECTURES.

The Bedell Lectures, which are delivered biennially in the College Chapel by some noted divine were given this year in connection with the Founders' Day and Matriculation exercises. The Rt. Rev. A.C. Hall, bishop of Vermont, was the lecturer. The first lecture was entitled, "Faith as it Effects Life," the second, "Life as it Effects Faith." Both discourses were admirably worked out. They were marked by their simplicity. A good example of their quality can be gleaned from the following single sentence, "What Christ was, God is; what Christ was, man ought to be." The lectures will be published in book form shortly.

Bishop Hall is one of the most eminent bishops of the Episcopal church. He was born in England in 1847; is a graduate of Christ's Church College, Oxford, and came to this country as a young man. He became widely known in Bos-
ton as a preacher of great intellectual power and spiritual force. He returned to England after some years, but 12 years ago was called back to this country as bishop of Vermont. He is the author of numerous books and is noted for his scholarship quite as much as for his eloquence as a preacher and lecturer.


**FOUNDER'S DAY—MATRICULATION.**

On Wednesday, November 1, Founders' Day was celebrated in the College Chapel. The usual procession of the clergy, professors and matriculates formed at Hubbard Hall and marched into the Chapel. Bishops Leonard, Vincent, Brooke and Hall took part in the services. The Founders' Memorial in a somewhat shortened form was read by Dr. Smythe.

The matriculation exercises followed. Dr. Peirce, in addressing the matriculates, impressed upon them the importance of the occasion which formally makes them students of the college. He urged obedience and loyalty—obedience as underclassmen, loyalty to the college as Alma Mater. He touching referred to the place left vacant by S. L. Pierson, who was to have matriculated with his class. Forty-nine men took the pledge with the full determination to assume its obligations.

The Bexley candidates were addressed by Dean Jones who spoke of the great preparation necessary for arriving at the true meaning of life. The men who matriculated into Bexley were A. P. Bissell, William Hammond, Maxwell, B. Long, '05, J. E. McGarvey, A. T. Reasoner, S. E. Thompson, '06, and F. R. Tschan, '05.

**BASE BALL.**

At a recent meeting of the members of last year's baseball team, Geo. C. Lee, '06, was re-elected as captain. The prospects for this year's team look good although several of the standby's will be missed. The incoming class has some very promising material.

Fred H. Hamm, '06, has been also re-elected to manage the team. Through Hamm's efforts last season was a pronounced financial success.

**ALUMNI NOTES.**

Mr. Cleve Benedict, '87, has recently been on the Hill attending to some college matters.

The Rev. George Davidson, '02, who is now located in Kansas will take up parish work in Ohio after January 1st.

The Rev. John Coolidge, '02, has a mission in Chillicothe, Ohio.

Tom Goddard, '04, is now located in New York City.

W. B. Quinn, '05, is studying law at the University of Cincinnati and is playing on the Varsity football team.

C. A. Weiant, '05, has a good position in Chicago.

J. W. Upson, '05, is with a gas company in Mansfield.

J. M. Smith, '05, is studying medicine at the Indiana Medical College at Indianapolis.

"Scullie" Larmon, '06, is working in a brokers' office in Cincinnati. He came up to Columbus to see the Kenyon-O. S. U. game. Abe Anderson, '07, came from Cleveland for the same purpose.

Arthur David, ex-'07, is city editor for a Findlay newspaper.

"Bush" Williams '07, is hunting big game in the North-west and is getting fat.

An interesting letter was received from Geo. T. Irvine, '98, who is teaching Mathematics and Science at the Kemper Military School, Boonville, Mo. He shows that he is "in intimate touch with Old Kenyon." He enclosed a clipping from a Cleveland paper which tells of the noble work that the Rev. G. Fred Williams, '95, is doing for the Church of the Ascension in Lake-wood.

Among the recent callers on the Hill are the following: Grove D. Curtis, '80, president of the Alumni Association; N. L. Pierson, '80; A. L. Herrlinger, '83; W. E. Grant, '86, Arthur Billman, '95; Clay Sanford, '95; Geo. Atwater, '96; the Rev. J. J. Dimon, '96; Edward Martio, '96; H. H. Kennedy, '96; Gustave Commins, '97; William Blake, '98; Constant Southworth, '98; Thomas Youtsey, '98; Rufus Southworth, '00.
Wm. Rattle, '01; R. C. Harper, '02; C. O. Johnson, '02; the Rev. L. E. Daniels, '02; the Rev. Chas. F. Walker, '04; the Rev. Francis McIlvaine, '04; J. H. Brown, '04; C. E. Crook, ex-'05; K. R. Ricketts, ex-'05; R. S. Japp, ex-'06; Fred Hall, ex-'06.

The payment of the debt on St. Peters' Church in Ashtabula has at last been accomplished. This parish was organized in 1816. The church was erected in 1828 and consecrated the next year by Bishop Chase.

Yes! That is what we want. When you see a Kenyon man who is now out in the world—or if you hear of one write to the Collegian about him. The Collegian is for Kenyon men and one of its functions is to tell part of them what the other part is doing.

BEXLEY NEWS.

Dr. Streibert has taken charge of the services at London, Ohio, during the coming winter.

Bishop Leonard is spending the week in Gambier delivering lectures to the Juniors on "The Acts" and to Seniors on "Pastoral Cares."

Mr. Elmer N. Owen has returned from a short visit in Covington, Ky. There are pleasant rumors afloat.

The Rev. Mr. Mapes, Bexley, '03, of Marion, Ohio, was a visitor on the Hill October 28th.

The Rhetorical Society met on Friday evening in regular session. The numbers were very well rendered and showed that the interest taken is effecting very good results. Those taking part were Messrs. Hammond, Kinkaid, Headington and Long.

Messrs. J. R. Stalker and Mr. R. A. Clayborne have been appointed delegates to the convention of the Church Students' Missionary Society which will be held in Cambridge, Mass., December 5th, 6th and 7th.

The Chapel is being re-papered and will be thoroughly renovated.

Bishop Hall of Vermont held silent hour for the Bexley men and postulants in college on the evening of November 3rd. He talked on the life of Christ and delivered a very able address. The same evening Bishop Brooke, of Oklahoma addressed the same audience on the condition and needs of the field of his diocese.

LOCAL HAPPIENINGS.

Dr. Streibert of Bexley Hall gave a very practical sermon on prayer in the college chapel on Sunday, Oct. 29. Bishop Brooke, of Oklahoma, preached on the following Sunday morning.

It is remarkable the number of things that are being lost around the college. There is hardly a day passes that a "lost" notice does not appear on the bulletin.

It was gratifying to see the large number of students go to Columbus to witness the Ohio State—Kenyon game.

A large bonfire was built in celebration of the victory over Marietta. Dad Gregory made his characteristic speech as did other members of the team.

On November 3rd an excellent recital was given at Harcourt Place by Mrs. May Beesley Adam, soprano and Miss Helen Young, pianist.

Bishop Hall and Dr. Peirce have been appointed a committee to have charge of the publication of the Bedell Lectures. These will be published by Longmans.

The work of tearing out the interior of the West Wing is progressing very rapidly. All the partition walls and floors are out and the two chimneys are about half removed. The new brick for the partition walls are also being hauled so that the construction of these can be begun as soon as all the old work is out.

The second entertainment in the series offered by the Epworth League of the Methodist Church was held in Philomathesian Hall on Friday evening. It was an impersonation of David Harum by Professor Deming, the head of the department of Elocution at Ohio Northern University. Several of the students enjoyed the entertainment which was of a very high order.

The new pump is doing all that was hoped for it. It has a capacity of two hundred gallons per minute and should preclude any recurrence of the recent water famine.

An enthusiastic mass meeting was held before the game with O. S. U. Speeches were made by the coach and a number of the students.

G. A. Wieland, '07, will manage the track team this season.
LIBRARY NOTES.

An enlarged picture of the Class of '80, containing the individual pictures of the men as they now are, two group pictures of the men while in college and several of the college buildings and scenes, has been given to the college by the class. It will soon adorn the library walls.

The November number of the Review of Reviews gives a beautiful and pathetic article on "Ireland As It is Today." Here is a paragraph which gives a hint of the change which has taken place within recent years.

"Owing to lack of labor, the former extensive cultivation of the soil of Ireland has ceased. Tillage has been superseded by pasturage. Thousands of acres that in former years were teeming with laborers, planting and working potatoes and turnips and harvesting wheat and oats are now turned out in grass, and the song of the laborers and the whetting of scythes have been hushed, and in their place can be heard the lowing of cattle and the tinkling of sheep-bells."

The stone which may be seen standing at the entrance of the Library is a specimen of a petrified fern tree. This is a very handsome specimen of the Carboniferous Measure and proves to be a valuable addition to the museum. It was sent to Dr. Walton by Mr. Crosser, '04.

THE COLLEGE WORLD.

Efforts are being made to introduce the Honor System into Colgate University at Hamilton, N. Y.

The students of Saint John's school at Manlius, New York, have adopted resolutions to discontinue interscholastic football by confining the game to contests among themselves. These resolutions state that professionalism and false scholarships are largely responsible for the unnecessary roughness, sluging and demoralizing influences of the game.

New York University has added a Department of Insurance to its school of Commerce. Perhaps education along insurance lines will do away with such scandal as is prevalent at this time.

Union Theological Seminary of New York has received during the past year nearly a million and a-half dollars. The trustees expect to move the site up town in the vicinity of Columbia University.

Ground has been broken at Lehigh for the new Round Memorial Hall which is to be erected to the memory of the late Thomas S. Dound, one time president of the university.

Mark Hopkins, fourth president of Williams College, received the second highest number of votes among educators in the last election for positions in the Hall of Fame of New York University.

The Ohio Academy of Science meets in Cincinnati Nov. 30 for a three days session. Dr. L. B. Walton, of Kenyon, is secretary of this organization.

The football team at the Wesleyan University of West Virginia has been disbanded because President Weir insists on the enforcement of the rule that all football players bring written permission to play from their parents.

Much agitation is being made by prominent men of Buffalo, to found a collegiate department of the University. The proposition is receiving popular support and no doubt will soon be accomplished. The University of Buffalo now includes Schools of Law, Medicine, Pharmacy, and Dentistry.

President Eliot has announced his intention to sit near the side-line as a critic of the play at the coming Yale-Harvard game. Any evidence of unnecessary roughness or brutality will induce him to recommend to the corporation that Harvard cease playing inter-collegiate foot-ball.

The idea of hard systematic training has even invaded the realm of debate. At Ohio State one member of the faculty devotes his time to the training of its debaters. At Wooster and Oberlin preliminary contests are repeatedly held. Report has it that at the University of Nebraska a squad of fifteen men are kept in mental and physical training for two months, preliminary to selecting two teams of three men each for the inter-collegiate debates.

Dr. George Bruce Halsted is slated to address the Philosophical Society of Ohio State University on the topic, "Contributions of the Non-Euclidean Geometry to Philosophy."

The pension fund of Cornell was established by a gift of $150,000 made two years ago by a friend of the university, whose name is withheld. The system which he established represents a compulsory contribution made on the part of a professor in order to constitute a retiring fund.