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PROYECTO VALLE DE CACAULAPA
CATALOG FORM

DATE: 29 July 2001

LOT NUMBER: 2B 1002

SUBSTANCE: Ceramic

OBJECT: Scored censer lid

CATALOG #: 2B 1002 -1

MULTIPLES? No

DRAWN BY:

CATALOGED BY: y

PASTE GROUP:

Mame Redondo
Group

CENSER RIM FORM CODE:

EXCAVATOR:

HGT/LENGTH: 3-4 cm

WIDTH: 2.6 cm

THICKNESS: 0.8 cm

DIAMETER: -

VERBAL DESCRIPTION:

Scored censer lid rim - (body) fragment.

The unscored side is smooth - striated - rough - lumpy - (other) (describe). (Buzmiskal)

The unscored side (is) - is not burnt or grey. Where? overall

The scored side is smooth - striated - (rough) - lumpy. The scored side is (is not) burnt or grey. Where?

The scoring is at most 2 mm cm deep by 2 mm cm wide. The lines are U-shaped - (V-shaped).

The shapes made by the lines are mostly: squares - rectangles - (slanted rectangles) - diamonds - irregular - can't tell.

The lines do - do not extend to the lip. The lip is - is not smoothed..

There is - (is not) a handle attached. Handle length: width: thickness:

There is - (is not) a scar from a handle.

Paint yes - (no). If yes, describe.

Slip yes - (no). If yes, describe.

Firing core (is absent) - central - interiorly shifted - present only in thick areas

The piece is not eroded / is: (slightly) - moderately - very - extremely - eroded.

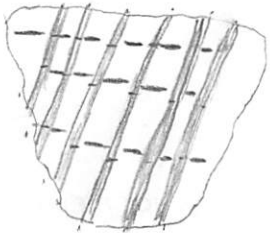
Not drawn - (Drawn); where?. Back

Decoration other than slip or paint: yes - no. If yes, describe:)

Looks like the incised horizontal lines were cut once and partially obscured by the slanted vertical lines (see back)

PROCEEDINGS OF THE
CONFERENCE

The first part of the conference was devoted to the study of the
history of the region. The speakers discussed the various theories
concerning the origin of the people who lived in the area.
It was generally agreed that the earliest inhabitants were
the Indians, who were followed by the Spaniards. The English
settled in the region in the 17th century, and the French
in the 18th century. The American Revolution brought
the British to power, and they remained in the region
until the late 18th century. The French then took control
of the region, and they remained in power until the
early 19th century. The Americans then took control
of the region, and they remained in power until the
present day.



The second part of the conference was devoted to the study of the
present day. The speakers discussed the various problems
facing the region today. It was generally agreed that the
region is facing a number of serious challenges, including
poverty, unemployment, and environmental degradation.
The speakers also discussed the various solutions that
have been proposed to address these challenges. It was
generally agreed that a combination of government
action and private enterprise is needed to solve the
region's problems.