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By LYNN TRAVES

After hearing the opinions of the Peace Coalition, the Kenyon Board of Trustees voted not to take steps toward divestiture of holdings in corporations with interests in South Africa, but rather to reaffirm a statement first issued in February, 1978, which says that the school will end all dealings knows through the use of affirmative proxy votes. This decision, as well as the decision to open debate with the student body, was finalized after a long discussion at the board meeting held Saturday.

Prior to Saturday's meeting.

The Kenyon Collegian

Established 1856

Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio 43022

Thursday, October 20, 1980

The Ninth Annual Gambier Folk Festival Opens Friday with Music and Workshops

By ANNE NOONAN

Come to the Gambier Folk Festival this Friday, the ninth annual Gambier Folk Festival, sponsored by the Gambier Folklore Society and held to entertain and educate the general public on the traditions of folk art. What is folk art? For that matter, what is the Gambier Folklore Society? The Gambier Folklore Society is an organization of about eighteen core members composed of Kenyon students, faculty and members of the surrounding community — all occasions to keeping the traditional folk arts alive and well.

Although the Folk Festival is their main event of the year, the Society also organizes square dances, lectures, and times for sitting together to exchange songs. Professor Howard Sacks, advisor to the Society explains that it is their way of fostering an appreciation of traditional American arts, music, dance, and history. There are many organizations across the country like the Folklore Society, interested in supporting the traditional arts. They believe that the arts foster a sense of community and provide an alternative way of life to our "mass-market"

The Cornshakers will open the Folk Festival tomorrow.

continued on page five

By SALLY McGILL

In a recent New York Times article, Edward Fiske reported that the presidential campaign is having a "largely negative impact" on college campuses in the United States. He attributed this to feelings of disillusionment and apathy among students. Of the presidential candidates, Fiske found that John Anderson was the least effective. He described Anderson as the "least of the evils," rather than being clearly opposed to the ERA, with 552 votes for, 154 votes against, and 174 undecided. Reagan voters were the only ones who opposed ratification, but there was only a difference of five between those against and those in favor of it.

The results of the foreign policy and defense questions were less clear. More people were undecided about the construction of the MX missile. Anderson voters were the only ones who opposed construction of the MX missile, and only about 194 Anderson voters were against it. Reagan voters were the most in favor of the MX missile, but it was opposed by 143 Anderson voters. Carter voters were the least enthusiastic about the MX missile, and only about 131 voters supported it.

By ANNA GRIMES

The results of the mock election run by the Collegian last weekend brought some surprising results. Roughly sixty percent of the student body voted, compared to 313 of the 787 votes cast. Carter won with 252, Reagan with 200, and 94 votes went for other candidates. Some of the "others" were People's Party candidate Barry Commoner and Libertarian party candidate Ed Anderson.

The results of the poll and candidates. For instance, the students who support anyone other than Anderson, Carter, or Reagan, were given the opportunity to choose "the lesser of two evils," rather than being clearly opposed to the ERA, with 552 votes for, 154 votes against, and 174 undecided. Reagan voters were the only ones who opposed ratification, but there was only a difference of five between those against and those in favor of it.

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The majority of students register to vote: candidates evoke little enthusiasm.
A New Political Sensibility

A recent random sample survey by the Collegian of 11% of the student body has shown that 83% of that group have registered to vote in Tuesday's Presidential election. Kenyon thus far above the statewide collegiate average of only 13% as of mid-September. If these statistics hold true for the student body as a whole, this indicates an enthusiasm and concern for political matters.

Students also by large and small supported the views of the candidates in the mock election held over the weekend. This was most clearly demonstrated by those students who voted for Governor Reagan. They agreed with his views, including the abandonment of the MX missile project, an increased defense budget, and the ratification of the SALT II treaty and the Equal Rights Amendment.

Supporters of President Carter and Representative Anderson were also committed to the policies of the candidates. In both cases, students agreed with at least two of the four stances taken by their candidate. However, a dissentent with the two major parties is rife. Nearly half of the students voted for neither Carter nor Reagan. That such a large number did not vote for one of the candidates most likely to be in the White House in January is revealing.

Further, a great many students said they were undecided on the four issues addressed in the survey. This indecision may be due to an apathy toward the candidates. That so many students did not vote for one of the two major party nominees, or have opinions on the central issues of the campaign, shows a basic disinterest with the candidates, a sentiment reflected in the rest of the nation.

We urge those students who strongly support either Mr. Carter or Mr. Reagan to vote for them in the upcoming election. One of these two shall be our next President. The two-party system has formed the structure of elections for decades. It will also show the two parties that it is not the issue and should not be the deciding factor in your vote. A vote for an independent candidate has symbolic value. It shows a dissatisfaction with the Democratic and Republican parties and their candidates. It will also show the two parties that if they do not represent the majority of the nation, then they must take this dissatisfaction into account, address its causes, and thereby align themselves more closely with the new, if as yet undefined, American political sensibility.

Proxies Vs. Divestment

At our Saturday meeting, Kenyon's Board of Trustees voted to reaffirm the Finance Committee's investment policy developed at their February 1978 meeting. The policy indicates that the investment is the primary concern of the Board. Consequently, no blackout of corporations which do business with or in South Africa will be written into the corporation's by-laws. It does go on to state that corporations concerning human rights can be addressed by the Board by the use of proxy votes. There are the essential points in the Board's resolution.

We are sure that the Trustees did what they thought was best for Kenyon. However, in order to understand why so many students and investment managers should be instructed to divest from those corporations which do not actively seek to correct the apartheid policy of the South African government. Willingness by investing in firms which do not strive to right social injustice, we are at least indirectly supporting such injustice:

The Trustees are to be praised, however, for the time they spent discussing these matters with members of the Kenyon Peace Coalition Thursday and Friday, and in their meeting on Saturday. We hope that they will continue to talk about this matter among themselves and with the student body. The Peace Coalition, too, is to be praised for initiating this recent discussion. In order to understand why so many students and managers feel this way, we suggest that they fully and accurately represent the opinions of both students and alumni in future petitions.

On South Africa

To the Editor,

Imagine yourself on the other side. You are a young farmer in Namibia, Botswana, South Africa, or Rhodesia. Your family is largely stanch and is slightly during the end of the dry season. In your village, up to half the babies are buried before age five. You bear of a job as an American corporate plant in the Waterwetlands. The working conditions are so good relative to your alternatives, you leave home for that job. After hundreds of miles, you arrive to be told that, at the behest of American students, the job is gone.

You ask, "Who are these students?" You are told all are rich with family incomes, incredibly, above $5,000 a year. Most, as old as 19 or 20, still live off their aging parents' incomes. Many complain about their food when choosing each right assistant to the food, or to the job offerings. They want more plants and more money. And more vacation days. And they celebrate when they can close a plant and deny you a job in Africa. You are investing in the future of the country, you return to your village, to the babies' funerals, and to the conditions you could have begun to change if you could have gained access to the in- come and to the one-on-one training the plant could have provided.

In 1978, black African held 30-40% of the 100,000 jobs with American companies in South Africa. Those jobs were among the best held by black Africans in South Africa. If they expand, by 1945 black Africans may hold 75% of a larger number of jobs with those of them that now have them.

Rural people need not just income. They need to learn the skills of modern technology. These skills can be taken lightly by Kenyon students who already half know them or who can hire working people to provide them. Subsistence farmers lack those skills, but can acquire them if they can get jobs working with capital. Governor Rhodes and Governor Carey are already to get plants built in New York, New Jersey, or the South. Black people in South Africa or Texas. Probably, Carey and Rhodes are right. More plants and more jobs make their citizens better off.

We commend Kenyon students might follow the Rhodes-Carey logic. When any American company is undecided between locating a plant in South Africa or elsewhere, picket, write, and argue for the African location with the Sullivan Code in effect. Help Africans obtain the jobs, the skills, the experience, and the leverage that will lift them out of subsistence agriculture and out of the bonds of apartheid.

You can proclaim your own principles and moral superiority when cutting off black jobs to spite white faces at no cost to yourselves — you may even get a job in the plant kept here. The costs will fall on people much poorer than you but, instead of trying to hurt them, consider helping them.

Alan S. Batchelder
Professor of Economics

Alcohol Still A Problem

To the Editor,

Recently a friend of mine was brutally assaulted by a group of non-Kenyon students colloquially known as "townies." When my friend realized the consequences he indicated these hooligans were under the influence of alcohol when this heinous attack occurred; also another instance of the flagrant abuse of alcohol with the threat of job loss due to the "state of Gambier, Apparently Mayor Brand's zealous crackdown on open alcoholic beverages had little effect upon these criminals. Perhaps some reconsideration is in order in light of evidence that this ordinance is an ineffective deterrent to acts of public outrage. After all, parents don't pay $7,000 to have their children beaten on, either. To paraphrase, alcohol doesn't beat on people, people beat on people.

With all due sincerity,

Steven L. Horn

P.S. Where is the "Alcohol Task Force" when you need them?

A Vote For Anderson

To the Editor,

I am writing to you in response to many statements I have heard on campus and have read in the paper. These statements concern a vote for John B. Anderson. Many people feel that to vote for Mr. Anderson would be "wasting" a vote. I will, herein, try to dispel this myth.

Our political system is set up to give people a choice. Our forefathers did not believe in the two party system. When one considers the state of our government today and the choices we have for the office of the President, one can understand why. We have fallen into a two party rut, yet every so often someone such as Mr. Anderson or Teddy Roosevelt. The Bull Moose Party feels that something is inherently wrong with the two conventional choices.

An historical look at third party candidates shows that not one of them has ever won. However, those who have won are a larger percentage of the vote than the votes the third party gained, since they lack in appeal to the voters. So what do they do? They immediately absorb into their platform the major points and ideals of the third party.

For this reason, for none of other, people should vote for Jobs Anderson. Perhaps he won't win, but if his campaign brings in the votes of some of the voters, many of his policies will be adopted and things will change somewhat for the better. Personally, I think Mr. Anderson could win if everybody who is secretly for him, but is afraid of wasting a vote, would realize that it is not a wasted vote.

Respectfully,

G. Taylor Johnson

Vandalism On Campus

To the Editor,

My purpose in writing is to address the serious problem of vandalism on this campus. As House Manager of Mather, I have received in the last two months, bills for destruction totalling over $105. Although not personally liable for the repairs, I am willing to take a stand against this sort of vandalism. I strongly believe that the Kenyon community must stand against this kind of behavior, and let those who do it know that they will pay for our vandalism.

Respectfully submitted,

Leslie Dotsen
In recent months, Western Europe has been shaken by a series of right-wing terrorist activities. Bomb attacks in Italy, Germany and France have claimed nearly 100 lives since the summer. The anti-Semitic element in the most recent incident on the Rue Copernicus illustrates the Fascist character of these extremists.

Tensions are high in France as a number of reports relate the desecration of synagogues and the vandalism of Jewish-owned stores. We must not ignore any surge in Fascist ideology, though the terrorists be few in number and their activities presently unpopular. We need not refer to history books to recall the consequences of Fascism in Europe. This is a pivotal time in European politics. We must watch this situation carefully and use all our powers of persuasion to make sure that history does not repeat itself.

The Jews in France are worried, for a 1976 Pulitzer Prize-winning photograph of a black demonstrator,夜行, assassinates an American flag on City Hall Plaza, and where a Federal Court has continued to oversee direct to-day day-to-day operation of the city's public schools to this date, and this Boston has not gone away. (Howard Huscock; Boston: The Problem that Won't Go Away, N.Y. Times, Nov. 27, 1979.)

Two weeks ago social tension in Boston won a spot on the front page of the New York Times. Clearly the Boston Huscock spoke of in 1979 is still here in 1980. And yet when Kenyon students think of Boston, most likely they envision the Union, or Shopping at Quincy Market, or even the thousands of mothers who anxiously wait for children to come home from school in peace.

The racial problem in Boston is unique, for it is not only a racial geography and history make it so. It is the fact that Boston is a leading industrial city, and everywhere else, the racial problem in Boston is a class problem.

A city of only forty-six square miles, Bostonproper supports almost no middle class. The city itself accounts for less than twenty-five percent of the whole metropolitan population. The inhabitants are predominantly blue collar, Irish and Italian policemen, foremen and utility company workers. Or, as is natural in a city of burgeoning bureaucracy, they may be low level government employees.

Police data show that Boston blacks are four or more often the victims of racial violence than whites. Although only one-fifth of the total population, they produce an all-embracing threat, spewing its political and social poison upon the eager ears of a distressed population. A Fascist regime is not imminent in Western Europe nor is it an inevitable consequence of economic stress. Historically, European Fascism has risen through democratic channels, and thus far, right-wing activities have been roundly denounced by much of the populace. But in a country like France, this can rupture at any time. In any event, county elections in France have charted the emergence of Fascist movement. Socialism has lost a good deal of its influence due to its inability to cope with complicated economic problems. The OPEC nations are continually expelling the economic vigor of Western Europe as they increase their dependence upon imported oil. As the standard of living declines due to the world-wide energy crisis, one can confidently predict a rising clamor of Fascist propaganda spewing its political and social poison upon the eager ears of a population in distress.

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This Week's Projections

Kelly's Heroes
Directed by Briankom. With Clint Eastwood, Telly Savalas, Donald Sutherland, Carroll O'Connor, Don Rickles. 1970, 104 min., b/w. Fri., Oct. 31, 7:30 p.m. Bio. Sadd. Sat., Nov. 1, 11, 11:30 p.m. Bio. Sadd. Sun., Nov. 2, 1, 10:30 p.m. Rosse. Par."Although this film does not show some of the incongruous subplots that Brooks developed for his later films, the screenplay and production are definitely some of his best. He allows the movie to be outrageous, yet it is never too ridiculous. Wilder and Mostel provide a complement one another, and the film is considered one of a best comedies of our time."

The Arny
This is the Arny with Ronald Reagan, George Murphy, Joan Leslie, Alan Hale, Kate Smith, and the entire cast of the Army Forces. 81 minutes, Color, Tues., Nov. 4, 10:00 p.m. Rosse.

The big musical of 1943 which won an Academy Award for Best Music, Warner Brothers lavished much money and talent on this tributary of the Berlin itself. Kate Smith performs her awesome version of "God Bless America" and literally hundreds of soldiers cram the stageful for this gigantic benefit. Many of the numbers have the male stars performing in drag. This picture has never been shown on television and after studying the film for about a week, the Army requested that it be withdrawn. A must see film! Accompanying this film will be the celebrated short that is illustrated.

The Haunted Strangler

This M-G-M release revolves around a series of murders produced by the evil of his past and repeating in his present. Fortunately, Boris Karloff investigates an old murder case and finds that he himself is the murderer. His base instincts reappear and he commits further murders, culminating in his own in the end. This film, probably one of the best bad movies of our time. In America . . .

The Producers
The Producers. Written and directed by Mel Brooks. With Zero Mostel, Gene Wilder, Kenneth Mars. 88 minutes, Color. Wed., Nov. 5, 10:30 p.m. Rosse.

The Producers is Mel Brooks' first film, it may be his best. The plot moves along smoothly, and the comedy is top-grade. One of the screenplays most hilarious.

Hitler's Brain
Who Stole Hitler's Brain? This is Hitler's Brain. With Walter Stocker, Audrey Cairie. 1964, Fri., Oct. 31, 10 p.m. Rosse.

A horror film to end horror films, Who Stole Hitler's Brain? is generally regarded as one of the worst films ever made, mostly because of the amateurish misfire of its plot. Simply put, which is the only way it can be put, the Nazis somehow manage to give eternal life to the brain of their master during the last desperate hours of the Big One. These fanatic survivors attempt to rise again by kidnapping an American scientist as part of their design to conquer the world and fulfill Adolf's dreams.

The insanity of the story line should be incredible enough to view this classic, but if you need more what about the two leads? When was the last time you saw Walter Stocker, and Audrey Cairie together? Don't pass up this opportunity to see probably one of the best bad movies of our time. In America . . .

For overnight visits by Parents and Friends Call the
CURTIS MOTEL HOTEL
397-4334
on the public square in Mount Vernon
Folk Festival Opens Tomorrow

continued from page one

society. Tradition must be kept alive to record a society's history. Robert Cantwell, a folklorist and former professor of English at Kenyon, described the situation of lost traditions with an anecdote. He told of an old woman who was a fantastic storyteller. The stories she told had been handed down to her from her grandmother and she in turn handed them down to her grandchildren so that someday they too could carry on the tradition. Then one day the woman bought a television. When her grandchildren came to visit they no longer wanted to listen to the woman's stories, but only wanted to watch the television. The stories she had been handed down to her from her grandmother were lost.

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Aristotle and Socrates developed into a more serious debate on how they could best preserve their own lives. Aristotle and Socrates developed into a more serious debate on how they could best preserve their own lives.

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Kenyon's soccer team concluded its season on Tuesday on a positive note. In an all-around well-played game the Lords defeated Heidelberg College, 2-1. On a soggy field and in front of a sparse fan turnout, the Lords really looked like they had come of age. Again, teamwork and ball control were the keys to the team's success. It is unfortunate that the Lords could not attain this elusive winning edge until the season's final game, but it is impossible to harp on what of Lord fans and players alike can expect in the seasons to come.

When I wrote the first article about the Lord's prospects this season I shagged a ball in the outfield and still did. It takes a few seasons to turn a program from a struggling squad to a nationally respected team. It was never more apparent that Kenyon soccer could reach these heights than this year. The attitude of conscientious dedication and the cleaner, more "State-of-the-art" soccer that prevailed this year are the bearing witness to the fact that surely a team that rebuilt the program at Kenyon.

The outcome of Tuesday's game against Heidelberg is clearly in

By DON SCHUE

The Kenyon Water Polo club essentially got its answer to the Kenyon Swim team's desire for a light hearted warm-up prior to a grueling event. So much was the seemingly endless yardage in Shaffer Pool.

For the first few years of the
disciple of the kind of development and rebuilding that Kenyon soccer will thrive on next year. Both goals were scored by freshmen. This youth movement attributed to much of Kenyon's success this season. That trick now is to improve and to show new recruits what Kenyon soccer is all about. Scott Lent scored the first goal and Steve Bartrell arrested his own goal of the year. The strong play of freshman stalwart Phil Trimble gives the Lords talent in the defense department. Rick Vemone, Peter Fischil, Paul Tobin, and Rich Marlow are other freshman who gained valuable varsity playing time this season. Next years fine will be bolstered by the return of salutary Chris Morley, who will be joined by his red-hot backfield scoring threat Leon Bernst. A solid JV squad should offer these returners good competition.

Yet graduation losses will take their toll. Missing will be Gerry Stone, an All-Midwest candidat., Frank Sparsh, a fine goalie, Tom Eitken, whose astoundingly play this year easily makes him the most improved player on the team. Doug Page, whose consistent play at midfield made him the base of the defense, Rick Vemone, Peter Fischil, Paul Tobin, and Rich Marlow are other freshman who gained valuable varsity playing time this season. Next years fine will be bolstered by the return of salutary Chris Morley, who will be joined by his red-hot backfield scoring threat Leon Bernst. A solid JV squad should offer these returners good competition.

Volleyball Nets Winning Streak

By MARTHA LORENZ

With five wins in its last six matches, Kenyon's streaking volleyball squad has even its own record回到10.10. The Ladies' goal of a winning season now looks like a reality. The squad has eight contests remaining before the Satellite tournament.

In a tri-match last Wednesday, Kenyon blasted Cedarville 15-11, 15- 6, a victory that was especially sweet for head coach Sandy Martin, who engineered the win over her alma mater and her former coach. Cedarville, victories over the Ladies last season, lost its best two stickers to graduation and could not keep up with Kenyon. The squad also registered an exciting 17-15, 16-14 win over Oberlin College in a match that could have gone either way.

"...we played very well against Oberlin and Cedarville," commented Martin. "we didn't let up, and our offense came right at Oberlin when it had to. Against Cedarville, we played competitively, got ahead, and didn't give them a chance to catch up."

The Ladies beat Baldwin-Wallace, 15-13, 15-12, 1-15, 15-13 decision over Oberlin, "who really played too well," noted Martin. Ahead 13-2, the squad slowed down a bit and allowed Newark to come back and eventually tie the score at 13-13. Kenyon regrouped, however, to notch the deciding two points in a game some coach of the year.

Two days later the Ladies defeated Miami University of Ohio and OWU but lost to Wittenberg in a quad meet. In its 15-11, 13-15, 15-7 win over Nazarene, Kenyon controlled the flow of the match and was able to determine the outcome. Against OHU, however, things were quite different. A winning first game by a narrow 12-13 margin, Kenyon lost a back-and-forth battle, 14-16. Winning in the decisive third game, the Ladies let OWU come up and had to scramble to pull out their third win. 15-13. The Ladies will be division leaders for the remainder of the season. The team's success this year is the result of offensive and defensive efforts, and the team is the result of the coaches' credit for the season.

Senior swing (and now water polo team's) cents were not touting for a number one answer to the Kenyon Swim team's desire for a light hearted warm-up prior to a grueling event. So much was the seemingly endless yardage in Shaffer Pool.

For the first few years of the

namen three weeks ago, it was all Kenyon. Whereas in past years the Lords had approached a game with Cleveland State as a "learning experience"; this time it was the Lords, led by the superb holeman offense of Greg Parini that doled out what had been for the Lords yet another disappointing loss. Of Kenyon's four goals, three were scored by the holeman offense of Greg Parini that doled out what had been for the Lords yet another disappointing loss. Of Kenyon's four goals, three were scored by the remarkable play of Pat McHugh. McHugh was satisfied with his team's efforts, noting that "the boys did the best they could."

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Senior swing (and now water polo team's) cents were not touting for a number one answer to the Kenyon Swim team's desire for a light hearted warm-up prior to a grueling event. So much was the seemingly endless yardage in Shaffer Pool.

For the first few years of the

nament three weeks ago, it was all Kenyon. Whereas in past years the Lords had approached a game with Cleveland State as a "learning experience"; this time it was the Lords, led by the superb holeman offense of Greg Parini that doled out what had been for the Lords yet another disappointing loss. Of Kenyon's four goals, three were scored by the holeman offense of Greg Parini that doled out what had been for the Lords yet another disappointing loss. Of Kenyon's four goals, three were scored by the remarkable play of Pat McHugh. McHugh was satisfied with his team's efforts, noting that "the boys did the best they could."

"...we played very well against Oberlin and Cedarville," commented Martin. "we didn't let up, and our offense came right at Oberlin when it had to. Against Cedarville, we played competitively, got ahead, and didn't give them a chance to catch up."

The Ladies beat Baldwin-Wallace, 15-13, 15-12, 1-15, 15-13 decision over Oberlin, "who really played too well," noted Martin. Ahead 13-2, the squad slowed down a bit and allowed Newark to come back and eventually tie the score at 13-13. Kenyon regrouped, however, to notch the deciding two points in a game some coach of the year.

Two days later the Ladies defeated Miami University of Ohio and OWU but lost to Wittenberg in a quad meet. In its 15-11, 13-15, 15-7 win over Nazarene, Kenyon controlled the flow of the match and was able to determine the outcome. Against OHU, however, things were quite different. A winning first game by a narrow 12-13 margin, Kenyon lost a back-and-forth battle, 14-16. Winning in the decisive third game, the Ladies let OWU come up and had to scramble to pull out their third win. 15-13. The Ladies will be division leaders for the remainder of the season. The team's success this year is the result of offensive and defensive efforts, and the team is the result of the coaches' credit for the season.
The Tale of a Ruffians’ Game

By LANCE GERSTENFELD

In its second year, the Kenyon Rugby Club has attracted new players and a new spirit. Although the team has had problems finding fields on which to practice as well as other assorted obstacles, the Kenyon Rugby team has fared considerably well. Admittedly, the team is still “young”; however, never having held a rugby ball before, returning players from last season have helped guide the team through the beginning stages.

The team is constantly on the lookout for new talent and welcomes any interested individuals, for it takes a certain lot of individuals, for it takes a certain lot of time to mold a team of ruffians played by gentlemen.7

Cross Country 2nd of eight in Conference Warmup At Denison

From STAFF REPORTS

Last Saturday the men’s cross country team went on a long way in establishing themselves as a power in the OAC conference for the 1980 season. Competing in a small in-vitational of eight conference schools held at the college, the men’s team took second with 55 points, losing only to a strong Otterbein team (34 points) and beating their season nemesis Wooster by a resounding 33 points.

The course itself was run on a mixture of fields, trails, and gravel paths, on fairly rolling hills, which although challenging, turned out to be ideal for fast times. In addition to this was the cold weather with temperatures dipping below freezing, although not debilitating wind. Under these conditions the team put together their best performances so far this season and emerged quite satisfied with the result. The most important aspect of the race, held at an Owensi-Corning Factory complex near Granville, was that the scoring five runners from Kenyon all raced very well, so well in fact, that the average time for the top five over a five mile course was cut by 40 seconds. In addition several runners raced to personal bests for the season, including four of the top five.

Senior Rob Standard took a close second to Dave Burns of Otterbein, after running with Burns and his teammate Jim Kroeze for almost the entire race. Following the Otterbein runners’ surges at every step, Standard did not let up until the final 100 yard sprint, when Burns’ speed overcame him. Standard’s time of 25:53 was his first official time under 26 minutes, and marked a school record.

In 8th and 9th for Kenyon were sophomores Andrew Huggins and Mike Helme. Huggins and Helme ran together for the first two miles of the race until a rapidly advancing pack of runners separated them, but the 8 second gap at the end (Huggins’ 26:21 to Helme’s 26:29) was minimal. Junior Jeff Cohn was close behind in 26:58, finishing in 4th place, which marked the first time ever that the Lords have put four men under 27 minutes in one race. Rounding out the scoring five was junior Ed Corcoran who recorded a season best time of 27:21. The average time for the five runners was 26:38.

Other outstanding races of the day included Marty Goldman’s 28:34 and Mike Glasser’s 28:51 which were good for 43rd and 49th places respectively, and made them 6th and 7th varsity finishers. Perhaps the most jubilant runner of the day was senior Fritz Goodman who recorded a personal record of 29:23, finishing in 55th place.

The real significance of this meet was its status as a warmup to the conference meet this Saturday. Of the 5 other with many of the other OAC schools that were not at the meet, only two, Baldwin-Wallace, and Ohio Wesleyan, will be in from Saturday and OWU, in one coach’s opinion, “is not unbeatable for 3rd place.” Wooster will still be a challenge, but by beating them decisively Kenyon now has the Snap in a psychologically tough position going into Saturday’s race. And for Coach Nick Houston that’s just the way he wants it.

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The CATHOLIC WORKER

The CATHOLIC WORKER

In Europe, has gained notoriety in the States. Though young, the Kenyon Rugby team has performed well against experienced teams such as Wooster and Denison. Always on the lookout for improvement with an eye towards the spring season, the team
Faulty Reporting Charged By Council

Student Council criticized, last Sunday, the accuracy of the Column's reporting. A motion calling upon Media Board to help the student papers properly was proposed by Trustee Keith Krauz. The motion was passed by Council.

The motion called attention to several recent errors in stories about Student Council and last week's story about South Africa. Krauz stated that the Column's information officer revealed several inaccuracies in last week's article, "Clarke's Liberals". The errors were: "It is clear that the Column's information officer revealed several inaccuracies in last week's article, 'Clarke's Liberals'".

The motion was: "That the Media Board call upon the Student Council and last week's story about South Africa. Krauz stated that the Column's information officer revealed several inaccuracies in last week's article, "Clarke's Liberals". The errors were:".

BOSTON'S RACIAL PROBLEMS STEM FROM FALSELY LIBERAL SUBURBAN POPULATION

continued from page one

Boston's Racial Problems Stem From False Liberal Suburban Population

continued from page one

nationally aware coupled with suburban liberal prejudice makes positive steps politically mandatory. Official statements, however, are at immediate issue, for they collectivize the potential of all those suburbanites who 'cross the river' when the clock strikes five p.m.

Trustees Deny Divestment Proposal

A sign that the Coalition had made "good progress" in their dealings with the Trustees, and that this was a "step forward" in achieving their goals. At Saturday's meeting of the Board, after what was termed "lengthy discussion" by Mr. Bill Ramsay, a Trustee, the Board voted to reaffirm a statement first made by the Finance Committee in February, 1978. Several points were outlined in this statement. First, it says that funds should be invested in such a way as to keep the greatest possible return, that professional investment managers should be employed to do this, and that a blacklist of companies in which Kenyon will not invest should not be developed. Next, it says that steps should be taken to prevent or redress abuses of human rights, and that the most desirable way to do this is through the use of proxy votes. Finally, it states its investment policy; that the College receives proxies for all companies in which it holds stock; that in matters of social concern it shall vote in agreement with the corporation's management that when a vote concerns a social matter, the President, who will consult with the Vice President for Finance, will vote, in a matter of a positive nature, in agreement with the College's standards and attitudes; and that if the President wishes to propose a shareholder resolution he must first present this suggestion to either the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees or to the Board itself.

Mr. Ramsey pointed out that the Trustees are by the very nature of their job bound to the responsibility of providing the best returns for the College. He, along with fellow trustee Randolph Bucy and President Jordan, stressed that the matter is still very much open for discussion with the student body. All three also expressed the feeling that it was a matter of great concern among the Trustees. Mr. Bucy stated, "this matter was too trea- tly by any means."

President Jordan said the newly reaffirmed policy will serve a "monitoring function," that of ascertaining three issues of social concern of the College and using the proxy vote accordingly. He added that no such issue has been before the board since the initial adoption of the policy.

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