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The	Kenyon	Col	legian

12-1-1978

Kenyon Collegian - December 1, 1978

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Black admissions remain low

BY NANCY SILBERGELD Staff Writer

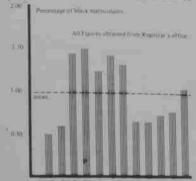
out of nearly 1500 students at union 15 are black. While race isn't phier people often talk about in ambier, the figures speak equently for themselves.

This is the first of a series of ar-

os examining the status and role of black student at Kenyon. It is an numpl to gain a better unstanding of that tiny corner of the udent body which remains as neatly del away among the Kenyon application as do the three shelves of he literature among the 250,000 chimes in Chalmers Library.

The statistics show that blacks the up only 1.03 percent of the ad student population at Kenyon. to the accompanying graph hows, the black population for over decade has remained fairly conunt, with a mean of 0.97 percent. Honever, "There has probably been a occasional black student at temon ever since its founding in 124," said Kenyon Registrar Majorie Woodward earlier this

"We're all well educated people in this office," said Assistant Director of Admissions Dwight Hatcher. "(Racism) doesn't happen here, we understand the inequities, but we don't maintain any biases and prejudices. Students decide where to



go to college. If black students choose to go to Kenyon - great; if not, what power do we have over

The reasons why blacks aren't

attracted to Kenyon is "a straightforward situation," Hatcher said "Firstly Kenyon is in a rural location; most well-qualified blacks come from urban environments and want to go to college in an urban place with (racial) diversity. A small black population is becoming characteristic of a number of small rural schools."

"Your get used to a certain kind of environment and you look for that in your college," said Director of Admissions John Kushan. "Knox County has a population of about 40,000 and there's probably no more than 40 black families in the whole county . . . this is typical of rural areas in the midwest," says Kushan.

Kushan estimated the following figures: 89 percent of black students going to college go to black colleges and/or urban colleges. Out of about 1500 students who applied to Kenyon for a place in the 1978-79 freshman class roughly 50 were black, of those 50 students 30 (60 percent) were accepted and 6 matriculated. "Almost all needed financial aid,"

Kenyon Class of 1982.

according to Kushan.

Collegian

A second explanation for the small black enrollment is "academic expectation" continues Kushan. Black students who fit the qualifications are among the most highly recruited blacks and can choose and pick from a number of other schools."

A third difficulty in attracting capable black students is that "Kenyon is going to be outbid every time (in offering financial aid),"

Hatcher said. "We run out of money long before we run out of qualified students."

Kushan pointed out that "at a place like Oberlin they have a \$60 million greater endowment than Kenyon and also a big black population in the town."

Kenyon accepts candidates and awards financial aid solely on the basis of academic qualifications and financial need - no quotas are filled. "How can you apply a double standard in the name of equality?"
Hatcher said. "Correct ends are not gotten to by corrupt or wrong means . . race, that's not an issue to me. I don't give a damn whether someone's black or white, it doesn't make any difference. What makes us homogeneous' is our academic

Continued on page four

Kenyon

Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio 43022

Friday, December 1, 1978

Colorful history marks change

The past in Peirce

By BETSY DAVEY Staff Writer

Valume CVI, Number 11

Most of the interesting facts that Kanon students tell prospective udents, incoming freshmen, and sah other about Peirce Hall are not rue. Contrary to popular belief, Perce Hall is not insulated with eathers, said Kenyon Archivist, Thomas B. Greenslade, but only "a pe of asbestos, which is a featheryke material." Also, the contention



Thomas B. Greenslade

that the building's designers installed the stained glass windows dedicated 10 American and English literature as a guide to becoming a well educated beson is false. Greenslade did say, however, "I've never heard this idea, but certainly if you read all those books you would be quite educated."

Despite the undermining of this folklore, Peirce Hall does have an interesting history and is listed "in the Kenyon College Historic Area, which is listed in the National Register of Historic Places," according to Greenslade. It is actually three buildings today: the Philander Chase Memorial Tower, Peirce Hall, and Dempsey Hall. Peirce Hall itself was named after William Foster Peirce, President of Kenyon for 41 years, from 1896-1937. His portrait hands above the fireplace today.

Designed in 1928, it opened in September of 1929, housing a new commons and social center, sorely needed by the college. Until the construction of Peirce, Kenyon students are in the present Dance Annex across from the Post Office. The facilities were cramped, inconvenient, and inefficient. Only those who were served first got a warm meal.

Funds for the new building totalling \$300,000 were primarily donated by Frank H. Ginn '90 and William Nelson Cromwell of New York. Cromwell, a prominent It includes a balcony designed as a lawyer, was the principle lawyer for musicians' platform and a dias for simply moved rather than destroyed. The job was done very very cleverly, simply moved rather than destroyed. lawyer, was the principle lawyer for the negotiations of the Panama Canal.

Architecturally, Peirce is a conscious imitation of the dining halls at Oxford and Cambridge universities.



Could this be the site of the new fieldhouse?

A progress report on the project for construction and improvement of Kenyon's recreation/athletic facilities will be held on Friday, December 1 at 4:00 p.m. in the Biology Auditorium. All members of the College community are invited to attend and participate in the question and answer period.

the faculty, although this platform is located at the side of the Hall in the bay window rather than at the head of the room. Faculty did eat on the dias in the early days of Peirce. "They were trying to establish a tradition then," said Greenslade.

Several other traditions existed in Peirce then, one of them a high table on Sunday, when the students were required to wear a coat and tie. The college ran its own food service until 1958 and provided a sitdown meal rather than cafeteria style service. Students were seated by class, Seniors first. "It was also customary in the early days of Peirce Hall to have group singing after dinner," Greenslade said. Songs such as "Down in Jungle Town" and "Farewell Kokosing" were popular then as now.

Prominent architectural features of Peirce are the beautiful stained glass windows and the rear porch, which provides an extensive view of the surrounding area. When Dempsey Hall was added to the back

It was originally situated where the TV room is now. This relocation caused the exterior stone arches to lead in to the TV lounge and windows to be located between two interior rooms.

The small courtyard on the other side of the TV room was designed to preserve the stained glass windows in the Great Hall. Outdoor light is necessary in order to see the glass; the direct addition of Dempsey would have destroyed the effect of these windows. The Great Hall windows depict great literary figures and their work; the windows in Chase Memorial Tower show scenes of the life of Kenyon's founder - the upper group his life as a Bishop, the lower group his life as a missionary.

In 1941, members of the College began to notice that the walls of Peirce were beginning to bulge, and repairs became necessary. Between January and May of 1942, the college spent \$12,790.27 to install the large wooden beams which spread across the ceiling today. Greenslade said,

form so well to the original architecture."

In its early days, Peirce Hall also contained a distinctive gong, which called students to meals. It stood in the main foyer close to the doors that open into the Great Hall, A gift of Fred S. Weida '17 in memory of his father, the metal gong stood 4 ft high and 31/4 ft wide. Its stand was made of dark brown wood, probably teak, and had carvings of oriental figures. Although the striker had been lost long before, the gong stood in Peirce until the mid 1950's when it mysteriously disappeared. However, in October of 1966, for a production of Gilbert and Sullivan's The Mikado, the gong was brought down to the theatre by a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity. Although it has little financial value, it has both sentimental and historical value to the College. That is why the archivist is hoping for a second reappearance - after The Mikado, the gong once again had vanished.

No Collegian next week

The Collegian will not publish next week due to budget and time restrictions, but will instead print a doublesized Christmas December 14, 1978.

That issue will feature stories like:

C. C. Pyle and the Bunion Derby: A review of the K.C.D.C. Production.

Garhart and Gunderson: A teview of their current art thow in Colburn Gallery.

Blacks at Kenyon: A followup to this week's story, featuring the reactions and opinions of black students.

Christmas 1978: Suggestions by your favorite Kenyon professors on good books to get and give for the Holiday season.

A Report on plans for the New Fieldhouse: Update on recently approved fieldhouse-pool project; what are the concerns of different areas of the Kenyon community?

Pumping Iron in the Weightroom: A look at the mighty few.

Plus: News, sports, features, art, films, Pec Wee Fernbuster, and more more more

On the record

Our series of articles on the Kenyon Health Service is over and done with now, so perhaps it is time to draw some conclusions from what we've learned.

Concern over the program in general and Dr. Sinton in particular seems to be fairly widespread among those who make use of the Health Service. But from what Ann LeBlanc and friends of ours on the Health Service Committee tell us, the concerns and complaints aren't getting to the people who are in a position to make changes. Apparently nobody wants to go "on the record" with his or her gripes.

Some areas of health care can be very personal and embarrassing, but from what we can determine, it is often these areas where criticism is needed. There are mechanisms for private and anonymous processing of complaints which *must* be utilized in cases like this.

It isn't Mom, but it's all we got. We may as well try to make it work.

Well-intentioned Blues

Writing an editorial on a subject as sensitive as that of the status of black students at Kenyon is treading on dangerous ground. It isn't that we fear race riots in the dining halls or pressure from high administration officials, but rather that we are apprehensive about embarrassing both ourselves and a lot of other people.

It would be very easy just to stand up on a soap box and raise the cry "We need more black people here," and feel very self-righteous and smug about the whole thing.

"The middle class, liberal, well-intentioned blues" are fine, but we are also assuming that the people responsible for minority recruitment here are trying to be just that — responsible — while at the same time maintaining Kenyon's high academic standards. The reasons given by John Kushan and Dwight Hatcher in today's page one article by Nancy Silbergeld explaining the problems in this sort of recruitment are fairly convincing ones.

Yet we can't help thinking that something more ought to be considered.

Meeting people from different ethnic, geographical, and social backgrounds is seen by many students as one of the best things a good college can offer its students. We are learning here — not just the things we read in our textbooks, but about the people who sit beside us in class as well. Most colleges look upon diversity among the student body as a plus; is Kenyon as diverse as it could be?

Perhaps our isolation here is a mixed blessing. True, we are able to concentrate on the business of learning, and we can be rightfully proud of the quality of the students doing so. But mahap our pride, much like the Earl of Gloucester in *King Lear*, hath blinded us. Are we so smug and self-satisfied with our "liberal" education that in the end we don't really care? Is it really "not our business" to expose students to a diverse population as Dwight Hatcher said?

We don't have access to the accounting books at Kenyon so we must speak from ignorance. But might there not be some money somewhere that could be diverted to the goal of diversifying the student body? If we really put our fund-raising minds to it, couldn't we convince some alumnus or friend of the college that this is a worthy direction for scholarship money?

Previous Collegian editors have spoken out on this subject, but nothing has really changed. We wish to renew commentary on the subject.

Kenyon Collegian Established 1856—

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Volume CVI, Number 11

Friday, December 1, 1978 Gambier, Ohio 43022

Janice Cooper



LETTERS, LETTERS, LETTERS

THE KENYON COLLEGIAN encourages letters to the Editor. All submissions must be typed. The Editor reserves the right to edit all material while maintaining the original intentions of the particular submission.

Hunger update

To the Editor:

This year's hunger program met with unprecedented success thanks to many of you. Its dual goals of raising money and consciousness were well served.

Some 740 students skipped lunch on each of the two fast days. Officially, including both the rebate from Saga and donations, \$958.66 was raised. As promised, \$500 of this money has been paid to the Knox County Hunger Committee to help stock five emergency food shelves in Knox County. The remaining \$458.66 has been forwarded to Oxfam America in support of their self-help projects in Africa, Asia, and Latin America.

Insight and hope were lent to the hope that you beyond the not called "myths" surrounding world hunger. Included among these ere misconceptions generally held about hope that you beyond the not can do will have as working to world hunger — did have effect.

scarcity, overpopulation, and the generosity of U.S. food aid. In his colloquium, Mr. Fowler outlined the problems involved with the patenting of agricultural products and the continuing extinction of thousands of plant varieties. At the end of his lecture "Creating World Hunger," Carry Fowler was asked, "What can we do about it?". He responded, "I'm not the kind of lecturer who is going to give you explicit directions for what you can do to eliminate hunger - at any point you might find fault with them - what you should do is not necessarily what I should do." This statement of Mr. Fowler's is, to me, an appeal to individual responsibility. No one can tell you what you should do about world hunger or any other issue having moral implications. I would only hope that you would at least get beyond the notion that nothing you can do will have any effect - as far as working to the elimination of world hunger - hundreds of you just

Aside from thanking all those participated in each of the diff phases of the hunger program. Bedrock, I would like to exten thanks to John Giardino and Crump who both made Been efforts look more organizat they actually were. John orga and managed the food collection the senior-sponsored all-schools one day before Bedrock's act started, and during the week collected around \$200 in pledis Oxfam America. Their effores surprising coincidences, beknownst to Bedrock when were doing our planning.

Expanding on the him program, Bedrock is now acting suggestion of Carry Fowler's four an orchard consisting of endury varieties of fruit trees. I sell orchard as a good, concrete practices of which we can discussion broader issues of world hunger.

Paul Cunni Treasurer, Bei



Friday, Dec. 1 4:00 p.m. — Campus Meeting with

Pres. Jordan, Bio. Aud. 5:30 p.m. — GLCA Committee Meeting, Alumni Lounge.

6:00 p.m. — Union of Jewish. Students dinner, GLPDR. 8:00 p.m. — Dance Concert, Hill Theater.

8:00 p.m. - Citizen Kane (film),

Rosse. 10:00 p.m. — Woman in the Dunes (film), Rosse.

One man's opinion

Legumes lambasted

By BARRY ROSENBERG

A serious problem is among us concerned parents. I speak of a problem long talked about only in hushed tones. Now their ranks are growing. They're in high offices, they're in the clergy and, most frightening of all, they're at our children's schools. I speak of course, about ... vegetarians.

They've become damn militant. I saw them in Miami smashing the windows of a kosher butcher shop chanting "Out of the can, and into the street." Now, I have nothing against a little rice curry passed between consenting adults if they have no other recourse but this form of oral satisfaction. But to me, all they give is a great headache.

Vegetarians, being meatless, can not reproduce. They must build their ranks by coercion. This is why it's especially dangerous to let them teach in our schools. I've realized the error in my own thinking, and you'll be happy to hear that I have stopped endorsing oranges and switched to something more in line with my philosophy. I now work for the Florida Fowl Commission endorsing turkeys. The last vestiges of my association with the Citrus Commission were burned along with Orange Bird at a fund raiser last Saturday night. (And the little fellow made such an excellent appetizer.)

The good book teaches us that vegetarianism is a sin. As every student of theology knows, God did not ask Noah to bring a male and female plant of every species on board the ark with him. As Ray Crock once said, "If God had wanted us to be vegetarians, he would have given cattle wings."

Keep the dough, send the doe to: Save the Carnivores, Inc. 666 Biscayne Boulevard Miami, Fla. 33146

Along Middle Path

Compiled by JOHN KILYK, JR. Saturday, Dec. 2

8:00 a.m. — LSAT, Bio. Aud. 5:30 p.m. — GLCA Common Meeting, Alumni Lounge. 8:00 p.m. — Zero de Common (film), Rosse. 10:00 p.m. — Citizen Kane (File Rosse.

Sunday, Dec. 3
2:00 p.m. — Student Recital, Ross
8:00 p.m. — Woman in the Dis
(film), Rosse.

9:00 p.m. — An Evening Michael Cristofer.
10:00 p.m. — Zero de Code (film), Rosse.

Monday, Dec. 4
8:00 p.m. — Lecture: "Pollutions
the Cancer Problem" by J 1
Lotter, Bio. Aud.

Tuesday, Dec. 5
7:30 p.m. — Men's Baskethall's
Urbana at home.
8:00 and 10:00 p.m. — File
Civilization Series, Bio. Aud.

8:00 and 10:00 p.m. — F Civilization Series, Bio. Aud. Wednesday, Dec. 6 4:10 p.m. — Lecture on Gl0

4:10 p.m. — Lecture on Gla-Japan Study Program by Shar Dwyer, Bio. Aud. 8:00 p.m. — Lecture: "Psychological Complexity and Musical Preference by Prof. Heyduk, Bio. Aud.

10:00 p.m. — Lady Sings the Bi (film), Rosse. Thursday, Dec. 7 4:20 p.m. — Biology Lecture.

4:20 p.m. — Biology Lecture: Behavorial Significance of Color Dr. Edward Burtt, Bio. Aud. 7:45 p.m. — Poetry Reading: 6 Muske, Peirce Lounge.

Pee Wee Fernbuster Foreign Correspondent

Analysis, and Commentary by,

wuddafuh. "Wuddafuh," you ask. Wuddafuh they do with Pee We's column last issue? To be honest, I would like to know myself. I an only guess that my last column was too hard hitting. I can only pes that it was too relevant to a controversial issue, a local tender ene. I can only guess that our sissy editor did not have the guts to and it. In a word, I can only guess that it was too obscene. Perhaps you wondering what could be more obscene than the column in which I and the Provost a p---. You don't know, but I do now. Unformately, putting a pair of scissors in the hands of our editor is like outing a chainsaw in the hands of the famed Texas murderer. This seek's column will therefore be bland, soft, and non-controversial. The week's topic:

What I Did on My Vacation

went south for Thanksgiving. I decided it was high time I did some el drinkin' an' fartin', as only true Suthinahs can. Besides, grits are ally awful when you're sober. A Kenyon co-ed graciously offered me a the to some hick town in the rural south. While I appreciated the offer. was shocked to find that she planned to leave at the ungodly hour of fmagine departing in the middle of the night! What gall! Still, men for a new experience, I agreed. So last Saturday I staggered out to her car, having had two hours of sleep and coming off of the stale end of a buzz. What was worse, the girl was as giggly and bubbly as a T.V. seather-lady. The ride was the second-longest nine hours of my life. was regretably sober when she dropped me off in the middle of nowhere at sunset. Seventy-five miles from my destination (she told me it was fifteen). I had no choice but to stand on the shoulder of Interstate 40 in the freezing darkness and hitch. Semis to the left of me, alligators to the right, I walked down the lonely highway shoulder, hoping someone would give me a ride.

By the third day I was getting desperate. Living off rocks and what road kills I could find, I began to wonder if I would ever get to my destination. Little did I know that these would be among the happiest hours of my vacation. My Thanksgiving dinner consisted of cigarette butts and broken beer bottles. I sucked on shreds of tire retreads for dessert. My scavenging ultimately proved to be my undoing, however. On the fourth day, someone finally stopped for me, namely the game warden. It seems the phallus-faced lump frog I was eating at the time was the state reptile. Well, at least I got a ride. The next few days in jail taught me a new, enlightened understanding of Thanksgiving. It's amazing how people go through life without appreciating those little things that make life worth living. How I rue those previous Thanksgivings, when I, like all of you, merely looked upon it as an excuse to transcend ghittony. I then saw that the true spirit of the holiday was not one of disgusting self-indulgence, but rather, one of thankfulness for one's blessings and of generosity and kindness to those who are less fortunate than one's self.

Speaking of this generosity, if you would like to save me from achieving a new, enlightened understanding of Christmas, send your tax deductible contributions to:

Pee Wee Fernbuster Bail Fund Box 2 Godswrath, Georgia



The annual Gambier Craft Sale at Werthiemer Fieldhouse will be held on Saturday, December 2, from 10 a.m. till 4 p.m. The sale will feature wares of artisans from all over the state of Ohio. Weaving, woodcrafts, leather goods, lewelry and stained glass will be on display. Homemade food (both gourmet and ethnic) will also be sold. The Knox County Symphony will serve a Hungarian lunch to tide over hungry Christmas shoppers.

The sale's coordinator, Kenyon senior and Gambier resident Jo Rice, says that students will also be involved in the fine arts aspect of the show: the Printmaking Club and the Watercolor Club will both show and sell their work, and the Childrens' Theater group will perform.



000 Citizen Kane

Jun Kane. Directed and written Otson Wells. With Orson Welles, loseph Cotten, and Agnes, worthead, 1941, 120 min., B/W,

there is little to say about this film in hasn't been said. It stands like a mement among American films, a you to which all eyes turn. The ant important thing to remember is m to let the awesomeness of the his reputation spoil the viewing of Despite the renown of its camera miniques and storytelling devices, movie's prime virtue is that it is

sally absorbing entertainment. When Citizen Kane was released in Mi, it was met with an uproar. One me for this was the scandal created am William Randolph Hearst's agen refused to carry any adming or reviews of the film some of its alleged basis in Sant's life. There are quite strong mallels, and, despite Welles' puests to the contrary, and uncanny Araphical strand runs strong mughout the picture. But scandal to not the only thing attracting nemion to the film. Critics hailed it is the most important film since hinh of a Nation. The eerie dissolves indouble exposures of the gripping pening sequence and the use of issueel, subjective camera and labback techniques give the picture imure and variety unseen since the and D. W. Griffith's innovations.

But all the flashy technique would be empty without the meaty story of a man's rise to power and wealth. The colossal waste - material, artistic, moral and human - of his ascent is magnificently exposed in Welles' tour de force.

This is Welles at his finest. His first picture and his best, Citizen Kane is essential viewing to anyone seriously interested in film or to anyone who enjoys an excellent movie. Besides, don't you want to know what "Rosebud" means?

- Robin Inboden

Zero de Conduite

Zero de Conduite. Directed and written by Jean Vigo. With Jean Daste, Robert Le Flon, Du Veron, Delphin, and Louis Lefebvre. 1933, 44 min., B/W, France

Jean Vigo made only four films before he died impoverished in 1934. at the age of 29. His legacy is small, but the films are landmarks of the early cinema, and they had a considerable influence on the directors of the New Wave, especially Truf-

Zero de Conduite, Vigo's third film and first non-documentary, was shot in eight days with a miniscule budget and few professional actors. It is a dreamlike recollection of his youth in a boarding school. The film is filled with Vigo's haunting, poetic

imagery: a dwarfed school supervisor, a pillow fight filmed in slow motion, a drab railway carriage transformed into an almost magical place, and many more. The rich, often grotesque, imagery helps create the strong sense of atmosphere which pervades the film. Vigo emphasizes the camera over the dialogue. The words fade in importance before the beauty of the images.

Zero de Conduite was banned by censors until 1945 for its supposedly anti-French and anarchistic sentiments. The members of the school staff generally appear as grotesque caricatures, but it is difficult to say whether they represent authority to the mature Vigo, or if they are presented through the eyes of the boys and the youthful Vigo. His prime concern, however, is to create images relating perception to memory and dreams. Zero de Conduite is a poetic, lyrical film, a vivid manifestation of the tremendous talent of Jean Vigo.

Steve Zeiser

O Dune Woman O

Woman in the Dunes. Directed by Hiroshi Teshigahara. Written by Kobo Abe. With Eiji Okada and Kyoko Kishida, 1964, 124 min.,

nimsci

Trapped by her in the pit, the two initially struggle with each other for dominance; these confrontations lead to a series of powerfully filmed erotic scenes, and the man gradually becomes assimilated into not only the woman's life but the life of the community as well, in the process losing most of the personal freedom

are its highlights; the photography is especially effective at rendering the shifting physical landscape of wind buffeting sand dune.

- F. Bianchi

Lady Sings Blues

Lady Sings the Blues. Directed by Sidney Furie. Written by Terence McCloy, Chris Clark and Suzanne de Passe. With Diana Ross, Billy Dee Williams and Richard Pryor, 1972, 144 min., Color, USA.

Back in the olden days, when Hollywood produced movie musicals as frequently and efficiently as Ford produced Model T's, and with about as much variation in the essentials, one oft-used story idea was to present an illustrated biography of a famous person, especially one involved in music. (Those not involved in music got the straight melodramatic treatment, cf. The Miracle Worker.) The plot rarely, if ever, followed the

person's life exactly, opting instead for presumably more exciting fabrications, and as a result, these movies were (and are) frequently entertaining. Though the 70's have practically pronounced the death of the movie musical with such empty extravaganzas as Hello, Dolly! and Mame, we are not without a remnant of the biographical tradition namely, 1972's Lady Sings the Blues.

True to the genre, Lady Sings the Blues is false to the facts of Billie Holiday's life. Yet Holiday had such a loser's life that it provides a perfect basis for musical melodrama. Diana Ross is winning (that is, losing to perfection) in the title role ("lady," not "the blues"), and she imitates Holiday's singing style well enough to make the sum effective. The film is spottily directed and, sure, the script has a racist slant (a nice 70's reversal), but you weren't expecting art, were you? This is pure adulterated commercialism, so go ahead, take the Motown plunge.

- J. Bauer



B/W, Japan. The novel Woman in the Dunes,

by Kobo Abe, has become a contemporary classic of Japanese literature despite the fact that it is only about fifteen years old. It concerns the fate of an urban office worker who, while pursuing his hobby of insect-collecting during a vacation (his insect-collecting is a good parallel to what happens to hortly afterward), strays to an isolated fishing village whose inhabitants live, literally, in the pits: to protect themselves from the weather they have built their houses in deep pits accessible only be ladders. The insect-collector spends the night at the house of woman who the the next day takes away the ladder providing access to above ground, throwing the man and the woman together for an indefinite period of

he was previously accustomed to. The limitations of human freedom indeed the theme of Hiroshi Teshigahara's 1964 film version of the book. It was an impressive first film: its editing (montage always comes in handy for sex scenes) and somber black and white photography



December 1 and 2 at 8:00 pm. Tickets available at Box Office starting Nov 27 (427-2585)

Do your Holiday shopping at the

Gambier Craft Sale

"你我只要你我的你我的你的你的你的你。"

Original Art Work Leather Weaving Jewelry

Food (Good) Childrens Theatre Stained Glass Woodcrafts





and much more



10 a.m. - 4 p.m. Saturday, December 2, 1978 Wertheimer Fieldhouse



Hindsight By Todd Holzman

In case you used your sports section to wrap left-over giblets, and therefore haven't heard, Saturday's Amos Alonzo Stagg Bowl in Phenix City, Alabama, will entertain those good of boys with two OAC football teams battling for the Division III National Championship. Baldwin-Wallace and Wittenberg will give a regional television audience a re-fried replay of their 17-17 tie in the OAC title game earlier this fall.

The Stagg Bowl's reflection upon OAC football is more than pleasant. Wittenberg defied the Division III pollsters by pounding Minnesota-Morris (not named in honor of the late feline) in their semifinal, and B-W, after opening the playoffs by blasting St. Lawrence 71-7, breakfasted on upset-minded Carnegie-Mellon last Saturday to gain a

shot at the national crown.

The upshot of these fun facts is that Kenyon enters the OAC football scene on a regularly-scheduled, championship season basis next year and teams like B-W will consistently appear on the Lords' schedule. Many observers of Kenyon's football fortunes have expressed concern that such rugged opponents will knock our academically-oriented athletes into early armchair-quarterbacking. Kenyon's football flower, they cry, will wilt in the Indian summer of fierce competition (clever analogy, eh? I made it up myself).

Pigskin pessimists, Γ'll make a deal with you — if you want to tell Ron Anderson and Carlos Dague they can't measure up to OAC standards, I'm right behind you - and I'll drive you to the hospital of your choice

after you're through with them.

The simple facts are, one season does not a football program make, especially a season as fraught with injury, upset, and plain poor luck as this one proved to be. Kenyon's 7-2 team two years back would certainly not have been tormented by the supposed OAC bullies, and the outside competition the Lords have faced on their independent schedule is comparable, with a few exceptions, to that of the awaiting conference slate. B-W and Wittenberg are fine football schools, but they are not so much indicative of general conference excellence as they are examples of two great coaches at work - B-W's Lee Tressel and Wittenberg's Dave Maurer can stalk the sidelines with anybody.

Entrance into the OAC will also spark Kenyon football in a number of ways. The opportunity to play for a league championship, rather than a slim chance at recognition through a strong independent record, will give each season a definite direction. In much the same way, inclusion in the conference will be a weapon for the recruiting effort. It may be glorious to play for a major college independent such as Notre Dame, and zip out to sunny California to meet USC in the national limelight, but Saturday afternoon in Bethany, West Virginia, does not much beat writing a Medieval History paper.

Thus, the chances are excellent that the OAC's reputational bark will exceed its competitive bite, and the fortune cookie that portends grave problems for Kenyon football may be sent back to the kitchen, because

Lords kick Ashland in opener

Rogers was more or less om-

By TODD HOLZMAN **Editor Emeritus**

Fans who put stock in John Halpern's pre-season success formula, take note - Halps failed to score 20 points Wednesday evening in Wertheimer Fieldhouse, but Kenyon's basketball Lords are undefeated anyhow.

Of course, the campaign is in its infancy - only one game old - but for today, one is more than enough. The Lords surprised visiting Ashland College 82-74 behind the offensive power of guards Scott Rogers and Gerald Campbell, who thrilled an unusually exuberant home crowd with 34 and 26 points, respectively. Surprised is right - Ashland, ranked . 8th nationally in Division III coming into the contest, and sporting a solid 100-point-plus offensive effort over West Liberty State, was convincingly outplayed by a hustling, aggressive group of Kenyonites who didn't look much at all like a team picked to finish 13 in the 14-team Ohio Athletic

What the Lords did look like was a team that can wreak considerable havoc in the OAC title chase. They shot a fine 48 percent from the field, made 18 of 22 foul shots, and outrebounded their guests 50-45. On offense they worked the ball around for 14 assists (to Ashland's 6), getting 5 from freshman center Bill Melis, as well as 8 rebounds and impressive defensive play. Senior statesman Mark Thomay had 11 rebounds to lead the attack on the boards, and was especially successful in the first half at keeping the ball alive at the offensive end, eventually leading to second-chance baskets. Andy Johnston, Thomay's partner in the co-captaincy, struggled a bit offensively, but scrapped for 6 rebounds and played his usual steady defensive game.

Continued from page one

nipresent, hitting 15 of 29 shots from the floor and 4 of 5 free throws to match his career high scoring output, tacked on 7 rebounds and 3 assists, and got up off the floor after a collision at the end of the first half to accept his award as a 1978 Division III All-American. Campbell was somewhat erratic, but how off can you be and still score 26 points? The 5'11" sophomore looks and feels much more at home at guard, and his offensive potential from the new position is not yet fully tapped. That was what they did; here's

how they did it:

Kenyon jumped off to leads of 6-0, 18-9, and 30-21 before one of last year's problems - a brief let-down in intensity right before the end of the first half - came back to haunt them, and the lead dwindled to 42-41 at intermission.

Ashland took a brief 3-point lead at the beginning of the second twenty minutes, but a Melis tip with 12:54 left to play gave the Lords the lead for good, 52-50. The lead grew as high as 68-52, but the last eight minutes saw Kenyon get a bit on cautious and slow the offer movement that had been devastating earlier. It didn't mefortunately, as Rogers hit four is in the last three minutes and Lords coasted to the 82-74 final

Admitting that it is too early to tell how consistently this team perform, some things can still ple be said. The offense will reme potent as long as Rogen Campbell can play. The defense not been tested yet; Ashland has potentially excellent offense, bu shot just 36 percent from the fe and supposed All-American didate Fred "Downtown" Gn must be better than the 2 for performance he turned in or he sadly in need of urban renew However, the win was a big one, if the defense continues to me aggressively, if Melis develop even an average freshman rate, a co-captains Thomay and John remain steady and patient on the court and off, the Lords challenge in the OAC. Who box. Halpern may get his 20 points yet

OCS in Japan discussed

Sid Wolfe, program associate for the Japan Study Program, will be at Kenyon on Wednesday, December 6, to narrate a film and answer questions about the program.

Wolfe will present a film on Japanese religion entitled: Shinto: Nature, Gods and Man, and afterwards will lead a discussion on Japan and the Japanese Study Program. The program, coordinated here by Sharon Dwyer at the Office of Off-Campus Study, offers Kenyon students the chance to live and study for nearly a year in Japan.

Wolfe hails from Earlham College in Richmond, Indiana, where the program is based. Kenyon professor Roland McLaren explains that the program first sends students to Earlham in the early summer for training in the Japanese language. "The program does not require students to have prior knowledge of

the language," McLaren said.

Students then travel to Japan in Waseda University in Tokso i more intensive language training a the end of the summer, with features time spent at a Japane mountain lodge, program puticipants enroll for the fall and semesters at an international divin of Waseda University.

McLaren said the course ve taught in English by Japanes is structors from Waseda, and cove wide variety of subjects, "I think! worth saying that many people is this is the best English languages. program in Japan." The program sponsored by two consortium colleges and costs participal \$6,500. It is open to "all student good standing."

Those desiring more informati should contact Sharon Dwyer #10 Off-Campus Studies office.

Black students

achievement, aspirations and life goals, not that we happen to be white folks, that's an accident.'

"When the government first started pushing colleges to have (more) blacks we sort of leaned over backwards to let blacks in and we lowered our standards," Woodward said. Kenyon has a policy whereby every student is given their freshman and sophomore year to prove himself. At the end of these two years they may be kicked out or invited to leave if they are failing academically. "But we bent the rules for (black students) and let them stay on and they couldn't make it academically and couldn't graduate," Woodward said. She later added that that particular year, "was not a year when only black students had difficulty, but all students had trouble - both black and white."

Does Kenyon suffer as a result of its largely uniform racial makeup? "No, I don't think so," said Kushan, "you find even though the kids come from the same kind of environments, they have different interests and you get a variety that way . . . even if there aren't a lot of black students you can make an effort to meet them. I have no idea if there is (racial) friction at Kenyon. I would hate to think that there was, but in the admissions office we're not aware of attitudes, we don't see kids after they get in," he added.

"I detect racism in all people," said Hatcher, "Kenyon people are probably less racist than others."

What is Kenyon doing to recruit capable blacks? "It's not our business to expose (students) to a diverse population," Hatcher said. "If diversity is the goal then we'd evaluate applications on the basis of diversity. I'm not going to say to a black candidate 'come here to show our white students what a black person is like." "

"Blacks here may have some social problems but I think they accept that. Academically they're doing all right and that's what they're here for," Hatcher said.

"We're trying to increase (the black population)," he added, "it's a slow, laborious process. We're very eager to have good, well qualified black students here who want to come here.

'Through a Student Search run by the College Board organization we receive names of qualified black students and send them literature. Ed Gregory (President of the Kenyon Black Student Union) wrote a letter to accompany that; (in addition) I try

to make some contact with men and women who run special educational programs for minorites," Hatcher

"An educational institution is a very different world, slightly removed from the mainstream of concerns and cares of the real world," Hatcher concluded. "The whole thrust of Kenyon's education is to teach one to deal with people, not to deal with black people . . . no well educated, thoughtful, rational person can accept or abide by prejudice of any kind."

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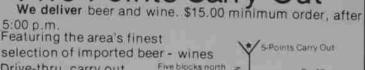
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