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# Mount Vernon Democratic Banner January 15, 1875

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# Mt. Vernon Democratic Banner.

L. HARPER, Editor and Propritor.] A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, AGRICULTURE, LITERATURE, THE ARTS AND SCIENCES, EDUCATION, THE MARKETS, &c. [$2,00 Per Annum, in Advance,

VOLUME XXXVIII. MOUNT VERNON, OHIO: FRIDAY, JANUARY 15, 1875. NUMBER 37.


## TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

### Cleveland, Mt. Vernon & Columbus R. R.

TIME TABLE.

GOING EAST.

| STATIONS.. | Cl. Ex. | Acc'n. | L. Frt. | L. Frt. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 7.00AM | 1.20AM | ..... | ..... |
| Columbus. | 12.00 " | 6.20PM | ..... | 2.30PM |
| Centreb'g.. | 1.14PM | 7.48 " | ..... | 5,30 " |
| Mt. Lib'ty. | 1.26 " | 8.02 " | ..... | 5.57 " |
| Mt. Ver'n. | 1.48 " | 8.24 " | 6.56 " | 6.30 " |
| Gambier... | 2.03 " | 8.41 " | 7.26AM | ..... |
| Howard.... | 2.13 " | 8.53 " | 7.46 " | ..... |
| Danville... | 2.24 " | 9.06 " | 8.08 " | ..... |
| Gann..... | 2.36 " | 9.22 " | 8.35 " | ..... |
| Millersb'g. | 3.33 " | ..... | 10.19 " | ..... |
| Orrville.... | 4.33 " | ..... | 2.10 " | ..... |
| Akron.... | 5.40 " | ..... | 4.08 " | ..... |
| Hudson.... | 6.27 " | ..... | 5.52 " | ..... |
| Cleveland. | 7.35 " | ..... | ..... | ..... |

GOING WEST.

| STATIONS. | Cd, Ex. | Acc'n. | L. Frt. | L, Frt. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cleveland.. | 9.20AM | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Hudson.... | 9.44 " | ..... | 8.58AM | ..... |
| Akron .... | 10.20 " | ..... | 10.45 " | ..... |
| Orrville.... | 11.55 " | ..... | 2.15PM | ..... |
| Millersb'g | 1.00PM | ..... | 4.40 " | ..... |
| Gann..... | 2.08 " | 6.44AM | 6.34 " | ..... |
| Danville... | 2.24 " | 6.59 " | 6.57 " | ..... |
| Howard.... | 2.40 " | 7.12 " | 7.20 " | ..... |
| Gambier... | 2.51 " | 7.24 " | 7.43 " | ..... |
| Mt. Ver'n.. | 3.06 " | 7.40 " | 8.13 " | 6.07AM |
| Mt. Lib'ty. | 3,31 " | 8.05 " | ..... | 6.47 " |
| Centreb'g.. | 3.45 " | 8.19 " | ..... | 7.13 " |
| Columbus. | 5.15 " | 10.05 " | ..... | 10.05 " |
| Cincinnati | ..... | 2.50 " | ..... | ..... |

G. A. JONES, Sup't.

### Pittsburgh, Cin. & St. Louis R. R.

*Condensed Time Card.—Pittsburgh & Little Minmi Division. Nov.* 30, 1874.

| STATIONS | No. 2. | No. 4. | No. 6. | No. 10 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg.. | 2.00PM | ..... | 1.50AM | 7.50AM |
| Dresden J. | 9.08 " | ..... | 7 23 " | 1.22PM |
| Newark.... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Columbus. | 12.00Nt | 5.00AM | 10.05 " | 3.40 " |
| London.... | 1.05AM | 6.00 " | 11.06 " | 4.34" |
| Xenia..... | 2.20 " | 7.10 " | 12.15PM | 5.35 " |
| Morrow.... | 3.40 " | 8.28 " | 1.23 " | 6.37 " |
| Cincinnati | 5.15 " | 10.30 " | 2.50 " | 8.00 " |
| Xenia..... | ..... | 7.20 " | 12.20 " | 5.45 " |
| Dayton.... | ..... | 8.10 " | 1.15 " | 6.45PM |
| Richmond | ..... | 10.00 " | 3.20 " | ..... |
| Indianap's | ..... | 1.30PM | 6.30 " | ..... |

TRAINS GOING EAST.

| STATIONS. | No .1. | No. 3. | No .5. | No. 7. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indianap's | ..... | ..... | 9.35AM | ..... |
| Richmond | ..... | ..... | 12.40 " | ..... |
| Dayton.... | 8.15AM | ..... | 2.45PM | ..... |
| Xenia..... | 9.40 " | ..... | 3.45 " | ..... |
| Cincinnati | 12.20 " | ..... | 7.00 " | 7.10PM |
| Morrow.... | 8.28 " | ..... | 2.48PM | 8.40 " |
| Xenia..... | 9.35 " | 12.50AM | 3.50 " | 9.45 " |
| London.... | 10.43 " | 2.03 " | 5.03 " | 10.55 " |
| Columbus | 11.45 " | 3.05 " | 6.05 " | 11.55 " |
| Newark.... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Dresden J. | 1.58PM | 5.25 " | 8.31 " | 2.02AM |
| Pittsburg. | 7.15 " | 12.20PM | 2.20AM | 7,25 " |

Nos. 1, 2, 6 and 7 run Daily. All other Trains Daily, except Sunday.

W. L. O'BRIEN,
*Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent.*

### Pittsburg, Ft. W. & Chicago R. R

CONDENSED TIME CARD.

November 15, 1874.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

| STATIONS | F'st Ex | Mail. | Pac. Ex | Nt. Ex |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg. | 2.00AM | 6:00AM | 9:40AM | 2:00PM |
| Rochester | ..... | 7:25 " | 10:50 " | 3:11 " |
| Alliance.. | 5:32 " | 11:00 " | 1:30PM | 5:57 " |
| Orrville... | 7:12 " | 12.52PM | 3:15 " | 7:40 " |
| Mansfield | 9:20 " | 3:15 " | 5:26 " | 9:40 " |
| Crestli'e a | 9:50 " | 3:50 " | 6:00 " | 10:10 " |
| Crestli'e l | 10:10AM | 5:00AM | 6:25PM | 10:20PM |
| Forest..... | 11:33 " | 6:32 " | 8:15 " | 11:52 " |
| Lima..... | 12:30PM | 8:00 " | 9:30 " | 12:53AM |
| Ft, Wayne | 2:50 " | 10.40 " | 12:15AM | 3:15 " |
| Plymouth | 5:00 " | 1:25PM | 3:0 0" | 5:40 " |
| Chicago... | 8:20 " | 5:25 " | 6:50 " | 9:20 " |

TRAINS GOING EAST.

| STATIONS | Nt. Ex | F'st Ex | Pac. Ex. | Mail |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago.... | 10:20PM | 9:20AM | 5:35PM | 5:15AM |
| Plymouth | 2:25AM | 12:35PM | 9:10 " | 9:25 " |
| Ft. Wayne | 5:50 " | 2:45 " | 11:45 " | 12:30PM |
| Lima..... | 8:00 " | 4:35 " | 1:52AM | 2.55 " |
| Forest..... | 9:17 " | 5:34 " | 3:01 " | 4:10 " |
| Crestli'e a | 11:10 " | 7:00 " | 4:40 " | 5:50 " |
| Crestli'e l | 11:20AM | 7:20PM | 4:50AM | 6:05AM |
| Mansfield | 11:51 " | 7:50 " | 5:20 " | 6:40 " |
| Orrville... | 1:46PM | 9:42 " | 7:12 " | 9:05 " |
| Alliance... | 3:40 " | 11.20 " | 9:00 " | 11:20 " |
| Rochester | 5:58 " | ..... | 11:12 " | 2:10PM |
| Pittsburg. | 7:05 " | 2:20AM | 12:15 " | 3:30 " |

F. R. MYERS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

### Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

[LAKE ERIE DIVISION.]

On and after Sunday Nov. 30th, 1874, Trains on the B. & O. R. R., (L. E. Div.,) will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave Sandusky, | 11:00AM | 7:50PM | 7:45AM |
| " Monroeville, | 12:35PM | 8:45 " | 8:30 " |
| " Shelby, | 2:05 " | 10:15 " | 9:50 " |
| " Mansfield, | 2:37 " | 10:45 " | 10:17 " |
| " Mt. Vernon, | 4:22 " | 12:22 " | 11:51 " |
| Arrive Newark, | 5:30 " | 1:30AM | 12:50PM |

GOING NORTH.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave Newark, | 3:30AM | 1:15PM | 4:00AM |
| " Mt. Vernon, | 4:28 " | 2:15 " | 4:55 " |
| " Mansfield, | 6:07 " | 3:55 " | 6.16PM |
| " Shelby, | 6:55 " | 4:41 " | 7:00 " |
| " Monroeville, | 8:30 " | 6:05 " | 8:45 " |
| Arrive Sandusky, | 9:15 " | 7:00 " | 9.30 " |

W. C. QUINCY, Gen'l. Sup't.


# FURNITURE

Moving to our new Store, corner Public Square and Euclid Avenue, has given us room to increase our manufacturing facilities. We can produce

GOOD FURNITURE

at as low a cost as any house in the United States.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Fashionable Furniture!

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Cleveland, Ohio.

May, 1874.

LEEK, DOERING & CO.

Notion Warehouse,

133 and 135 Water St.,

CLEVELAND, O.

March 28, 1873-1y

THE BANNER affordsth eBest Medium for Advertising in Central Ohio.


## USEFUL INFORMATION.

### CHURCH DIRECTORY.

*Christian Church*, Vine Street, between Gay and McKensic. Services every Sabbath at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P.M. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A.M.—Rev. J. H. GARVIN.

*Evangelical Lutheran Church*, Sandusky St. —Rev. GEO. Z. COCHEL.

*Presbyterian Church*, corner Gay and Chestnut streets.—Rev. ———

*Methodist Episcopal Church*, corner Gay and Chestnut streets.—Rev. L. WARNER.

*Protestant Episcopal Church*, corner Gay and High streets.—Rev. WM. THOMPSON.

*First Methodist Church*, Mulberry street between Sugar and Hamtramic.—Rev. DAVID TRUMAN.

*Catholic Church*, corner High and McKenzie.—Rev. JULIUS BRENT.

*Baptist Church*, Vine street, between Mulberry and Mechanic.—Rev. A. J. WIANT.

*Congregational Church*, Main street.—Rev. IRA C. BILLMAN.

*United Presbyterian Church*, corner Main and Sugar streets.

### SOCIETY MEETINGS.

#### MASONIC.

MT. ZION LODGE, No. 9, meets at Masonic Hall, Vine street, the first Friday evening of each month.

CLINTON CHAPTER, No. 26, meets at Masonic Hall, the first Monday evening after the first Friday of each month.

CLINTON COMMANDERY, No. 5, meets at Masonic Hall, the second Friday evening of each month.

#### I. O. O. FELLOWS.

MOUNT ZION LODGE No. 20, meets in Hall No. 1, Kremlin, on Wednesday evenings.

QUINDARO LODGE No. 316, meets in Hall over Warner Miller's Store, Tuesday evenings.

KOROSING ENCAMPMENT meets in Hall No. 1. Kremlin, the 2d and 4th Friday evening of each month.

#### Knights of Pythias.

Timon Lodge No. 45, K. of P., meets at Quindaro Hall, on Thursday evenings.

#### Improved Order of Red Men.

The Mohican Tribe No. 69, of the I. O. R. M., meets every Monday evening, in the old Masonic Hall.

#### I. O. G. T.

Kokosing Lodge, No. 593 meets in Hall No. 2. Kremlin, on Friday evenings.

### KNOX COUNTY DIRECTORY

#### COUNTY OFFICERS.

*Common Pleas Judge*.....JOHN ADAMS.
*Clerk of the Court*.....SAMUEL J. BRENT.
*Prosecuting Attorney*...CLARK IRVINE.
*Sheriff*.....JOHN M. ARMSTRONG.
*Probate Judge*.....C. E. CRIICHFIELD.
*Auditor*.....JOHN M. EWALT.
*Treasurer*.....WM. E. DUNHAM.
*Recorder*.....JOHN MYERS.
*Surveyor*.....E. W. COTTON.
*Coroner*.....GEO. A. WELKER.
*Commissioners*—D. F. Halsey, John Lyal, John C. Levering.
*Infirmary Directors*—Samuel Snyder, Wm. Cummins, Richard Campbell.
*School Examiners*—John M. Ewalt, Isaac Lafever, Jr. and ———

#### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

*Berlin Township*.—S. J. Moore, Shaler's Mills; C. C. Amsbaugh, Shaler's Mills.
*Brown Township*.— Miles Daikens, Democracy; John W. Leonard, Jelloway.
*Butler Township*.—Geo. W. Gamble, New Castle; James McCamment, Bladensburg.
*Clinton Township*—T. V. Parke, Mt. Vernon; B. A. F. Greer, Mt. Vernon.
*Clay Township*.— James Bell, jr., Bladensburg; David Lawman, Martinsburg.
*College Township*.— D. L. Fobes, Gambier; G. J. W. Pearee, Gambier.
*Harrison Township*.—R. H. Bebout, Bladensburg; R. D. Purdy, Gambier.
*Hilliar Township*.—Dr. W. L. Mills, Rich Hill; George Peardon, Canterburg.
*Howard Township*.—Wesley Spindler, Monroe Mills; Paul Welker, Millwood.
*Jackson Township*.—John S. McCamment, Bladensburg; William Darling, Bladensburg.
*Jefferson Township*.— John D. Shrimplin, Gann; Charles Miller, Greersville.
*Liberty Township*.—George W. Duvall, Mt. Liberty; John Koonsman, Mt. Vernon.
*Middlebury Township*.—O. B. Johnson, Fredericktown; William Penn, Levering.
*Milford Township*.—Ed. Cummins, Milfordton; B. K. Jackson, Lock.
*Miller Township*.—W. A. Hunter, Brandon; Charles J. O'Rourke, Brandon.
*Monroe Township*. — Allison Adams, Democracy; John A. Beers, Mt. Vernon.
*Morgan Township*.—Charles S. McLain, Martinsburg; Richard S. Tulloss, Utica.
*Morris Township*.—James Steele, Fredericktown; Isaac L. Jackson, Mt. Vernon.
*Pike Township*.—Wm. W. Walker, Democracy; Rev. S. F. Hunter, North Liberty.
*Pleasant Township*.—Wm. H. McLain, Mt. Vernon; J. V. Parke, Mt. Vernon.
*Union Township*.—Wilson Buffington, Millwood; John R. Payne, Danville.
*Wayne Township*.— Columbus D. Hyler,—John. W. Lindley, Fredericktown; William Wilkinson; Luzerne.

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC.

MOUNT VERNON.—D.C. Montgomery, Clark Irvine, Jr., Abel Hart, Joseph Watson, Israel Underwood, H. H. Greer, Wm. Dunbar, L. H. Mitchell, Wm. McClelland, John M. Rowe, A. R. McIntire, Glissan T. Porter, Jno. D. Thompson, Wm. C. Culbertson, C. S. Pyle, B. A. F. Greer, Oliver F. Murphy, Joseph W. Billman, John S. Braddock, Alex. B. Ingram, John M. Andrews, Wm. A. Coulter, Benjamin Grant, Thomas B. Fulton, Wm. F. Baldwin, Henry L. Curtis and Dr. E. D. W. C. Wing.

BERLIN—John C. Merrin.
JELLOWAY.—S. M. Vincent.
GAMBIER.—Daniel L. Fobes.
BLADENSBURG—John M. Boggs.
DANVILLE.—James W. Bradfield.
ROSSVILLE—Washington Hyatt.
JEFFERSON—William Burris.
DEMOCRACY—John B. Scarbrough.
CENTERBURG—Rezin J. Pumphrey.
RICH HILL—Robert B. Jackson.
FREDERICKTOWN — A. Greenlee, William J. Struble.

—Abraham Blair.

#### MOUNT VERNON CITY OFFICERS.

MAYOR.—Thomas P. Frederick.
CLERK.—C. S. Pyle.
MARSHAL.—Calvin Magers.
STREET COMMISSIONER.—Lyman Marsh.
CITY CIVIL ENGINEER.—David C. Lewis.
COUNCILMEN—1st Ward—Jas. M. Andrews, John Ponting.
2d Ward—Emanuel Miller, Henry King.
3d Ward—N. Boynton, Geo. W. Bunn.
4th Ward—N. McGiffin, G. E. Raymond.
5th Ward—W. A. Bounds, Wm. Mahaffey.
CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION—Joseph S. Davis, J. M. Byers, W. P. Bogardus, Harrison Stephens, A. R. McIntire, H. Graff.
SUPERINTENDENT—R. B. Marsh.
TRUSTEE OF CEMETERY—Jno. S. Braddock


JAMES LITTELL. WM. H. MECHLING

LITTELL & MECHLING,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Foreign & Domestic Wines & Liquors,

No. 237 Liberty street, opposite head of Wood.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ A large stock of Fine Whiskies constantly on hand. July 14.


**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

THE undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified by the Probate Court of Knox county, O., Administrator of the Estate of Lydia D. Clements, late of Knox county, O., deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly proved to the undersigned for allowance. W. W. WALKEY,
Jan. 1-w3* Administrator.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

THE undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified by the Probate Court of Knox Co., O., Administrator of the Estate of Nancy Crookshanks, late of Knox Co., Ohio, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly proved to the undersigned for allowance. WM. McCUEN,
Jan. 1-w3* Administrater.


SCOTT'S LIVER PILLS are all the go, Because the people like them so.


# The Banner.

## THE LAW OF BAYONETS!

## The Louisiana Frauds!

## FACTS FOR THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

The New York Herald (Grant paper,) sent a special correspondent to New Orleans to examine into and make report in regard to the frauds committed by the Returning Board of that State. Under date of December 29, 1874, he gives the following details of the daring frauds, forgeries and manipulations of the election returns, by the Grant "Returning Board." Let every honest man carefully peruse this plain statement of facts:

This evening your correspondent called upon Mr. Arroyo, the resigned member of the Returning Board, and solicited a statement of his experience while acting in that connection. Mr. Arroyo is a fine-looking specimen of the rare creole type, rather grizzled with years, with a clear, bright eye and exceedingly amiable expression of countenance. He spoke slowly and carefully weighed his words, as though conscious of their importance and anxious to nothing extenuate nor set down aught to malice.

We (the Returning Board) commenced our labors by canvassing and compiling the entire returns of the State without regard to protests, the consideration of all parishes parishes protested against being reserved until after this compilation had been effected. This done, all those parishes constituting the First and Second Congressional districts were considered, their returns canvassed and compiled without regard to informalities or irregularities in the commissioners' tally lists, and finally promulgated as required by law.

PREPARED FOR FRAUDS.

Anticipating unfair dealing, and fearing that the returns had been tampered with, the Conservative committee, which attended the sessions of the Board, had employed two very accomplished experts to assist them. One of these was Mr. Douglass, a practical and professional engraver, the other Mr. Soule, a very clever expert and experienced penman, the head of a large commercial college.

When we came to consider the returns and tally lists of Assumption, Avoyelles, St. James, St. Tammany, St. Helena, Carroll and Sabine parishes we found that all had been clearly altered and falsified so as to show radical majorities.

ST. JAMES PARISH.

In St. James the forgery was not only a glaring one, but was admitted by George E. Bovee (the Secretary of State under Warmoth and a candidate for re-election for the State Senate,) to have been committed by himself. I introduced a resolution to send him before the criminal Court on this charge, but this measure they refused to countenance.

CARROLL PARISH.

Evidence in the shape of sworn statements from five conservative Commissioners of Election was then offered to show that the returns of Carroll parish had been falsified and their own signatures forged to the falsification so as to largely increase the radical majorities. Notwithstanding my earnest protest against the iniquity the Board proceeded to adopt the forged returns, with the solitary exception of one Senatorial district, in which two radicals were the only opposing candidates. These returns were duly promulgated.

ST. TAMMANY PARISH.

In St. Tammany Parish the political complexion of the returns was entirely changed by throwing out a poll on the charge of malpractice, the returns and report of which the returning officer—an illiterate but honest colored man—had been deceived into signing. His affidavit to that effect and denying the charges directly and explicitly, was offered to the Board. This they refused to consider, rejecting the poll on the official promulgation.

AVOYELLES PARISH.

In Avoyelles one box the Evergreen box was stolen, and only one tally sheet was preserved. This list, as far as counted, exhibited an average radical majority of nine, and I proposed to accept it. This proposition the Board refused and arbitrarily insisted, without any returns being before them, in giving a round majority of 150 for all the radical candidates.

ST. HELENA AND SABINE PARISHES.

In St. Helena and Sabine attempts were also made to falsify the returns; but the forgeries were so glaring and so palpably demonstrated by the experts that the Board was forced to acknowledge them.

DE SOTO PARISH.

The Registrar of De Sota, a parish giving 1090 conservative majority, brought down the returns to this city and openly offered them for sale to both the conservative and radical parties respectively, thro' the medium of the keeper of a notorious house of prostitution. I endeavored to have them sequestrated, but the Board refused. The original tally lists and the sealed ballot boxes were then brought into the city and offered to the Board; but even these they obstinately refused to receive and persisted in throwing out the parish entirely.

BIENVILLE AND VERNON PARISHES.

In the cases of Bienville and Vernon, each of which gave a conservative majority of over 800, protests were filed before the Board by John Ray, styling himself "counsel," without exhibiting any authority, either in the shape of statements or affidavits of a single resident of the parishes. These protests the Board admitted, and that, too, in face of the well-known fact that the polls of the first named parish were guarded throughout the entire day of election by federal soldiers.

BOSSIER PARISH.

One of the polls of Bossier parish was raided upon and broken up about seven o'clock in the evening of election day by a squad of rebel covalry. All those in charge became frightened and ran away, leaving it in charge of the troops for the rest of the day, and it does not apsear that over two parties offered to vote after its capture. This poll was returned to the Board as having given 213 radical majority, just sufficient to defeat all the conservative candidates in the parish. I urged a strong protest against receiving these returns, but my protest was summarily rejected.

NATCHITOCHES PARISH.

In Natchitoches, in order to defeat the conservative candidates, the Board rejected one poll upon the "cross mark" affidavits of unknown people on plea of intimidation. When evidence was offered to prove that this parish had been raided through by federal troops to the election, and that this very poll was guarded by them and in their charge throughout election day, the Board utterly refused to consider it.

TERREBONNE PARISH.

In Terrebonne, a parish which really gave over 500 conservative majority, the tally sheets of four polls were inadvertently locked up in the ballot boxes. For this reason the Registar—a radical—refused to receive the returns. Legal proceedings were accordingly instituted by the people against the clerk of the Court who had the boxes in charge and refused to surrender them. He was removed by the District Judge, and another clerk appointed. The new appointee opened the boxes and transmitted the missing lists directly to the Board. The Board refused to receive them, refused to consider the returns, and persisted in giving the election to the radical candidates.

OTHER PARISHES.

Similar treatment was meted out to other parishes. In fact, I cannot recall at present the many shifts, tricks and subterfuges resorted to by the Board in attempting to defraud the people of their rights. Their rulings were in all instances of the most arbitrary, passionate and partial character. Their proceedings were invariably conducted in secret session and pushed through the open session as a mere legal formality. As a general rule strangers and unscrupulous partisans had been sent to the various parishes as registars, who, ignorant of the people and localities, placed every possible obstacle in the way of a fair election.

THE BOARD'S PROCEEDINGS.

I became, early in the session of the Returning Board, disgusted with the overbearing character of its rulings and the harshness of its decisions. I stood to its duties as long as I could, but was finally forced to resign out of sheer self-respect. It became thoroughly unbearable, it being at all times palpably plain that their direct and sole object was not to count the actual vote of the people, but to count in the radical candidates. This fact must also have been equally apparent to every impartial visitor to its sessions. The whole proceeding was, in short, a bold, barefaced cheat, intended to rob the people of their election, and, as such, I have no hesitation in characterizing it. Many of the protested parishes were considered after my resignation, but the same course was followed throughout.

## The Press of New Orleans on the Military Despotism.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 5.—The Times says: "The farce of State Government in in Louisiana received another illustration yesterday. Practically we have no government, legal or illegal, and have not had for the past two years. What is the use of this show of respect for State rights?—The rule is that of musket and sword, and central authority, and everybody knows it. The proclamations by the President and appeals for assistance by Governor Kellog are formalities which do not cloak the real nature of the business. There is no pretense in this case of riot or of an insurrection. It is a seizure of the State House by United States troops in a time of peace, a dissolution of the Assembly, and a forcible expulsion of members."

The Picayune says: "For the first time in the history of the United States armed soldiers have invaded a Legislative Hall, and bayonets have been used to expel the representatives of the people from their seats. No one ever dreamed that a President had the right to employ the army for the purpose of shaping organization of a State Legislature. In this case there was no emergency, such as the law contemplates, and no call was made upon him through the channel which the law points out. There was no insurrection, no invasion. The General Assembly was in session and had not asked him to interfere. Simply there was an organization of the House which was not agreeable to Kellogg, and upon Kellogg's requisition he sent his forces to drag from their seats members whom Kellogg asserted not to be properly chosen, and to constitutes an organization under his directions. There is no escape from this statement of facts.—General DeTrobriand announced that he was instructed to obey Governor Kellogg's orders, and Kellogg ordered him to break up the organization of the House. With this order he complied."

The Bulletin says: "When the hour arrived for the constitutional assembling of the Legislature elected by the people and absolutely admitted by the Board for strangling the returns, the army of the United States was marshaled, and when the organization of the House of Representatives showed a working force against the Kellogg usurpation, a General of the Federal army marches his troops into the very halls of legislation, and before the Speaker's chair dictates the roll of membership and organization of the House."

## "The Law of the Bayonet"

A REPUBLICAN OPIONION—OF WHAT USE ARE ELECTIONS?

Under the caption of the above quoted line from the N. Y. Evening Post, well known as the ablest Republican paper in the country, denounces the interference of the Federal army in the Legislature of Louisiana, and says:

"His (Kellogg's) whole career has consisted in being straightened up by President Grant and falling down as soon as the paternal hand from Washinton was withdrawn. The Radical mistake was made when the President undertook the labor of teaching him to walk at all. We have been constrained to admit, in many cases, that after the beginning, the equivocal cowardice of Congress in its consideration of this question served as a plausable pretext to President Grant in his successive efforts to maintain Kellogg's government. But in the present instance the first mistake may be thrown out of the account. By no sound process of reasoning can the first recognition of Kellogg and its toleration by Congress be connected with the occurrence in New Orleans yesterday. The infant is manifesting signs of precosity. His legs are no stronger than ever, but he has at last acquired the ability to use the bayonet to prop up his tottering form without the intervention of the President. He has in effect demonstrated that if the United States will only furnish him with a subservient standing army, he will hereafter maintain himself. In the meantime it is pertinent to inquire, What are to become of the rights of the people of Louisiana? Of what use are elections in that State? What is the difference between the condition of the citizens of Louisiana under Kellogg and that of the people of France under Louis Napoleon?

We do not pretend to imagine what course Congress will take in view of these astounding events in New Orleans. But one thing is sure. The neglect of President Grant and his advisers to deal promptly and satisfactorily with Kellogg will cause the Louisiana question to supercede the financial question as the most important one before the country. Unlike the financial question, the settlement of the troubles in Louisiana is a subject upon which men can agree and will agree. Passive acquiescence or open assistance in depriving the citizens of any State of this Union of the right of self-government will be fatal to the existence of any political party. No part of this country will brook the government of any other part of it by military power in time of peace, and, unless Congress compels the President and his councillors to retrace their steps, the Republican party is doomed to a ruin from which no "caucus agreement" can save it."

### The Cincinnati Enquirer on Sheridan.

The mild and amiable General Sheridan in his letter from New Orleans to the Secretary of War, suggests that if Congress would pass a bill declaring the members of the "White League" banditti, or if the President would issue a proclamation to that effect, and allow to be tried by Military Commissions, every thing would be lovely. There are black leagues, embracing the negroes, formed years before the opposition color league. The practice is to kill such a negroes as vote the same ticket with the white people. Of them it does not suit the purposes of Sheridan to say anything. The whites are the banditti. They own forty-nine fiftieths of the property. They include nearly all of the talent and culture, still Sheridan says they are "banditti." He wants to try them by Military Commissions appointed by himself. He would, in that event, have a dead sure thing. The Commission would be like the revolutionary tribunal in France in 1793–4, where the trial was a bloody farce. If Sheridan wants to put to death the leading citizens of New Orleans because they naturally object to being robbed by the thieves whom he was sent to uphold, let him be bold in the matter, and murder them without skulking behind his miserable cover of a Military Commission. A Military Commission for the trial of civilians would never be proposed by any one save a tyrant, a robber and a usurper. It is nothing more nor less than an organized mob, and its acts are no better than those of a mob. This man Sheridan's letter is the most shameless and infamous thing that we have ever seen in print. If our only object was political capital we should want nothing more than to see such a man have full swing in New Orleans.

## Discussion of the Louisiana Outrage in Congress.

### Senator Gordon of Alabama Defends Right and Justice.

### The Course of the Administration Freely Condemned by Republicans.

*Special Dispatch to the Enquirer.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 6, 1875.

The interest in the Louisiana outrage has grown more and more intense as men begin to realize its enormity and to see that it is only part of a carefully planned revolutionary scheme to provoke civil war, and thus coin a third term for Grant out of the blood and suffering of a ruined people. The galleries of Congress were crowded to-day with anxious and excited spectators. During the morning hour hardly any attention was paid to the current business of the body, both Senators and Spectators caring only for the one great topic now before the country. The Chamber was very soon enlivened by the presence of Grant's Secretary of War, General Belknap, who came up with a bunch of telegrams from General Sheridan to give the cue to Messrs. Conkling, West and Logan, and to impress any wavering Republican Republican Senators with the odor and part of his martial presence.—The debate was opened with a slow, well-considered speech from Senator West, couched in the Kellogg interest, which was enlivened only by his rancor and slanders upon the people of Louisiana. Not much attention was paid to this dull and perfunctory harangue, but when General Gordon arose to claim the floor every ear was fixed upon his utterances. The General, who has heretofore scrupulously avoided the discussion of any sectional or exciting issue, and has sat silent under frequent and severe provocation, felt that continued silence would be improper when the people with whom he was identified were held up and branded by the Republican leaders as assassins, murderers and banditti. His defense of the Southern people to-day from these vile and wholesale slanders was a perfect success, and nearly every word he uttered created a sympathetic thrill which swept through the galleries and those on the floor, regardless of party, the very Republican Senators who had provoked the reply sitting with downcast and guilt-stamped faces, and withering under the moral indignation of the speaker. Yet there was not one word in it that was bitter, imprudent or malignant, and nothing that any respectable Northern Republican, anxious for peace, liberty and a restoration of fraternal feeling would not cordially indorse. The plea for justice to the South might have been uttered and echoed as well in Massachusetts or on the Western Reserve as in Georgia, and it really left Morton and Edmunds not a leg to stand upon. There were repeated echoes of applause from the galleries, forming a refreshing contrast to the plaudits given in the past to the ordinary Radical cries of hate and vengeance. The great point of the speech was its moral elevation and the generous spirit of catholicity and nationality which prevailed all through it. General Gordon expressed the confident opinion that the great body of the people of the North were friendly to those of the South, and had no sympathy whatever with the malignant utterances made yesterday in the Chamber. Mr. Morton sat silent under the notice of his accusation. Mr. Edmunds endeavored, with his usual disingenuousness, to reply, but in every point he made he was completely foiled and defeated. Mr. Flanagan wound up the day with a stump speech in his usual vulgar style, by which he covered himself and his party with added contempt. Public opinion at the Capital is overwhelmingly against the Administration on this issue. Numbers of respectable Republicans here freely condemn it, and it is generally conceded that the sentiment of the country will be so emphatically pronounced that it will be difficult even for a drunken despot to uphold what has been done. In the Senate there is a strong exhibition of servile indorsement of Grant and Sheridan, but in the House of Representatives it is thought that there will be a serious division in the Republican ranks. Speaker Blaine and Messrs. Dawes, Hale, Willard and Hoar are reported as being opposed to the Sheridan *coup d'etat*. This sentiment finds expression in Mr. Hale's resolution looking for a new election in Louisiana. In the Senate Messrs. Henry Wilson and Cameron are quoted as dreading the effect of this atrocity upon the future of the Republican party. There can not be a doubt that Sheridan's proceedings were inspired by the Government, and that Grant's real feelings for the South are now of the blackest and most malignant character. The telegram of the Government to-day to Sheridan approving his course is based upon the telegram in which he asks for the authority to repeat his Piegan massacre upon the white race of Louisiana by the summary forms of a Military Commission, and it is well known that the Cæsar of the White House has in the last few hours bitterly denounced the Republicans in Congress who hesitate to support his revolutionary measures and schemes, but the manifestations of public opinion are this evening beginning to penetrate even the atmosphere of the White House tyranny, and to-night we have the spectacle of the President's friends hedging by insisting that the proceedings of General DeTrobriand were authorized only by General Emory, and that the Administration is not responsible for it. They say that Grant is in a position to repudiate the act, while his carpet-bag friends in Louisiana continue to enjoy and use the power thus wrongfully acquired.—The Southern Republicans are urging the most ultra measures, and demand of the President to proclaim martial law in the States of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Arkansas. Of course, if this be done and endured by the country, the same rule will be extended, on convenient pretexts, to other States, North as well as South.—Among the Senators expected to assail the President's Louisiana policy in this debate are Ferry, of Connecticut; Hamilton, of Maryland, who has the floor next; Thurman, Bayard and Merrimon. Messrs. Conkling, Morton and others will probably speak on the Republican side, and there is a prospect of a very long debate, running through the week. Nobody cares for Grant's reply to the Senate resolution, the leading fact being perfectly well known already.

## AMERICA'S POLAND.

### A General Expression of Indignation at the Acts of the Washington Tyrant and His Military Tool.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 6.—At a special meeting of the Board of Underwriters, held this day, the following report of the Committee appointed at a previous meeting was unanimously adopted:

"*Resolved*, That this Board has read with feelings of deepest sorrow and mortification the published insane dispatch of General P. H. Sheridan to the Honorable Secretary of War, under date of the 4th instant; that we esteem it a wanton, gross and unjustifiable wrong and libel on the fair fame of every citizen of our State and city; this Board has been established for purely commercial purposes, no political question has ever been discussed or proposed, but in view of this criminal outrage upon the best interests of our city by a stranger in temporary power, not only warrants, but demands, from us this expression of our unqualified denial of those vile aspersions upon our citizens; that we give our assurance to our brother underwriters at the North and West that we claim to be true and loyal citizens of the United States, and as such we are a law-loving and law-abiding people, and that life and property are as safe with us as with them, for the truth of which we confidently appeal to the noble army of Knight Templars from every State in the Union, who recently visited our city; that we can not but express our surprise that any one occupying the position of General Sheridan should presume to such knowledge of his alleged important facts upon such brief opportunities as he possibly could have during so short a time he has been in the South, and the only excuse we find for such utterances is the suggestion that comes to us this morning from New York that the dispatch was written in Washington, and sent to General Sheridan before he left Northern command; that we earnestly appeal our Northern brethren, to the Congress of the United States, to their love of liberty and justice, to afford us that protection from this present violence and from wrong and outrage which may follow, which as fellow-citizens of this great country we have a right to demand; that we cordially indorse the manly and patriotic expressions of the Cotton Exchange at their last meeting.

[Signed] THOS. A. ADAMS, Pres't.

*To the People of Louisiana:*

In the name of all that men hold dear and sacred, I implore my fellow-citizens to avoid by all means traps which our enemies and oppressors have deliberately set for us. Our deliverance from political bondage depends upon our prudence and forbearance, and a conflict with the soldiers or authorities would be the ruin of our hopes, riveting of our chains. A little more of heroism, patience and forbearance which have already crowned you with imperishable honor and aroused the sympathies of the entire country in your favor, and usurpation and misrule to which you are now subject will have ceased, and you will be once more a free, a prosperous, a happy people.

[Signed] R. H. MARR,
Chairman of the Committee of Seventy.

*To the American People:*

WHEREAS, General Sheridan, now in command of the Department of the Missouri has, under date of 4th inst, addressed a communication to General Belknap, Secretary of War, in which he represents the people of Louisiana at large as breathing vengeance to all lawful authority and approving of murder and crimes, and

WHEREAS, He has given to that communication full publicity, we, the undersigned, believe it is our duty to proclaim to the whole American people that these charges are unmerited, unfounded and erronious, and can have no other effect than of serving the interests of corrupt politicians, who are at this moment making most extreme efforts to perpetuate their power in our State of Louisiana.

New Orleans, Jan. 5, 1875.

[Signed] N. J. PERCHE,
Archbishop of New Orleans.
J. P. B. WILMER,
Bishop of Louisiana.
JAS. K. GUTHEIM,
Pastor of Temple Sinai.
J. C. KEENER,
Bishop of M. E. C. South.
C. DOLL,
Rector of

# The Banner.

**Official Paper of the County**

EDITED BY L. HARPER.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO:

FRIDAY MORNING.....JAN. 15, 1875


☞ OUR PLATFORM—No Military Despotism in America.

☞ No movement has yet been made in Congress towards the impeachment of Grant.

☞ Withdraw the army from New Orleans, and there will be peace and order at once.

☞ Grant will find it a difficult task to keep himself and his party in power by bayonets.

☞ The Plymouth saints are now all engaged in praying that the jury will acquit brother Beecher.

☞ The people still rule in this country. Little military upstarts will be made to understand this fact.

☞ When Sheridan commences the job of slaughtering the "banditti" of New Orleans, we shall let our readers know it.

☞ Beecher has been on the "ragged edge of despair" all week. His trial for seducing Mrs. Tilton commenced on Monday.

☞ General R. B. Mitchell, of Kansas, formerly of Mt. Vernon, is a candidate for Clerk of the next House of Representatives.

☞ Senator Thurman is distinguishing himself by his bold and fearless attacks upon the military mob law that now governs Louisiana.

☞ The next President will be a civilian and a Democrat. The country has had quite enough of military rule, and is anxious for a change.

☞ The Ohio *Democrat*, at New Philadelphia, runs up the name of Governor Allen to its mast head as the Democratic candidate for President.

☞ Hon. D. W. Voorhees has withdrawn from the Senatorial race in Indiana. This renders the election of Judge McDonald almost certain.

☞ The country is anxious to hear from General Sherman, the *real* head of the Army, in regard to the Louisiana infamy. Let him speak out!

☞ Governor Allen's Message on the New Orleans despotism, printed on the first page, is dignified, pointed and manly. It meets the case fairly and squarely.

☞ The Republican State Convention of New Hampshire has declared against a third term for President, and has denounced military mob law in the South. Good.

☞ The debt of Ohio is only half as much as the bonded debt of the city of Pittsburgh, and the debt of Philadelphia is three times as much as all the debts of Ohio.

☞ The State Debt of Pennsylvania has been reduced $1,230,186, during the past year. This ought to be good news for the tax-ridden people of that old Commonwealth.

☞ Frank Blair declared, less than two years ago, that U. S. Grant would die President or die King or Dictator. It looks as though Blair's prediction was about being fulfilled.

☞ The developments in the Pacific Mail subsidy investigation, show the most astounding corruption. Several Radical newspaper men have had their pockets well lined with greenbacks.

☞ The Nashville *Union*, in referring to drunken Phil. Sheridan's proceedings at New Orleans, exclaims: "How long, O Lord, how long shall the wrath of this great nation sleep while such deeds are being done!"

☞ General Schenck, U. S. Minister to England, is the author of a book on "Drawn Poker," just issued from the British press. No man living is better qualified to write a guide book for gamblers than General Schenck.

☞ William M. Bowen was Saturday elected to the Legislature from Hocking county, this State, to fill the unexpired term of Oakly Case, who resigned to accept the position of Chief Clerk in the office of Secretary of State.

☞ Grant seems to think that he can ride, booted and spurred into the Presidential chair, a third time, over the prostrate and mangled bodies of the American people. But he is only sowing the wind to reap the whirlwind.

☞ If Grant is not impeached for his unparalleled despotism in breaking up a Legislative body at the point of the bayonet, it is because his political friends in Congress have not the courage and the independence to do what is right.

☞ New York World: There is "a of defiance to all lawful authorities and an insecurity of life" in Louisiana, according to General Sheridan. Of course there is. That is what Sheridan was ordered to bring into the State, and he brought it.

☞ The independent New York *Herald* says: "Let the people in meeting assembled declare that the issue is between Constitutional rights and military usurpation, and that they will fight it out on this line if they have to take all summer."

☞ Radical politicians are now anxious to patch up some "compromise" in regard to the Louisiana outrage. They are afraid the course of Grant and Sheridan "will hurt the party." They might as well talk of spoiling addled eggs!

☞ The Republicans in Congress are said to be greatly divided on the Louisiana question, and rather than be compelled to vote either aye or no on a resolution censuring Grant, they are anxious for a speedy adjournment. They are afraid to face the music!

☞ That everasting blatherskite and nuisance, Wendell Phillips, has written a letter to Secretary Belknap, indorsing the tyranny of Grant. Upon reading his letter Grant took another drink and lighted a fresh cigar.

☞ The editor of a county Journal in New York thus appeals to the better nature of his delinquent subscribers. "To all those who are in arrears for one year or more, will come forward and pay up, we will give give a first class obituary notice gratis in case it kills him."

☞ In the United States Senate, a few days ago, Morton, the Indiana demagogue, stated that the Republican vote of Georgia at the late election was not so large as in 1868, from which fact he drew the inference that intimidation was resorted to in order to keep the negroes away from the polls. Senator Bayard replied most triumphantly by showing that the negroes of Georgia did not pay the poll-tax, which the Constitution made a prerequisite to voting. Instead of accepting this truthful explanation the malignant demagogue, who misrepresents Indiana, continued his shameless falsehoods in regard to the people of Georgia and of the South generally, to the disgust of all decent people.

☞ One Henry C. Dibble, who says he is "counsel for the State organization of the Republican party of Louisiana," has written a long letter to Hon. Charles Foster, Chairman of the Committee on Louisiana affairs, in which he takes ground that the elections in that State have been irregular, and that the proceedings of both parties in organizing the Legislature, have been illegal and revolutionary. The conclusion arrived is that a Military Government would be a good institution for the people of Louisiana at the present time.

☞ General Hugh Ewing, who is a true soldier and an accomplished gentleman, has written a card over his propes signature in regard to Sheridan, which concludes in these words: "This official communication, in my judgment, stamps the officer of the army who wrote it as the Benedict Arnold of the day. It calls to mind the picture of a bloodhound straining at the leash. It is monstrous! and as one of his late comrades in arms, I join in its open and utter condemnation."

☞ The fact has come to light that General Sherman, (the head of the Army) was not consulted in regard to sending Phil. Sheridan to New Orleans. The order proceeded direct from Grant, and was received through the Adjutant General's Office. This course was taken owing to a belief that General Sherman did not believe it was the business of the Army to break up a Legislative body at the point of the bayonet.

☞ General Sheridan has sent two more despatches to the Secretary of War repeating his slanders on the citizens of Louisiana, ridiculing the protest made by the New Orleans clergy of all creeds, and the Cotton and Merchants' Exchanges, the Chamber of Commerce, Board of Underwriters, etc., and insinuating that all these authorities lied while he alone told the truth.

☞ The Democrats of Philadelphia on Monday night celebrated the anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans by a banquet at the Merchant's Hotel. Speeches were made by Wm. H. Witte, Governor Parker, of New Jersey, John O'Bryne and others. The remarks were chiefly relative to the troubles in Louisiana. President Grant's action in the matter was severely denounced.

☞ Senator Carl Schurz delivered a ringing speech in the U. S. Senate on last Monday upon the Louisiana question. The Senate Chamber was crowded to overflowing, and the eloquent speaker was listened to with profound attention. He portrayed the wrongs of Louisiana, and the danger of this alarming Executive usurpation.—Morton attempted to reply, but it was a dead failure.

☞ Vice President Wilson does not hesitate to denouce the breaking up of the Louisiana Legislature by a military mob as a great wrong and outrage, which will be a serious blow to the Republican party. He complains that he has no voice in the management of affairs, and that if his suggestions had been accepted two years ago, this whole Southern trouble would have been averted.

☞ The Columbus *Dispatch*, (independent) says: The spectacle of a file of United States soldiers in the Hall of the House of Representatives in New Orleans, affords ample food for serious contemplation.—Republican government has heretofore been considered a weak instrument in the hands of authority. Grant is determined to show that the prerogatives of a President are as great as those of an autocrat.

☞ Senator Thurman introduced a resolution in the United States Senate on the 5th inst., calling on the President for information in regard to the military outrage in New Orleans. The resolution was opposed by Messrs. Morton, Conkling and Edmunds, who got off once more the "Ku-Klux" and "Southern Outrage" speeches which they used so ineffectually during the late elections."

☞ We devote almost the entire outside of this week's BANNER to publications in regard to the Louisiana infamy. We hope every line will be carefully perused by our readers of all parties. Too much cannot be said and published about this dastardly outrage. Pass the paper to your Republican neighbor after you get through reading it.

☞ Great excitement prevails at Washington Court House, this State, on account of a party of Pan-Handle Engineers being sent by the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad Company, to survey a line from that place to Xenia, in opposition to the proposed Dayton and Southern narrow-guage. All the stock for the narrow guage is taken.

☞ Phil. Sheridan telegraphed to Washington that he has been threatened with assassination in New Orleans, but declares that he is not afraid. This "assassination" story has no doubt been manufactured by the Radical office-holders and boot-blacks of New Orleans, who wish to retain power by the aid of bayonents.

☞ Suppose Grant had ordered one of his military satraps to expel the Democratic members of the Ohio Legislature at the point of the bayonet, so that the men not elected might take their places, would the people of Ohio submit to the outrage? No—never. And yet that is precisely the situation of affairs in Louisiana.

☞ President Grant and his Attorney General (Laundelet Williams) have all week been engaged in preparing a message to Congress, justifying Sheridan's infamy, by trumping up a series of slanders against the people of the South. No one will place confidence in anything these thoroughly bad men may say.

☞ The Hardin County *Democrat*, D. S. FISHER editor and proprietor, has been enlarged and clothed in a beautiful new dress, presenting an appearance second to no other weekly paper in the State. Bro. Fisher understands the art of getting up a first-class county paper. Success to him.

## Immense Meeting in New York to Denounce Military Despotism.

Pursuant to the call which is published on the first page of this week's BANNER, an immense meeting of the citizens of New York, without respect to party, convened at Cooper Institute on Monday evening, for the purpose of giving expression to the sentiments of the people in regard to the unparalleled outrage committed against liberty in New Orleans, at the instance of U. S. Grant, the Washington despot. Long before the time fixed for the meeting to assemble the immense hall was crowded to overflowing by the leading citizens of the Commercial Emporium of Ameirca, and thousands of people were compelled to leave who could not obtain entrance. Hon. August Belmont called the meeting to order and on his motion Mayor Wickman was made President of the meeting. A long list of Vice Presidents was announced, amongst whom may be mentioned Wm. E. Dodge, Whitelaw Reed, Peter Coooper, Wm. Cullen Bryant, Charles O'Conner, and about seventy others. Mr. Bryant, who is editor of the *Evening Post*, the leading Republican paper in the United States, addressed the meeting in a very able speech, showing conclusively that the President had no right to send a military force to New Orleans, to break up the Louisiana Legislature at the point of the bayonet. He declared that it was a gross usurpation of power—an evil that must be crushed in its infancy, while its bones are yet in grisle, and before it becomes formidable as a precedent.

A long serious of resolutions were read, denouncing the interference of the military in State affairs, and condemning the dispatches of General Sheridan. Loud and long continued applause followed each clause which denounced the conduct of the military authorities in the State of Louisiana.

Mayor Wickham put the question on the adoption of the resolutions as read, and they were carried amid the loudest uproar and a perfect storm of ayes.

Hon. Wm. M. Evarts, one of the ablest men in America, then delivered a powerful speech, which was received with shouts of applause. He said the sole intervention of Federal authority within the province of State authority is to suppress violence, and that office, even, it shall not assume except when invited by the Legislature of the State; and in no casual condition that the Legislature is not in session can the Governor represent the Legislature in the demand, but only on the condition that they can not be convened. Now, then, by the Constitution of Louisiana, the Legislature was in session, and the Governor had no power, had no right, to represent that State in a demand for intervention of the Federal authorities. It is only in insurrection, or that degree of violence that approaches insurrection in effect, that the Constitution of the United States has provided for this intervention; and it is only in support of such intervention that the legislation of the Congresses of 1795 and 1807 armed the President with the authority. He thought the constitutionality of the law set forth that when a riot was imminent a proclamation should be issued. If, when the Louisiana election was held, armed bands intimidated voters, then was the time for the President of the United States to interfere. This effort to control the Legislature struck at the very soul of a republican form of government. The people should know, and teach their rulers that all their officers were only in their positions to act in accordance with law.

Mr. Evarts was followed by Hon. Jas. S. Thayer, Hon. Wm. E. Dodge, George Ticknor Curtis, and ex-Governor Solomon, after which the meeting adjourned.

## Eighth of January at Wooster.

The Democracy of Wayne county held their annual "love-feast" at Wooster on the Eighth of January, the anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans. From the fact that Governor Allen was announced to be there, an immense number of persons from Wayne and the surrounding counties were present. The hall where the festival took place was crowded to overflowing. Dr. L. Firestone presided on the occasion. Letters were read from Hon. George H. Pendleton, General Morgan and others. The principal speech of the evening was delivered by Governor Allen, in response to the toast "Andrew Jackson." In the course of his remarks he paid his respects to the military tyrants who are seeking to overthrow Republican Liberty in America. Speeches were also made by Hon. George L. Converse, of Columbus, John A. Cockerill, Esq., of the Cincinnat *Enquirer*, and Hon. John McSweeny, of Wooster. A splendid supper and a bull concluded the entertainment of the evening. The citizens of Wooster, and more especially the ladies, made greater efforts than ever to render the celebration more successful than usual. All present speak of it as a brilliant and delightful gathering of the "fair women and brave men" of old Democratic Wayne. We are sorry that it was out of our power to accept the kind invitation of the committee to be present on the joyous occasion.

## To the Point.

Columbus *Despatch* in reply to the *Journal* of the same city: To say that Kellogg, even if he is properly Governor of Louisiana, has a right to invoke Federal bayonets to seat or unseat members of its Legislature, is to say that if a Republican majority had been elected to the Legislature of Ohio a year ago, and Governor Allen had desired a Democratic majority, that it would have been proper for him to have turned out a sufficient number of Republicans and given their places to Democrats through the aid of Federal bayonets, to have left a Democratic majority. And yet if such a thing had occurred in this State, we would have had revolution in an hour, and the *Journal* would have been most active in promoting it. Neither Governors or United States troops have any business tampering with the organization of State Legislatures; they are the direct representatives of the people.

## Phil Sheridan's Slanders.

The vile slanders heaped upon the intelligent people of Louisiana by Phil. Sheridan, occupying the position of "Lieutenant General of the U. S. Army," styling them outlaws and "banditti," has aroused the indignation of the whole American people. But what else could be expected from Sheridan? He has not associated with gentlemen, or mingled with the white people of New Orleans since his arrival in that city; and hence he has had no means to learn to the truth in regard to the real condition of affairs in that city. His associations have been among the office holders, put into power by bayonets, and the scallawags and boot-blacks who compose the bogus Legislature of Louisiana. From these fellows and not from the truth loving, intelligent people of New Orleans, has Sheridan derived the false information on which he predicated his infamous slanders on a peaceable, inoffending and long-suffering people.

## POLITICAL.

The Democrats were victorious in the Memphis municipal elections on the 8th inst.

Grant says to the Louisiana Returning Board, count out the Democrats and you shall be backed by the army.

Grant has earned the proud distinction of being the "greatest criminal of his age" and the Claudius Nero of his country.

The Republicans claim to have one Radical Governor in the South (Chamberlane) who is not a thief, and are happy.

The Cincinnati Commercial denounces the action of the Louisiana Returning Board, as "a rascally fraud." That is sufficiently mild.

John Delano's returns to Washington is the harbinger of spring contracts in the Interior Department. John is the son of his father.

Gen. Sheridan's father broke limestone to build a turnpike. Phil. proposes to macadamize the road to military despotism with human skulls.

For Cataline and Nero there were probably some excuses, as they lived at the dawn of modern civilization. For Grant and Sheridan there are none.

Grant has given the missing witness in the safe burglary trial, Colby, a Consular appointment and the Senate has confirmed the recusant. Grant pays his useful men well.

Governor Parker, of New Jersey, truthfully declares "that the policy of this administration towards the Southern States is a crime, the political crime of the nineteenth century."

The New York Sun says with justice as well as vigor, "we are to-day living under a vulgar despotism, of which brute force and venality are the chief characteristics."

New 8th of January in New Orleans: The enemy under General Sheridan advanced upon the patriots and drove them from their entrenchments at the point of the bayonet.

## "The President and All of Us."

Wm. W. Belknap, Grant's Secretary of War, sent the following telegram to Phil. Sheridan, indorsing his brutal "banditti" slander of the day previous:

"WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, January 6.

"Gen. P. H. Sheridan, New Orleans:

"The President and all of us have full confidence in and thoroughly approve your course.

"WM. W. BELKNAP,
"Secretary of War."

"The President and all of us" Radicals at Washington are thus committed to indorse and approve the most infamous act of tyranny ever perpetrated in America.—If late dispatches from Washington are to be relied upon, "all of us" (the Cabinet) do not indorse this stupendous outrage; and it is reported that at least three members of the Cabinet, (Messrs. Fish, Bristow and Jewell,) openly denounce the great wrong inflicted upon the people of Louisiana by Grant and Sheridan. Laundalet Williams, the pious Delano and Belknap will of course stand by their bread and butter, and indorse every villainous act Grant may suggest to keep his party in power.

## A Remarkable Statement of "Governor" Kellogg.

In reply to Mr. Potter, a member of the Congressional Investigating Committee, Kellogg, the bogus Governor of Louisiana, said "he did not think, under the present circumstances, that the State Government could maintain itself without the support of the United States forces, and probably had been in the same position since the 14th of September last.

This is certainly a most remarkable statement. The "State Government" of Louisiana, which was inaugurated by fraud, through the midnight decision of a drunken Judge, must be maintained in power by Federal bayonets; and the bogus Governor thus inaugurated, supported by a drunken and malignant "Lieutenant General of the United States Army," employs the same army to drive the legally elected members of the Legislature from the State Capital at the point of the bayonet." How long will the American people submit to such outrages?

## Movements in the Right Direction.

The Governors of Ohio, Tennessee, Missouri and Massachusetts have sent messages to the Legislatures of their respective States calling attention to the outrage on liberty perpetrated by Grant and Sheridan in Louisiana. The Arkansas and Virginia Legislatures are also preparing to take suitable action on the matter. Sheridan's wholesale slanders on the South continue to evoke protests from all quarters. The foreign residents of New Orleans held a meeting and denounced them for what they are, and the Catholic, Episcopal, Jewish, Methodist, and Presbyterian ministers of Little Rock, Ark., have issued an address denying Sheridan's infamous charges.

## Repelling the Slander.

The Members of the Cotton Exchange and of the Merchants' Exchange, of New Orleans, organizations composed of men of all parties, have passed decided resolutions denouncing the dispatch of Phil Sheridan, styling the white people of New Orleans "banditti," as false and calumnious. The Bishops and clergy of all the churches have united in a statement to the same effect, and the foreign residents of the city, and Northern and Western business men temporarily sojourning there, have held meetings pronouncing the declarations of Sheridan as inconsistent with the truth, unjust and wholly without foundation.

☞ The New Orleans *Republican* is responsible for the following. Sheridan probably don't see the joke:

**Dark Deeds—Work of the Banditti**

H'DQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF MISSOURI,
New Orleans, Jan. 6, 1875, 8 p. m.

Hon. W. W. Belknap, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:

*Dear Sir*—It affords me great pleasure to inform you that I was assassinated at 6 o'clock last evening by the Banditti. I shall be buried with military honors at 10 a. m. to-morrow. P. H. SHERIDAN.
Lieut. Gen. Comd'g.

P. S.—Speaker Lowell just informs me that he was shot and killed about an hour ago, on Canal street. P. H. S.

☞ The brutal and fiendish declaration of Phil. Sheridan that the white people of New Orleans are "banditti," and should therefore be shot down in cold blood, was "thoroughly approved" by Grant. This was understood before Grant ordered Sheridan to New Orleans. And it is all a part of the programme to inaugurate another civil war, and put the country under Martial Law, in order that the tyrant Grant may rule with a rod of iron four years longer. Are the American people prepared for a Monarchy?

☞ Grant's blood-and-thunder Message has burst upon an astonished world.

## A Dispatch to Senator Thurman.

The following dispatch was sent to Senator Thurman, of Ohio, by Mr. Hutcheson, formerly a citizen of this State, and a personal acquaintance and friend of the distinguished Senator:

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Jan. 6, 1875.

Hon. A. G. Thurman, U. S. Senate, Washington, D. C.

As an Ohioan residing in this city for the past six years, I wish to unite my testimony in this manner with others who contradict the statements of the extraordinary letter of Gen. Sheridan to the Secretary of War in regard to the condition of affairs in this State.

Give the people of Louisiana a decent and responsible government, and there would not be found a more orderly and quiet community in the country. As it is without a government that can command respect or obedience, the people illustrate in a high degree their capacity for self-government, peculiar alone to Americans. The disorders result from the nature of the government, not from the evil disposition of the people.

As a lawyer, familiar with the Constitution and laws of Louisiana, I will say that the preliminary organization of the House of Representatives on Monday last was regular and legal, and Mr. Wiltz was lawfully elected Speaker of the permanent organization.

I have the honor to be, etc.,
Your obedient seavant,
R. HUTCHESON.

## The State Legislatures.

Both branches of the Indiana Legislature organized on the 5th. A Democratic Speaker was elected in the House. The Democrats have a clear majority of eight on joint ballot.

The Florida Legislature met again on the 5th and a Democratic speaker of the Assembly was elected. The Senate has not yet been able to agree upon a President.

The Illinois Legislature effected a permanent organization on the 5th, and E. M. Haines, Democrat, was elected Speaker of the House.

Governor Dingley sent his message to the Maine Legislature on the 5th. The message suggested that the divorce laws be reformed and that a bill be passed enabling women to hold office.

Governor Bagley's message to the Michigan Legislature contains a gratifying exhibit of the state finances.

The Kansas Legislature met on Tuesday. J. H. Folks was elected Secretary of the Senate, E. H. Fuston Speaker of the House, and Henry Booth Chief Clerk.—The Governor's message was delivered the next day.

## An "Organ" in New York

[New York Telegram to the Chicago Times.]

There seems good reason to believe that either the Republic is to be revived or another Republican daily is to be issued between this and spring. It is asserted that several prominent politicians have been on here from Washington to see C. C. Norvell, and say they ought not to have let his paper to die; that they had no idea of its condition; that the Administration must have an organ in the metropolis. If they may be believed, half a million dollars can and will be raised for that purpose. They appear to be looking for proper men for editor and publisher, having doubt of Norvell's executive ability since his recent failure.

## Three Teams and their Drivers Drowned.

OMAHA, Jan. 12.—At noon to-day three teams in charge of four men were seen crossing the ice from Iowa to the Nebraska side of the Missouri river. When about half away across the horses, wagons and men suddenly disappeared. They immediately sank and were swept down by the rapid current. It has not been ascertained who the unfortunate men were. It is supposed they must have been driven over a place from which the ice had been recently cut, and which had only frozen over lightly.

☞ Every paper in the city of New York, Republican as well as Democratic, condemns, in most emphatic terms, the Administration outrage in Louisiana.—The *Times*, the Grant organ, concludes a long and able article on the subject in these words: "We do not believe the country will regard such aprocedure with approval. If it does, the consequences to our system of Government can not be easily foreseen."

☞ After experimenting for thirty years, a man in Hamilton, Ohio, writes to Mr. Anderson, of the Butter and Egg Association, that he can pack eggs so that they are fresher after twelve months than they were when first laid. He says that by his process they "lose their decomposing elements," and for beating and foaming, and for all pastry purposes and flavor, they are not excelled by the new laid egg. He proposes to send the eggs in place of an essay, with the hope of getting the $200 prize which has been offered by the Association.

A New Orleans telegram says that the Congressional Committee are unanimous in expressing the opinion that the action of the Returning Board cannot stand. They believe the Democrats have a majority in the House and the Republicans a majority in the Senate. Grant and Williams ought to indulge in a week's spree over such cheering intelligence.

☞ Senator Thurman's resolution of inquiry into the use of Federal troops to break up the Louisiana Legislature came up again in the United States Senate on the 6th, and during the debate Senator Gordon, of Georgia, made an eloquent and vigorous speech in defence of the Southern people.

☞ The Rump Legislature of Louisiana on Tuesday, in order to "settle all dispute," went into a re-election of the negro Pinchback to the U. S. Senate. The thing was carried through successfully, to the great disappointment of the Custom House Ring, especially brother-in-law Casey.

☞ Hon. S. S. Cox, on Monday last, introduced resolutions in Congress, demanding the withdrawal of the Federal troops from Louisiana, and the condign punishment of those engaged in the reckless usurpation of overthrowing the civil power by an armed military force.

☞ Advices from General Pope, at Ft. Leavenworth, to army headquarters, are that several small bands of Southern Arapahoe and Cheyenne Indians are attempting to reach the northern agencies of the same tribes, and he recommends that they be arrested on arrival and sent back.

☞ The New Hampshire Democratic Convention met Jan. 5th and nominated Hiram R. Roberts for Governor, and adopted resolutions favoring a revenue tariff, specie payments, free speech and a free press, and denouncing the Grant usurpation in Louisiana.

☞ The brutal Sheridan privately tells his friends that he will have his revenge upon the respectable white people of New Orleans, because they did not see fit to invite him to their houses when he was in that city in 1867, and did not include him in their social calls on the 1st day of January.

## NEWS ITEMS.

Babcock & Co., New York grocers, have failed.

King Kalakaua left Boston Saturday for Chicago, via Niagara Falls.

Jefferson Davis is said to be dangerously ill at his home in Tennessee.

A Philadelphia dispatch states the suspension of mining operation is almost general.

Judge Abram Martin, the oldest member of the bar in Montgomery, Ala., died Friday.

J. H. Brenneman, of Chillicothe, is to be the chief clerk of the new School Commissioner.

The Court House of Adams county, Ill., at Quiney, was burned Saturday. All the records were saved.

A despatch from Rotherham, Yorkshire, reports a colliery explosion there, by which eight lives were lost.

Rev. Leighton Coleman, Rector of Trinity Church, has been chosen Bishop of the Fon du Lac (Wis.) diocese.

The steamer Kathleen Mary, from Odessa for Falmouth, has been lost at sea and twenty-six persons drowned.

Centennial agents in New York have taken five subscriptions of $5000 each, besides one of $10,000 by Stewart & Co.

The lumbermen of Detroit are protesting against increased rates of freight of the Empire, Star and Union Freight lines.

Mrs. Bowsher, of Wapakoneta, Ohio, was so badly burned by a coal oil explosion Saturday that her life is despared of.

President MacMahon is expected to send another message to the French Assembly urging action on the constitutional laws.

The great mill at Magdan, N. B., was burned Friday night, together with two of the children of the keeper, named Boardman.

The German war vessels Nautilus and Albatross, which recently left Spanish waters, have been ordered back to Santander.

George Weyman, a jeweler who decamped from New York with $18,000 worth of diamonds, has been arrested in San Francisco.

A party of excursionists from the Northwest are now in Texas, urging the necessity of a Gulf outlet for the grain of their section.

A man named James Greenlee was run over and instantly killed by the Cincinnati and Pittsburgh train at Bellaire, Ohio, Friday.

Most of the business portion of the town of Orangeburg, S. C., was destroyed by fire on last Friday night. Loss about $200,000.

The St. George school, church and nunnery, at Kenosha, Wis., were entirely destroyed by fire Tuesday. Loss $50,000; insurance $10,600.

The defaulting clerk of the National Band of Redemption, in Boston, George H. Kingsbury, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment in jail.

Judgement has been obtained by default against the Mobile and Northwestern Railroad Co. for $123,467, on account of building fifty miles of road bed.

All the great European powers have authorized their representatives at Madrid to enter into semi-official relations with the Government of King Alfonzo.

Preparations are making at Barcelona for the reception of King Alfonzo. The Bank of Spain has advanced the Government Treasury 40,000,000 reals.

Savings deposits in the bank of California amount to $62,933,054, and the average to each depositor is a hundred per cent. greater than in any other State.

The Atlantic Cotton Mills, at Lowell, Mass., lately running only four days in the week, start on full time Monday. They give employment to 1900 operatives.

Bartlett & Cutting's paper mills, at Dalton, Massachusetts, were burned Monday night. Loss $100,000: insurance $60,000. Fifty persons are thrown out of employment.

Charles A. Stevens, defeated candidate in the November election, was on Tuesday nominated for Congress in Massachusetts to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Alvah Crocker.

A. & W. F. DeCamp's carriage and wagon manufactory, at Dayton, was totally destroyed, with contents, Tuesday night. Loss $50,000; fully insured. Fifty men are thrown out of employment.

It is estimated that during the last four or five weeks two hundred daily and weekly newspapers have suspended in the United States, and that $6,000,000 have been lost in the publishing business within the year.

While John Page was riding a horse at the race track at Celina, last Saturday, the horse ran into the fence, killing both horse and rider. Page lived about two hours after the accident, but was not sensible.

A tract of 40,000 acres of land, lying in Maryland and West Virginia, is about to be divided. It is owned by the heirs of a grantee under the British Government. Coal and iron mines of great value have been discovered on it.

The Kansas Legislature met at Topeka January 12th. John H. Folks was elected Secretary of the Senate; E. H. Fuston, Speaker of the house; and Henry Booth, Chief Clerk. Governor Osborne's message will be delivered to-morrow.

Ex-Gov. Thomas E. Bramlette, died at his residence in Louisville, Tuesday afternoon, after an illness of several weeks.—He was Governor of Kentucky during the closing years of the war, but has since not taken an active part in politics.

A report has reached Fort Laramie through a half-breed that Captain Henry has returned to Camp Sheridan, himself and men being badly frozen. The temperature has been 45° below zero within a week, and was 27° below yesterday.

On Monday Whitelaw Reed, editor of the New York Tribune, gave three thousand dollars to the Kansas and Nebraska sufferers. The Tribune dollar subscriptions continue at the rate of two hundred dollars per day, and it is expected before the fund is closed it will reach some ten thousand dollars.

## The Drunken Judge Durell.

Washington dispatch, January 7th:—The Republican faction in the House buried Judge Durell to-day, and in doing so gave the Administration party and the Kellogg Government one of the severest blows it has received for some time. The Judiciary Committee reported back the resolutions of impeachment, and asked that they be laid on the table. The opinion of the Committee was unanimous that the famous midnight order which set up the Kellogg Government was sufficient grounds for impeachment, and that the evils existing in the State to-day are directly traceable to it. Even Butler was forced to admit this. Tremaine declared that it resembled a military command rather than a judicial decision. Mr. Niblack contended that Durell was still liable to in peachment, but by a party vote he was allowed to escape the punishment he richly deserves.

## A MEMORIAL.

To the People of the United States.

The undersigned merchants of the city city of New Orleans, not members of the Cottton Exchange, the Chamber of Commerce or the Merchants' Exchange, desirous of adding their testimony and making their earnest protest against the action of Gen. P. H. Sheridan in misrepresenting the citizens of this city and State, do most positively and emphatically deny that there is one word of truth in his dispatch to Hon. W. W. Belknap, Secretary of War, under date January 4. And they pronounce said dispatch, which asserts "that the lives of citizens have become jeopardized and that such is the defiance to the laws that murder seems to be looked upon by the community here with immunity, etc.," is a base calumny, and absolutely false from beginning to end, and they do most solemnly avow that the assertions contained in said dispatch are gross and flagrant misrepresentations of the true feeling of a peaceful, tolerant, long-suffering and law-abiding people.

And with this protest against the unwarranted attempt to injure us in the estimation of distant communities, and hinder us in the peaceful pursuance of our business, we appeal to the sense of justice dear to the citizens of the United States, and to our fellow merchants throughout the land, to unite with us in sweeping this foul stain from the honor of a high-minded and magnanimous people.

[The above was signed by the names of one thousand of the leading business men of New Orleans.]—ED BANNER.

## Oh for One Hour of Harry Clay!

If Henry Clay were alive, and in the Senate or in the House, how the whole country would be electrified by his eloquence in denunciation of Sheridan's proposition and Grant's approval of Sheridan's course!

Or if any one of the great men of the past were living—Webster, or Benton, or Cass—how easy it is to tell on which side he would be found in this matter!

It is a pity that we have not stronger men in Congress at present. Mr. Thurman to be sure has made a very good beginning in the Senate; but it is an occasion for the best efforts of the greatest statesmen, and what is wanting in the doings of Congress should be made up in voluntary, spontaneous action at home—in meetings of the people called to oppose and denounce the reign of Tyranny already inaugurated and begun.

Let the people speak. But one can not help thinking what a luxury it would be to hear or to read the burning words of the great statesman of Kentucky if he could be recalled from the dead, to characterize, in fitting terms, the first dastardly movement toward military usurpation and military despotism!—*N. Y. Sun.*

## Suppose.

The election of a Senator in New York takes place a week from next Tuesday.

Suppose that on Monday, the day before that election, a military force of the United States under some energetic officer should appear in Albany and camp about the State House.

Suppose the commanding general should go first into the Senate Cbamber with a file of bayonets and turn out all the Senators who are believed to be hostile to the third term, and install in their places men who had been furnished to him as favoroble to that project.

Suppose he should then go into the Assembly chamber and repeat there the same process.

And suppose he should remain in possession of the city of Albany and of the public offices there until at the proper time this bogus Legislature had chosen a third-term Senator and supplied him with the credentials requisite to his obtaining the desired seat in the Senate.

Were all this done, there would be committed in Albany but a portion of the crime which Grant and his creatures have now committed in New Orleans.—*N. Y. Sun.*

## Presidential Prognostications.

If George H. Pendleton is not the coming man, then who is?—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Thomas A. Hendricks, Allen G. Thurman or Horatio Seymour.—*Omaha Herald.*

Both wrong. It is Governor William Allen, of Ohio. We predict that he will be nominated for President by the Democratic National Convention in 1876 by acclamation.—*St. Louis Despatch.*

If you must speculate why not take in Rufus P. Ranney, of Ohio, or Governor John Hoffman, of New York.—*Bryan Democrat.*

## COMMERCIAL RECORD.

### Mt. Vernon Markets.

*Carefully Corrected Weekly for the Banner.*

MT. VERNON, Jan. 15, 1875.

BUTTER—Choice table, 25c.
EGGS—Fresh, per doz., 22c.
CHEESE—Western Reserve, 16c.
APPLES—Green, 75c. ₱ bushel; Dried 6c. per lb.
POTATOES—75c. per bushel.
PEACHES—New and bright, dried 8c. per lb.
BEANS—Prime white, $1,25 per bushel.
FEATHERS—Prime live goose, 50@60c. per lb.
BEESWAX—Yellow, 25c. per lb.
LARD—Loose 9c. per lb.
SEEDS—Cloverseed, $4.95@5.00 per bushel; Timothy $3,00@3.10; Linseed, $3; Flax, $1,80.
TALLOW—6c. per lb.
HOGS—Live weight, 4½c per lb; dressed 7c per lb.
RAGS—2c. per lb.
FLOUR—$5,00.
WHEAT—95c to $1 per bushel.
OATS—50c. per bushel.
CORN—New, 60c.
RYE—65 cts. per bushel.
WOOL—45c@47c.
HAY—Timothy, $12 to $15 per ton.
The above are the buying rates—a little more would be charged by the retailer.

### East Liberty Live Stock Market.

EAST LIBERTY, PA., Jan. 13.

Cattle—Receipts 1505 head; the supply for the yard sales was good, but mostly common to medium. The market was slow and prices were off a little. Best $6.50; medium to good $5.25@6; common to fair $4.50@6; stockers $2.75@3.50; bulls $2.50@4.

Hogs—Receipts to-day 2585 head; Yorkers $6.60@6.80; best Philadelphias $7.40@7.50.

Sheep—Receipts to-day 6890 head; best 85@5.25; good $4.25@4.50; medium $4@4.50; common $3.50@4.

### Cincinnati Hog Market.

JANUARY 13.—Receipts 3788; lower grades dull and neglected, but better grades were active and firm at the opening, closing dull; common $6@6.60; medium to fair $6.75@7.15; good packing grades $7.-25@7.40; choice butchers' $7.50. Unsold 2370; shipments 112.


**J. W. RUMSEY**

OFFERS FOR SALE

**Choice & Valuable Building Grounds.**

☞ Terms made suitable to all. Call at once. jan15tf


**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

THE undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified by the Probate Court of Knox Co., O., Administrator of the Estate of Hilary Blewbaugh, late of Knox Co., Ohio, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly proved to the undersigned for allowance. JAS. W. BRADFIELD,
Jan. 15-w3* Administrator.


**The Best Hay-Fork Out.**

JUST INVENTED BY A FARMER. It is simple and practical. Can use from 4 to 12 prongs, as they are placed in a slide-head. Farmers will admire it at sight. State and County Rights for sale at reasonable figures.—It is just the article for wide-awake men to make money with. For particulars write to REUBEN K. BALL, Mt. Vernon, Ohio.
Dec. 18-3m*

**GREEN'S DRUG STORE**

HAVING resumed the Drug Business at my old stand, I hereby announce to the Citizens of Mount Vernon, and Knox county, that I have a large, complete and carefully selected stock of

**Drugs and Medicines,**

**Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Oils,**

**Varnishes, Paint & Varnish Brushes,**

Fine Soaps, Perfumes, Hair Oils,

**WHITE LEAD, WHITE ZINC,**

Colored Paints, Sand Paper,

*Glues, Gold Leaf, Bronzes, Hair Dyes,*

Hair, Shaving and Tooth Brushes, Scrubbing and Window Brushes, Fluid and Solid Extracts, Elixirs, Patent Medicines, Choice Teas, Fine Wines and Liquors, for medicinal uses.

It is my intention to keep a stock of pure and reliable goods, and to sell at such prices and upon such terms that the farmer, mechanic, physician, clergymen, lawyers, laboring men, women and children, can come with perfect confidence to my store, to make their purchases. In a word I want it understood that HEADQUARTERS for DRUGS and MEDICINES is at

**GREEN'S DRUG STORE.**

Mt. Vernon, O., Jan. 15, 1875.

**W. H. BARNES**

Contemplating a change of business on April 1st, has opened a

RETAIL DEPARTMENT

# THE BANNER.

WM. M. HARPER, LOCAL EDITOR.

Mount Vernon.....Jan. 15, 1875


### Pay Up and Save Costs.

Pursuant to notice, we shall this week erase the names of a number of delinquents from our subscription books, and put the accounts in the hands of Justices of the Peace for collection. Many of those in arrears have responded promptly—others have paid a portion of their dues, and promise to pay the balance soon. But by far the greater number have made no response whatever to our call. We know that times are hard, and money is scarce, and wishing to be as accommodating as possible, we have concluded to extend the time of payment until the first of March to those who are in arrears for only a few years; but after that time no one should complain if the costs of collection are added to the price of the paper.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

— Read Braddock's column this week.

— Bellevillians are crying alound for a Town Hall.

— Read Nos. 88, 89, 90 and 91 in Braddock's column.

— Waterford has sent $30 to the grasshopper sufferers.

— There are 1,701 dogs in Knox county, which are valued at $5,010.

— The lecture by Dr. Hayes, the arctic explorer, has been indefinitely postponed.

— The Delinquent List in Allen county makes eight close columns of the Lima *Democrat*.

— The farmers are reaping a rich harvest this year, in increased prices for hogs, corn, etc.

— Our Congressman, Hon. J. W. Robinson, has our thanks for a copy of the Congressional Record.

— The B. & O. Railroad depot at Mansfield, has been removed to the crossing of the A. & G. W. Railway.

— Old bachelors warm sticks of wood and take them to bed these cold nights.—Go and get married.

— The Western Union Telegraph Company have made a reduction of nearly fifty per cent. in their rates.

— People who go out gunning these days lay themselves liable to prosecution under the game laws of the State.

— The report of the death of the "Immortal J. N." is not true. J. N. is not going to die until his times comes.

— We want a correspondent for the BANNER in every township in Knox county. Make your letters brief and to the point.

— Linzy Hays while out hunting one day last week with two small dogs, captured a large red fox in Harrison township.

— There were 118 interment in the Mansfield Cemetery during the year 1874, being 29 less than during the year previous.

— We notice by the Report of the Auditor of State that the authorities of Mansfield refused to report the amount of their city debt.

— When your boots get water-soaked fill them up with oats. The oats absorb the misture and prevents the boots from shrinking.

— We are indebted to Senator Paul for a copy of the voluminous and very interesting Report of the Auditor of State, for the year 1874.

— A great many persons started off the year 1875 with the fixed purpose of keeping a diary of their own local invent. How many will keep it up?

— A cold rain on Tuesday night and Wednesday morning, rendered the walking horrible. The righteous as well as the wicked stood in slippery places.

— The Church papers announce the death, at Newton, Long Island, of Mrs. Alletta Strong, the mother of Mrs. Bishop Bedell, at the advanced age of 86 years.

— Wm. Cleghern, boot and shoe dealer, of Mansfield has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. Mr. C. formerly resided in Liberty township, Knox county.

— The Barnard House, at Mansfield, which has been closed since last August, has again been opened. A gentleman from Shreve, named Keister, does the honors.

— Soturday was unquestionably the coldest that has been experienced in Mt. Vernon for many years. The thermometer showed a temperature of 14° below zero.

— The Delinquent Tax List is larger than usual this year in all the counties of Ohio, which don't indicate an improvement in the financial condition of the country.

— Some of the inmates of the Mansfield Jail had a plot all arranged to attack Sheriff Dickson, and make their escape. But the "signal" was misunderstood and the plot failed.

— It is reported that Tiffin will be the principal division of the Baltimore, Pittsburg & Chicago Railroad in Ohio, and that the main shops of the road will also be located there.

— The Grangers in different parts of the State are raising funds for their suffering brethren in the grasshopper districts of the West. We hope the Knox County Grangers will not be behind in this good work.

— The Gambier *Argus* says: Mr. Moses Dudgeon sold last Saturday to Messrs. Head & Trimble, to be shipped from our station, twenty Berkshire hogs, that were perfect beauties. They averaged 257 lbs. each.

— Messrs. Trott & Hyde, the "butter Kings" of Mt. Vernon, notified all their agents by postal card last week not to pay over 20 cents per pound for butter, owing to a big "tumble down" in the Eastern markets.

— Mr. Stephen Moxley, an old and respected citizen of Liberty township, died on Saturday evening, January 9th, in the 79th year of his age. The deceased was a native of Maryland, but has resided in Knox county for forty-one years past.

— The election of trustees of Fredericktown Forest Cemetery resulted in electing W. B. Cox, H. Cassell, James Duncan, sr., S. P. Potter and J. D. Bartlett, without opposition. J. F. Gay was elected Secretary without opposition.—*Fredericktown Independent.*

— Prof. Marsh addressed the Teachers' Institute of Richland county, which met at Shiloh, Dec. 24th, on the subject of Elocution. He said that the "secret of elocution was proper physical training, and that without this no one could be a perfect orator."

— The jury in the Warner vs. Cleveland, Mt. Vernon & Columbus Railway case failed to agree and were discharged by the Court this (Tuesday) morning.—They had been deliberating since Saturday morning, and from first to last stood nine to three in favor of a judgment for plaintiff.—*Akron Beacon.*

— Two crops of ice have been taken from the same pools this winter—the second being several inches thicker than the first.

— Professor Robert Kidd will give one of his Elecutionary Entertainments, at Rosse Hall, Gambier, Friday evening, the 22d inst. Admission, 50 cents.

— The attention of our readers is called to the new advertisement of Max Leopold—the Prince of Advertisers, and Knox County's most popular Clothier.

— A hundred persons, more or less, gathered at the corner of Main and Gambier streets on Monday afternoon, to superintend the sale of half a dozen old chairs, an old clock and a cook stove.

— Oh, wasn't it delightful on Saturday last, when the temperature was 15° below zero, for men to come into our office, and leave the door wide open while they were getting their papers! The devil didn't swear a bit—he only said Helen Blazes!

— J. W. Elliott, a fruit tree peddlar, while coming out of a house on Mulberry street, Tuesday afternoon, slipped and fell upon the icy pavement, producing a dislocation of the shoulder. Under proper medical treatment he will soon be about again.

— There has been a big rat hunt going on in Harrison township for a week or more past. Marion Davis and Simon Dudgeon are Captains of the opposing parties. At the close the defeated party will give an oyster supper to their successful competitors.

— We have received an interesting letter from our friend Wm. Inks, of Mechanicsville, Iowa, which came too late for this week's paper. In a postcript, Mr. Inks states that the thermometer, on Saturday, Jan. 9th, marked 22 degrees below zero. How that for low?

— Mrs. Emily Myers, one of the early pioneers of Knox county, died at her residence in Liberty township, on Sunday evening, Jan. 3d, aged 78 years. The deceased was a very worthy and estimable lady, and her death is greatly mourned by all her neighbors.

— On Saturday a dog followed his master and team from the country to Mount Vernon. The horses were hitched in front of Mrs. Woodbridge's store, and the dog stretched himself on the cold ground to watch them. When the owner was ready to return home, he discovered that his faithful dog was frozen to death.

— Delaware *Herald:* The ladies of Galena and vicinity shipped on Tuesday, by the C. Mt. V. & C. Railroad, a car load of provisions, clothing, etc., dontaed by the benevolent of that village and locality, and destined for the sufferers from the grasshopper plague in Kansas. The Sunday school organization of Liberty township will follow suit in a few days, with similar benevolences for the Western sufferers.

— The Raltimore and Ohio Railroad Company are building a commodious depot and hotel at Chicago Junction, Huron county, the present terminus of the Chicago division and juncture with the Lake Erie division. They have built a new engine-house, and are laying several side tracks, and contemplate still more extensive improvements at this point. Parties owning land are laying out lots, and no doubt a thriving town will soon grow up.

### LOCAL PERSONALS.

— Rev. W. S. Eagleson, of Fredericktown, is about to remove to Apple Creek, Wayne county.

— Mr. L. Munk has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, and Mr. Benj. Grant has been appointed Assignee.

— We call attention to the advertisement of Mr. J. W. Rumsey, who offers for sale some very valuable Building Lots in this city.

— Our young friend Henry B. Rogers, Esq., of Chicago, is now making a visit to his friends in Mt. Vernon. He is looking well.

— Mr. Dan. B. Linstead, or Chicago, accompanied hy his wife, passed Saturday and Sunday in Mt. Vernon, en route to the Eastern cities.

— J. S. Marquis, piano tnner, Mansfield, O., will be in Mt. Vernon, about the 1st of February. Leave orders at Chase & VanAkin's bookstore.

— Samuel Cox Bell, who has many friends in Mt. Vernon, has been appointed Recording Secretary in his father's office, the Hon. William Bell, Jr., Secretary of State.

— Dr. McLaughlin, Jr., has been sworn in as Coroner of Richland county. The Doctor formerly resided at North Liberty, this county, but is now a citizen of Independence.

— The firm of Messenger & Barnes has been dissolved—Mr. Messenger retiring, and Mr. Barnes continuing the Dry Goods and Notion Business at the old stand.—Read advertisement.

— Mr. John J. Lennon, who has been assisting to run the govermental machinery at Washington for some time past, is now, like Macgreggor, "on his native heath again." You're welcome, John.

— Dan. Patrick, well known to the people of Knox county, as a conductor on the old S. M. & N. Railroad, now fills a similar position on the Short Line between Columbus and Springfield.

— C. F. Baldwin, Esq., will accept our thanks for a copy of the United States official Postal Guide for 1875. It contains an alphabetical list of all the Post-offices and Money Order offices in the United States, and other very valuable information.

— Dr. Israel Green has purchased the Drug Store recently carried on by the late Dr. H. W. Smith, and has taken possession of the same. As friend Green is now back in his old quarters, he feels happy once more. His numerous friends will know where to find him. See advertisement.

— The death of Hon. W. R. Sapp leaves a vacancy in the office of Collector of Internal Revenue in this district. Of course there will be plenty of applicants for the position, but it seems to be pretty generally understood that A. B. Ingram, Esq., will be the lucky man. Mr. Ingram has been chief clerk in the office for many years, and thoroughly understands the duties thereof, and moreover he is a deserving young man, and is universally esteemed.

### By Express from Nora Springs.

NORA SPRINGS, IOWA, Jan. 6, 1874.

L. HARPER—*Dear Sir*—Enclosed you will find four chickens for a Christmas gift, if not too late; although better late than never. Yours, truly,

GEORGE A. BAKER.

The box containing the four Prairie chickens forwarded by our good friend Baker, came duly to hand, for which he has the thanks of the BANNER family.—They certainly were delicious. Such remembrances from our old Knox county friends who go West, are always kindly appreciated.

### Knox County Statistics.

From the Annual report of the Auditor of State we glean the following facts and figures in regard to Knox county affairs, which will be interesting to most of our readers:

The total number of acres of land in Knox county is 327,972; value of same, $10,058,294; value of chattel property, $5,080,673.

Number of horses in Knox county, 9,773; value, $564,643. Number of cattle, 19,649; value, $256,284. Number of mules, 123; value, $11,385. Number of sheep, 137,272; value, $591,226. Number of hogs, 22,590; value, $65,409. Number of carriages, 4,292; value, $190,958. All other personal property subject to taxation, and not included in enumerated articles, $340,184. Number of watches, 1,230; value, $27,121. Number of pianos, 413; value, $46,430. Merchant's stock in the county, $338,820; Manufacturer's stock, $105,269; monthly value of monies, credits, &c., $30,399; value of monies, $387,805; total value of credits and accounts, $1,288,144; total value of all taxable property, $4,771,972.

Knox county paid into the State treasury, for school purposes, during the past year, $16,020.03, and received back, $13,168.50. Numbes of scholars, between the ages of 6 and 21 years, who have attended school, 8,437.

The valuation of the property of the Cleveland, Mt. Vernon and Delaware Railroad, as fixed by the County Boards in 1874, is $1,655,330.

The valuation of the Mt. Vernon Gas Company is placed at $8,000.

The salary, allowances and fees of the various county officers, is reported as follows:

AUDITOR—Total for year 1874, $2,555; paid clerk hire $500—net compensation, $2,050.

TREASURER—Total for year 1874, $2,809.46; clerk hire, $702—net compensation, $1,607.46.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY—Total for year 1874, $596.27.

CLERK OF COURT—Total for year 1874, $2,368.02; clerk hire, $458,59—net compensation, $1,909.52.

SHERIFF—Amount of fees received in 1874, $502; due and unpaid, $800. Total, $1,812; clerk hire, $200—net compensation, $1,612.

RECORDER—Amount of fees received $1,102.02; due and unpaid, $91; clerk hire, $10—net compensation, $1,182.

PROBATE JUDGE—Net compensation for year 1874, $1,964.52.

COMMISSIONERS—D. F. Halsey, $471; John Lyal, $625.37; John C. Levering, $471.60.

The number of persons in the various Institutions of the State from Knox county, during the year 1874, is reported as follows: Deaf and Dumb, 11; Blind, 9; Insane, 13; Idiotic, 17—total 50.

The indebtedness of the Townships, Cities and Villages in Knox county, is as follows: Jackson township, 8 per cent. note, payable in 1875 by taxation, $100; Union, 10 per cent. note, payable in 1875, $612; Berlin, 8 per cent. note, payable in 1875, $587.81; Milford, purpose not reported, $115.48. Total township debt, $1,415.80. City of Mt. Vernon, 6 and 8 per cent. bonds, due in 1875-6-7, paid by taxation, $3,766. Fredericktown, 8 per cent. bonds, due in 1875-8, paid by taxation, $3,000. Total township and corporation debt, $8,181.28.

### Common Pleas Court.

The next Term of the Knox Common Pleas will commence on the 15th day of February, 1875. The Court Docket contains some 330 criminal and civil cases for the opening, which is an unusually large number, and indicates that the Term will be a prolonged one. Below are the names of the Grand and Petit jurors drawn for the next Term:

GRAND JURORS.

Edward Carpenter, Butler twp.
John McCamment, Clay twp.
S. H. Gantt, Hilliar twp.
Wm. Bight, Morris twp.
Jesse Richard, Clinton twp.
Michael Hess, Berlin twp.
Wm. Cook, Middlebury twp.
Geo. H. Gamble, Butler twp.
John K. Schebley, Pleasant twp.
Wm. Bryan, Liberty twp.
John A. Beers, Monroe twp.
F. E. Baughman, Morris twp.
Harvey Cox, Clinton twp.
Agustus Rowley, Wayne twp.
Levi Mercer, Jackson twp.

PETIT JURORS.

John W. Clements, Monroe twp.
Jacob B. Lybarger, Howard twp.
G. B. Robinson, Clinton twp.
John B. Stinemetz, Clinton twp.
Michael Wander, Jefferson twp.
Francis Logsdon, Brown twp.
Silas Young, Monroe twp.
G. B. Stilley, Clinton twp.
Allison Adams, Monroe twp.
J. T. L. Jacobs, College twp.
Simon Armentrout, Pike twp.
John Leonard, Morris twp.

### Bank Election.

The election for Directors of the Knox County National Bank took place on Monday, Jan. 4th, and resulted in the choice of the old Board, without opposition, as follows: H. B. Curtis, J. N. Burr, N. N. Hill, Charles Cooper and Henry L. Curtis. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, H. B. Curtis, Esq., was chosen President.

L. B. Curtis, Esq., who has been Cashier of the old Knox County National for the past twelve years, having resigned, his place was filled by John M. Ewalt, Esq., Auditor of Knox county, a gentleman who is every way qualifield to fill the position with credit to himself, and with satisfaction to the business community.—Mr. Curtis, the retiring Cashier, has been an affable and accommodating officer, and he carries with him the best wishes of our entire community for his success and prosperity in whatever branch of business he may hereafter engage.

### Sheep Killed.

One night last week some vicious dogs made a raid upon sheep in Morris township, and killed and wounded a great number. T. D. Banning had 38 killed and several badly injured. H. C. Wilson had eight badly wounded, and two have since died. Mr. Parrish had two badly injured, and C. C. Ward had several injured. It is believed that the dogs were from Mt. Vernon, and belonged to parties who were tresspassing upon the lands of the owners of the sheep, while hunting, in violation of the game laws of the State. If so, the law should be enforced, "without fear, favor or affection."

— The Hillsboro News says about three weeks ago the wife of one of the most respectable farmers in that county, a woman who had previously borne a good character and been an active member of the M. E. Church, and who is the mother of three married daughters, eloped with one of her sons-in-law, the husband of her oldest daughter. The fugitives were overtaken and brought back.

### OHIO STATE NEWS.

— Coal costs three cents a bushel at Martin's Ferry, Belmont county.

— Several business failures in Columbus, the past month.

— The Hamilton County Probate Court, last year, issued 2,617 marriage licenses.

— Colored folks of Chillicothe indulged in a masquerade ball, Monday night of last week.

— Enoch Barnum, one of the pioneers of the Western Reserve, died recently near Oberlin.

— Emigrants from Wood county to Kansas and Nebraska are returning with their families.

— John P. Hoyt, the Speaker of the new Michigan House of Representatives, is a native of Ohio.

— An amorous, tongue-sucking horse recently bit off the tongue of a cow, at Bainbridge, Ross county.

— Williams county claims to have the smallest delinquent list of any county in Northwestern Ohio.

— The gross receipts of the grape land of Kelley's Island for the past year amount to about $200 per acre.

— John Emmit, of Waverly, has subscribed $50,000 to the Springfield and Pomeroy Narrow Guage.

— Roscoe, Coshocton county, has a new M. E. Church, built at a cost of $6,000, and dedicated on 27th ult.

— Judge Welch, of the Supreme Court has been confined to his house, in Athens, several months by sickness.

— A Steubenville man recently received invoices of foreign goods on which the duties amounted to $90,000.

— Both the Youngstown and Enterprise rolling mills in Mahoning county, are running full tilt and double turn.

— Manly Corbin, of Concord township, Delaware county, has married his fifth wife. And still he ain't happy.

— A vein of gas has been struck by Ottawa county well diggers, which can be lighted ten feet above the surface.

— The Chillicothe Advertiser hears of neighborhoods in Ross county where diptheria prevails to a noticeable extent.

—Chester Loomis, of Austinburg, Ashtabula county, is ninety-four years old. He served as a lieutenant in the war of 1812.

— A large force of laborers commenced the work of grading the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad, in Erie county, on Saturday.

— Findlay has another breach of promise case, and the young lady thinks her affections have been blighted to the amount of $10,000.

— A stock company of expert English coal miners have commenced opening a large coal band near Louisville, Stark county.

— Sixty-one marriage licenses were granted in Franklin county, during the month of December, and 692 during the year of 1874.

— William Meeker, a burglar, was shot and probably fatally wounded, in J. W. Lingo's store, Lebanon, Friday night last, by a clerk.

— Dr. J. Kreider has discovered a vein of lead ore near Logan, Ohio, two feet hick. It has been analyzed and pronounced genuine.

— The residence of Milo Ruggles, at Put-in-Bay, O., was destroyed by fire on Monday, and three persons were burned to death.

— Captain A. R. Kellar, of Fairfield county, shipped to Pittsburgh recently sixty-eight head of fat cattle, averaging 1350 pounds each.

— A company of practical working men is being organized on a co-operative system for the purpose of building a rolling mill in Youngstown.

— A new Philadelphia girl wants a $20,000 plaster to cover a breach in her heart. A gay and festive old bachelor is requested to respond.

— B. E. Smith recently resigned the Presidency of the Hocking Valley Railroad, and M. M. Greene has been elected to fill that position.

— Mansfield last week increased the penitentiary population five, who were sent there for various offences. The sentences aggregate 13 years.

— Ralph Minster, a boy aged 16 years, while skating on the Scioto river Monday evening at Columbus, broke through the ice and was drowned.

— Governor Allen has appointed David B. Hebard Common Pleas Judge of the Seventh Judicial District, vice Judge Plants, having resigned.

— Rev. A. Kingsbury, of the Putnam Presbyterian Church, Zanesville, preached his thirty-fifth anniversary sermon in that church, last Sunday.

— The debt of Ohio is only half as much as the bonded debt of the city of Pittsburgh, and the debt of Philadelphia is three time as much as all the debts of Ohio.

— The ticket office of the Cincinatti and Muskingum Valley Railroad at Lancaster, was entered by burglars, Thursday night of last week and a supply of tickets stolen.

— At Youngstown, Ohio, the leading iron firms have given their puddlers notice of a reduction of one dollar per ton, commenced on the 7th inst.

— Mrs. Francis Render has brought suit, under the Adair law, in the Hancock Common Pleas court, against a saloonkeeper for selling liquor to her husband, laying damages at $5000.

— While Thomas Hull of Nelsonville, was out hunting, 30th ult, his revolver, a large navy, fell from his inside pocket and one chamber discharged, the ball taking effect in his heart, killiag him instantly.

— After experimenting for thirty years, a man in Hamilton, Ohio, writes to Mr. Anderson of the Buttor and Egg Association, that he can pack eggs so that they are fresher after twelve months than they were when they were first laid.

— The Cincinnati Enquirer says: There are two hundred and seventy-eight students attending the lectures at the Medical College of Ohio, this winter, being by far the largest number ever enrolled in any college west of the mountains in one season.

— Two men while crossing the river in a skiff at Pomeroy, last Wednesday week, were run down by the tow boat Coal Valley and barges. The boat was stopped and efforts made to rescue the men. One body was picked up after it had floated some distance, but life was found to be extinct. The other has not been found.

— Last week a Tiffin man took his gun and pipe and went out into the woods to have a little fun. He attempted to pour powder into the gun and smoke his pipe at the same rime. Then followed a grand transformation scene—the man was blown into ninety-nine pieces, the gun was broken and the pipe curled itself up on a log, where it was found safe and sound the next day.

### Greersville Items.

GREERSVILLE, Jan. 8, 1875.

L. HARPER—*Dear Sir*—Thinking that perhaps a few items from this place might prove interesting, concluded to send them to you:

The American House, Mr. George Blile, Proprietor, was burned to the ground on Thursday morning. Fire was first discovered between 3 and 4 o'clock in the morning. Very few articles of the household effects were saved. Mr. Blile is a very worthy and popular citizen, and has the sympathy of all. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

Mr. A. W. Greer has sold his store to a Mr. Brenstew. A. W. did not wish to compete with Grange prices, at least so the Grangers say, and are elated very much thereby.

The anuual revival of religion, for which this place has become so noted of late years, has commenced again. It does not take very long to get up an excitement, as most of the seekers are those who have soughs and been blessed before, and so know by experience, just when to be happy. The revival this winter, so far, has been almost general. Preachers are here from Cleveland, Lima and other places.—We hope when they leave it will be with the proud satisfaction of knowing that they have increased the Master's flock in this benighted region. JOHN.


### LOCAL NOTICES.

**Knox County Savings Bank,**

*Three Doors North Public Squre,*

EAST SIDE, **MT. VERNON, O.**

**Interest Paid on Deposits.**

☞ Buy Notes, lend Money, and do a General Banking Business.

☞ All money deposited in this Bank by minors, or married women, shall be fully under their control, payable to them on their receipt, without regard to any guardian or husband.

☞ Deposits received in sums of one dollar and upwards.

☞ All business transacted with this Bank will be strictly confidential.

JARED SPERRY, President.
SAMUEL H. ISRAEL, Cashier.
Jan. 9-y1c

**New Dry Goods Firm.**

The Dry Goods store owned by the late J. E. Woodbridge, has changed hands, Mr. Woodruff Tuller, late of Columbus, O., becoming the purchaser. Mr. Tuller will carry on business at the old stand, where he will be glad to see all of Mr. Woodbridge's old customers. J15-w2.

**Removal.**

B. B. Lippitt has removed his City Drug Store to the room formerly occupied by Jas. Sapp, in Woodward Block, on Vine street. jan15w4

**Removal.**

James Sapp has removed his Boot and Shoe Store to the Banning Corner (his old quarters), corner of Main and Vine street, where he will be happy to see his old friends and customers.

**Miss Ella Davidson**

Begs leave to announce to the citizens of Mt. Vernon that she has returned from Washington. Her friends who wish to have dresses made will find her on Vine street, nearly opposite the Disciples' Church. Jan 1-w3.

**THOSE BIG OYSTERS!**

The best in Market, kept constantly on hand and for sale by JAMES ROGERS, on Vine street. Oct 16.

WE believe Bogardus & Co. sell Hardware cheaper than any other house in Mt. Vernon. Call and see them. D19tf

THE best of Machine and Coal Oil for sale at Baker Bros' new Drug Store sign of the Big Hand. June26

THE best place in the city to buy your Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries and get a good drink of Soda, is at Baker Bros., sign of the Big Hand.

Barrow's Cholera Cure will relieve you of cholic or any summer complaint. Baker Bros. agents for Knox county.

CORN Husks for Matrasses, for sale at Bogardus & Co's. Mch27tf

IF you want nice fitting Clothes go to J. H. Milless. He guarantees a fit every time.

All the different kinds of patent medicines and flavoring extracts for sale at Baker Bros. new Drug Store, sign of the Big Hand. Jy17.

Health and peace—by getting a bottle of Baker's Worm Specific. It is easy to take and harmless to a child, but will clear away the worms effectually. It has stood the test for years and will give you entire satisfaction. Manufactured and sold at Baker Bros.' new Drug Store, sign of the Big Hand. Jy17.

**Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia!**

That hydra-headed disorder, with its Depression of Spirits, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Sealding Eructations, Oppressive Fullness, Loss of Appetitite, Wan, Wasted Appearance, and Nervous Debility, all indicating imperfect digestion and assimilation of food, and thereby lack of nutrition, so extremely necessary to the support of the body, can be effectually cured by the use of HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, the favorite prescription of that eminent German physician, Christoph W. Hoofland, of Langan-Salza, Germany, the efficacy of which won for him many marks of distinction by the crowned heads and nobility of Europe. It tones the stomach to healthy action, regulates the bowels, arouses the torpid liver, promotes natural perspiration, invigorates the nerves, and restores all the functions of Nature to vigorous health. The efficacy of this remedy is daily acknowledged by the happy subjects of its treatment, who now enjoy robust, glowing health.

HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILLS are recommended when a brisk purgative is required. They are the best Anti-Bilious Pills extant.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Proprietor, Philadelphia. Sold by all Druggists.

**The most Wonderful Discovery o the 19th Century.**

**DR. S. D. HOWE'S**

**Arabian Milk Cure for Consumption**

And all Diseases of the THROAT, CHEST & LUNGS. (The only Medicine of the kindin the world.)

*A Substitute for Cod Liver Oil.*

Permanently cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, Loss of Voice, Night Sweats, Shortness of Breath, Catarrh, Croup, Coughs, Colds, etc., in a few days like magic. Price $1 per bottle.

Also, Dr. S. D. HOWE'S ARABIAN TONIC BLOOD PURIFIER which differs from all other preparations in its immediate action on the Liver, Kidneys and Blood. It is purely vegetable, and cleanses the system of all impurities, builds it right up, and makes Pure, Rich Blood. It cures Scrofulous Diseases of all kinds, removes Constipation, and regulates the Bowels. For "Nervous Debility," "Lost Vitality," "Erinary Diseases," and "Broken-Down Constitutions," I "challenge the 19th Century" to find its equal. Every bottle is worth its weightin gold. Price $1 per bottle. Also, DR. S. D. HOWE'S ARABIAN "SUGAR COATED" LIVER PILLS. They cleanse the Liver and Stomach thoroughly, remove Constipation; contain no calomel nor any other injurious ingredient, and act quickly upon these organs, without producing pain or weakness. Price 25 cents per box. Consumptives should use all three of the above medicines, Sold by all Druggists and by

**B. B. LIPPITT, Druggist,**
*MT. VERNON, O.*

DR. S. D. HOWE, Sole Proprietor, 161 Chambers St., New York. Nov13y1.

## J. S. BRADDOCK'S REAL ESTATE COLUMN.

**NO. 88.**

HOUSE and Lot on Elizabeth street near Gay street—house is new, modern style, two stories—hip roof—contains 6 rooms and cellar—good cistern with filter, etc. This is a fine location, a desirable place to live, a good property and will be sold at the low price of $1200 on payments to suit the purchaser.—If you want a home don't fail to secure it now at a bargain.

**NO. 89.**

6 ACRES in Pike township 9 miles N. E. of Mt. Vernon—3 miles N. W. of Amity—good hewed log house, log stable; good orchard of Apple and Peach trees. This property would be suitable for a Blacksmith or would be a good location for a Shoemaker. Price $600—terms, $100 cash and $100 per year.

**NO 90.**

TO RENT—Storeroom on Main street; also rooms suitable for office or dwelling on Main and on Gambier streets.

**NO. 91.**

HOUSE and Lot on Vine street, two squares East of Post-office—house is a two story frame containing 8 rooms and good cellar.—Fruit, a No. 1 well, cistern, etc. on the lot.—Good stable and buggy shed. A fine location and convenient to business. Price $3000—terms $1000 down; balance in three equal annual payments. A bargain.

**NO, 86,**

40 ACRES in Union county, Iowa. Small stream of water across one corner; 5 miles from B. & M. R. R.; 7 miles from Afton, the county seat of Union county, which has a population of 1,000; 6 miles from Creston, on the B. and M. R R., a thriving town of 500 inhabitants' Price $400, on long time, or will exchange for house and lot in Mt. Vernon, worth from $500 to $1,000, and difference paid in cash. Call soon if you want a bargain.

**NO. 87.**

499 ACRES of Land in Fentress county, Tennessee, 8 miles Northeast of Jamestown, the county seat, in a finely timbered region, and is within the coal measures. Price, $6 per acre, on long time, or $5 per acre cash down.

**NO. 84.**

CALL at Braddock's office and see specimen of Nebraska and Iowa soil, also specimen of products grown, in those rich countries such as Wheat, Corn, Oats, Flax Seed, Timothy Seed, Barley, Buckwheat, Beans, Millet, Coal, Peet, Mineral Paint, etc.

**NO. 85.**

100 1-2 ACRES, 4½ miles from Mt. Vernon; good frame barn, good frame house, with cellar, good well and cistern at the kitchen door, two orchards of choice fruit, fencing in splendid repair—20 acres of timber. Price $75 per acre. Terms $1000 down, balance in payments to suit purchaser.

**NO. 81.**

HOUSE and Lot corner of Norton and Hamtramck streets, house, 5 rooms and cellar, well, cistern, fruit, stable, etc., and the lot. Will sell at the low price of $1300—$650 down; balance in 1 and 2 years.

**NO. 82.**

HOUSE and two lots on Sandusky street.—Good well, fruit, stable, etc. Price $900—Terms $600 cash; balance in one year. A bargain.

**NO. 80.**

GOOD Building Lot on Prospect street, near Fifth Ward School House. Price $360. Terms $10 per month. A bargain.

**No. 78.**

HOUSE and Lot on Vine street, three squares from Post-Office. House contains 8 rooms and cellar. Well, cistern, fruit, stable, etc. on the Lot. Will sell on long time at $2000 or will exchange for other property.—A bargain.

**NO. 73.**

SOLDIERS' Homestead Law, Guide to the West, with a beautiful colored Township Map of Nebraska and part of Kansas, sent post paid for 25 cents, or five for $1.

**No. 74.**

WANTED—To purchase, land in Western Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska.

**NO. 75.**

10,000 ACRES OF LAND WARRANTS WANTED.

**NO. 72.**

MILLIONS of acres on the B. & M. R. R., in Iowa and Nebraska, at low prices, on long time. Call or send for Circulars, maps and descriptive pamphlets of this rich and heathful country.

**NO. 14.**

GOOD BRICK HOUSE, 8 rooms, cellar, well, cistern, stable, &c., situated on High street, near Main. Price $4000.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY A LOT, if you want to sell a lot, if you want to buy a house, if you want to sell a house, if you want to buy a farm, if you want to sell a farm, if you want to borrow money, if you want to loan money—in short, if you want to MAKE MONEY, call on **J. S. BRADDOCK, Over Post Office,** Mount Vernon, Ohio.

☞ Horse and buggy kept; *no trouble or expense* to show farms. Feb. 13, 1874.

**A MERRY CHRISTMAS**

—AND—

**A Happy New Year**

TO ALL OUR

**FRIENDS and PATRONS.**

**J. Sperry & Co.**

**HOLIDAY GOODS**

—AT—

**Lower Prices than Ever.**

A USEFUL PRESENT IS A

**PAIR OF BLANKETS!**

—OR A—

**CALICO DRESS!**

—OR AN—

**ALPACA DRESS!**

—OR A—

**BLACK SILK DRESS!**

—OR A—

**SHAWL!**

—OR A—

**PAIR OF GLOVES!**

J. SPERRY & CO.

West Side Public Square

Mt. Vernon, Dec. 18, 1874.

TEAS—The choicest in the world.—Importers' prices—Largest Co. in America—staple article—pleases everybody—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted every where—best inducements—don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y., P. O. Box 1287.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address Geo. Stinson & Co., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs nothing to try it. Particulars free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

**For Sale or Rent.**

I OFFER for sale or rent, (possession to be given on the first of April,) my house and lot on the Coshocton road, in Monroe township, 3½ miles from Mt. Vernon. The house is a comfortable two-storied log building, weatherboarded. The lot is an acre and a half, with stable, blacksmith shop, and other out-buildings and has an abundance of choice fruit.—For terms and other particulars call upon or address the undersigned, on the premises.

Dec25m3* JONATHAN SNYDER.


**DISSOLUTION NOTICE.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Rogers & Walker, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be continued by Ed. Rogers, to whom all claims are due. ROGERS & WALKER.

Dec. 18-w3

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

Messenger & Barnes, vs. Jacob C. Norrick, et al. } In Knox Com. Pleas.

BY VIRTUE of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Knox County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House, Knox County, Ohio,

*Monday, January 18th, 1875,*

At 1 o'clock P. M., of said day, the following described property, to-wit: Situate in the Township of Brown, County of Knox, and State of Ohio, and being the East half of the southwest quarter of section 14 in township eight (8), range eleven (11), of the unappropriated lands in the Military District subject to sale at Zanesville, Ohio, containing 80 acres, saving and excepting the following described part or parcel of said tract set off as a homestead to Emily Norrick; commencing at a stake set on the East line of said quarter 15 96-100 poles South from the N. E corner; and thence running N 75° 50' W. thirty-eight and sixty-eight hundredths poles to a stake in orchard, an apple tree 12 inches bears, S 78° 50' E line tree, but not marked; thence S 13° W 82 13-100 poles to a stake in field; thence S 88-4° E 37 94-100 poles to a stake on East line of said quarter, from which a cherry tree 30 inches bears N 13° E 11 links; thence N 2° 40' E 75 76-100 poles to the place of beginning, containing eighteen and fifty-three hundredth acres, including the dwelling house, barn, out buildings and orchard. Also, a part of the East half of the North-west quarter of section 14, in township 8, range 11, commencing at the South-west corner of said East half of said quarter at a stone; thence S. 88½° E. 60 22-100 rods to a post; thence North 1½° E. 160 72-100 rods to a post; thence N. 88½° W. 60 50-100 rods to a stake; thence S. 1½° W. 167 47-100 rods to the place of beginning, excepting therefrom 23 acres heretofore sold, West of the road that runs through said lot, containing thirty-seven acres, more or less, all in the Co. of Knox and State of Ohio.

The first described tract appraised at $3,087.
Second " " " $1,665.
Terms of Sale: Cash.

JOHN M. ARMSTRONG,
Sheriff Knox Co., O.

H. H. GREER, Att'y for Plff's.
Dec. 18-w5$18.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

Peter W. Sperry, vs. Isaac K. Vance, et al. } Knox Com. Pleas

BY virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Knox County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in Mt. Vernon, Knox County, Ohio, on

*Monday, 11th day of January, 1875,*

at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, the following decribed real estate situate in Knox County, to-wit: Being the North part of Lot No. 13, in the 4th quarter of township 5, range 13, U. S. M. Land, in said county, bounded as follows: Beginning at the N. E. corner of said Lot No. 13; thence N. 89° W. 1194 poles, thence S. 2° W. 66 poles and 15 links to a stake, where a hickory tree bears N. 38° E. 17 links; thence S. 89° E. 120 poles to a stone; thence N. 1° E. 66 poles and 15 links to the place of beginning, estimated to contain 50 acres and two poles of land. Also, 20 acres off the West part of Lot No. 12, in the same quarter, township, range, county and State as the above described tract and bounded as follows: Commencing at the North-west corner of said Lot No. 12, thence South 77 and 84-100 poles; thence East 40 and 24-100 poles; thence North 10 Rods; thence East 1 rod; thence North 67 and 84-100 rods; thence West 41 and 24-100 rods to the place of beginning with the privilege of a road wide enough to drive through with a wagon from the road to said lots of land. Said road or right of way to be on the line between Henry Rowe's two lots of land.

Appraised at $3,150.
Terms of sale: Cash.

JOHN M. ARMSTRONG,
Sheriff Knox County, Ohio.

McCLELLAND & CULBERTSON, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Dec. 11-w5 $15.

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

E. Allen Lafever, vs. Catherine Lafever, et al. } Knox Com. Pleas.

BY VIRTUE of an order of sale in partition, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Knox county, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House of Knox county,

*On Monday, J

## Wit and Humor.

A man sticks at nothing when he tries to stab a ghost.

A Chicago man has invented a bar-tender's bell-punch.

When it comes to point lace, all women can see the point.

Speaking of the round world, much can be said on both sides.

Forty Kentuckians rode two days to kill a fox worth sixty cents.

People who dance never pay the fiddler. It is those who get up the ball.

A Wisconsin man recently killed six skunks in one day. After interviewing the first one he became reckless and so kept on.

An Iowa man has invented a ten-barreled shot-gun, and the face of the small boy who didn't know it was loaded is fairly radient with a hideous leer of satisfaction.

A Cairo man warns people not to trust his wife, and she retorts by saying that he'll go without clothes all summer before she'll take in washing to rig him out another time.

The Duluth woman who put the kerosene can on the stove-hearth while she went out to trade with a peddler, is now keeping house in a barn, kindly loaned for the occasion.

It is generally believed in some of the counties of Michigan that men will do more plotting and planning to rob a hen-coop, than would be necessary to insure a successful bank burglary.

An inebriate man, walking along the street, regarded the moon with sovereign contempt: You needen't feel so proud," he said, "you are full only once a month and I am every night."

A Milwaukee man hid in a public doorway and jumped out and kissed his wife. She didn't whoop and yell as he expected, but replied: "Don't be so bold, mister—folks around here know me."

When a Peoria youth goes to spark a girl he finds the old lady in one corner, the old man in another part of the room, and the dog under the melodeon, and he is required to speak up like an orator, or else leave.

There is none of God's creatures for whom the recording angel reserves a larger share of pity than the man condemned to wrestle with the average boarding house sirloin.

A clergyman at Kansas City said if there was any one within hearing of his voice who would try to put a stop to Sunday dog-fighting he'd like to have 'em rise up. A small boy and an old woman stood up.

## Knox County Farmer.

### How to Feed Straw and Roots.

The North British Agriculturist, in a reply to a correspondent, thus described the proper method of feeding straw and roots together: The straw should be cut about one and one-half inches long, and a heaped tablespoonful of salt mixed to each beast per day. The mixing process should be accomplished the day before the stuff is to be used, and water must be within the animals reach. Hay for horses should be cut about three-quarters of an inch long, and put into deep boxes before the animals. We prefer giving the bruised oats and a good fresh Swede turnip or two daily, separate from the cut hay. Rather less than an ounce of salt daily is plenty for a horse. They should get an ounce of niter every Saturday night. As to the question of pulping and straw-cutting, paying, a good deal will depend on the power available.

If water power can be got so much the better, but if animal or steam power is employed the expense of the system is increased. We should be surprised to find that our correspondent can keep nearly one-fourth more cattle on his farm by means of pulping and straw-cutting. If the animals get what they can eat they will consume more turnips pulped with safety than in any other way. The great advantage of pulping are that there is no choking nor blowing; that feeders are enabled to have turnips, though in a mixed state, continually before cattle, and that cattle will consume more roots, and, we think, take on fa and flesh rather quicker than with any other system of feeding.—Deeper troughs will be required with pulp roots and cut-straw than for the ordinary system practiced in the district in which our correspondent farms.

We would not advise the addition of cake to the mixture. It is, we think, too costly to be mixed in such a heap, and is more satisfactorily given by itself. It is a decided improvement, as preventing waste, to cut the hay given to the horses, and yet more desirable is it to bruise the oats, but we would give the hay and oats separate'y. Sheds in the fields, into which the cattle will go from the oppressive heat or cold, are beneficial and would pay the cost of erection. Giving cut grass to the cattle grazing we don't approve, unless the pasture is actually scanty, but a little cake in the morning before the animals go out to the fields will have a good effect, not only on the cattle but on the land. As a rule, if grass is cut extensively for cattle, they should be kept in the yard altogether.

### Importance of Silex in the Soil.

Silica gives hardness and stiffness to the straw and leaves of cereal grain. When wheat or rye is sown where a brush-heap or pile of logs has been burned to ashes, the straw will be unusually stiff, and the leaves much harsher than other straw growing in the vicinity, but away from the area of the burning. The potash of the ashes and the silica found in the soil are taken up by the growing plants, and form a coating or liquid glass, which is spread evenly over the straw and leaves of the growing grain, as a metallic coat of arms was used in old times to cover the body of a soldier. When the growing straw of wheat is inclosed in a thin tube of elastic glass, the innumerable pores, which frequently fill the entire atmosphere like flakes of snow, and which produce rust, do not find a congenial place for their lodgment and complete development. But when the plants do not have access to a generous supply of silica and potash, the stems are so limber that they are easily prostrated by driving storms, so that the ears of grain will be developed only in part. When silica is available only in small quantities, the pores from which fungi spring adhere to the leaves and stems, where they find a suitable spot for their development, and thus the productiveness of the plant is seriously impaired. The practical value of silica is further perceived in the abundant yield of excellent fruit.

### Corn Without Hand Culture.

In relation to the so-called Ross system of culvation by which a crop is raised by horse power instead of the old-plan of hand labor, and by-the-by, hand hoeing has but little to do with raising corn in the West, a committee of farmers of Vermont appointed to investigate the matter, after having witnessed a large number of experiments, during the past season, made on different farms and by different farmers draw their conclusions as follows: After visiting the several fields and examing the planting, hoeing and crops, we are of the opinion that as good crops (if not better) can be grown after the Ross system, with his implements, as can be gained with hand-labor, at a saving of three-quarters of the expense on land suitable to operate the machines, and a more thorough pulverization of the soil and extermination of the soil.

A French preacher describes hell as a place where they talk politics all day. What they do at night he does not condescend to report.


# HOLIDAY GOODS.

## W. P. Fogg & Co.,

183 SUPERIOR STREET,

CLEVELAND, O.

We Have Received a

SPECIAL CONSIGNMENT!

—OF—

Goods from Europe,

Selected by a member of the firm, which are offered at a small advance from cost of importation. All Goods not sold January, 1875, will be sent to New York and closed out for the benefit of the consignor. It is an opportunity never before equalled in Cleveland to buy

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

The assortment consists of

FINE FRENCH CLOCKS in Marble and Bronze.

Elegant French Bronze Ornaments.

*French China Decorated Dinner Sets.*

*French China Decorated Tea Sets.*

*French China Decorated Silver Sets.*

*French China Decorated Fruit Sets.*

Parian Statuettes!

Plated Ware.

Our Stock of Plated Ware comprises many novelties, which will be sold at reduced prices during the

HOLIDAY SEASON.

Call and Examine.

PRICES in Plain Figures.

W. P. FOGG & CO.

Dec. 18, 1874.


**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

Joseph Phillips, vs. Elizabeth Phillips, et al. } Knox Com. Pleas.

BY virtue of an order of sale in partition issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Knox county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House of Knox county, on

*Monday, February 1st,* 1875,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day, the following described lands and tenements, to-wit: Situate in the County of Knox and State of Ohio, and in the 6th township and 14th range and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the West line of said 6th township and 14th range, and distant 400 77-100 rods South from the North-west corder of said township at a stake from which a Sugar 19 inches in diameter bears North 43°, East 42 links and a Sugar 22 inches in diameter bears South 72°, West 15¼ links; thence South 88°, 47', East 167 50-100 poles to a stake from which a Water Elm 13 inches in diameter bears North 45°, West 52 links, and a Sugar 8 inches in diameter bears North 46°, East 42 liuks; thence North 1°, 10', East 104 70-100 poles to astake in the center of the road; thence North 88°, 47', West 167 30-100 poles to a stake on the West line of the township; thence South 1°, 15', West 104 69-100 poles to the place of beginning, estimated to contain 109 30-100 acres, saving and excepting therefrom a strip containing 35 acres off of the West side of said premises sold on the 29th day of May, 1858, by the Administrator of said Willis O. Phillips, dec'd., to Chanceworth Scott, in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Knox county, Ohio, made in proceeding to sell real estate instituted in said Probate Court by said Administrator to pay the debts of said decedent; said 35 acre lot is described as commencing at the North-west corner of said 109 30-100 acre lot hereinbefore described and running thence South along the entire West line of said lot; thence East so far to a stake that a line run North from it to the North line of said lot paralel with the West line thereof will embrace 35 acres; thence North to the North line of said lot; thence West to the place of beginning, subject to the dower estate heretofore assigned to Elizabeth Phillips.

Appraised at $5,324.83.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third on the day of sale, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years from the day of sale, with notes and mortgage on the premises to secure the back payments.

JOHN M. ARMSTRONG,
Sheriff Knox County, Ohio.
Wm. C. Cooper, Att'y. for Pl'ff.
Jan. 1-w5$21.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

Nicholas Seckler, vs. George W. Butler. } Knox Com. Pleas.

BY virtue of a writ of vendi issued out of Court of Common Pleas of Knox county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House of Knox county, on

*Monday, February* 8, 1875,

At 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, the following described lands and tenements, to-wit: The East quarter of the South-east quarter and the East half of the West half of section 23, township 7, and range 10, U. S. M. Lands in Knox county, estimated to contain 85½ acres.

Also a small tract in the first quarter of township 6, and range 10, described as follows: Commencing at a point on a line between township 6 and 7, 100 poles East from the North-west corner of township 6 and running South 2°, West 40 poles to the North bank of Owl Creek; thence South 37°, West up said North bank 20 poles; thence South 42°, West 40 poles; thence South 52°, West 30 poles to a corner; thence North 2°, East 92 35-100 poles to the North line of township 6; thence East 61 37-100 poles to the place of beginning estimated to contain 25 37-100 acres more or less.

Appraised at——

TERMS OF SALE—Cash.

JOHN M. ARMSTRONG,
Sheriff Knox County, Ohio.
Clark Irvine, Att'y. for Pl'ff.
Jan 1-w5$12.

**Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.**

IN PURSUANCE of an order granted by the Probate Court of Knox County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at Public Auction, at the door of the Court House, in the City of Mount Vernon, Ohio, on

*Tuesday, Feb. 2d,* 1875,

the following described real estate to-wit: A part of the S. W. quarter of section 11, township 8, range 12, of Knox county, O., containing 20 acres more or less. Also, a part of the West half of the S. E. quarter of section 11, in township range and county aforesaid, containing 7¾ acres mere or less. Reference is hereby made to the Petition in this case for greater certainty of description.

Appraised at $4186.00.

TERMS OF SALE—One tenth in hand, enough to make up one third on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1875; one-third in one and one-third in two years from the day of sale, with interest secured by mortgage.

JOHN KIEFFER,
Admr. of Peter Pfeaster, dec'd.
McClelland & Culbertson, Att'ys for Pet'r.
Jan. 1, 1875-w4$7.50


## MEHURIN, WYKOFF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

American and Italian Marbles,

Scotch and American Granites,

Marble, Slate and Iron Mantels.

WE ARE OFFERING

LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS!

In the Mantel trade, and will not be undersold.

MONUMENTS

A SPECIALTY—at Prices from twenty-five dollars up to as many thousands—if needed.

We invite attention to the excellence of our work. Fair dealing, honest work, low prices and a better job for the amount of money than can be had elsewhere.

BUILDING WORK.

We have made arrangements for cutting all kinds of Building Work the coming season, in any material desired—Sandstone, Waverly, Berea, or Sunbury. We would respectfully call the attention of all parties contemplating building to our prices for Window Caps, Sills, Range Work, Door Steps, Flagging, etc.

*Shop and Sales-Rooms on corner of Gambier and Mulberry Sts. Hoover's Old Stand.*

☞ We are Sole Agents in Knox county, for the Delaware Fence Co. This Fence is the handsomest and best Wrought Iron Fence in the country. So says everybody.

Jan. 8, 1875.

ANOTHER

OPPORTUNITY!

To invest a few dollars, with possible returns of thousands, is offered by the postponement of Public Library of Kentucky to the 27th of February next, of their fifth and last Concert and Drawing. The Management are pledged to the return of the money if the drawing should not come off at the day now appointed.

| | |
|---|---|
| One Grand Cash Gift | $250,000 |
| One Grand Cash Gift | 100,000 |
| One Grand Cash Gift | 75,000 |
| One Grand Cash Gift | 50,000 |
| One Grand Cash Gift | 25,000 |
| 5 Cash Gifts, $20,000 each | 100,000 |
| 10 Cash Gifts, 14,000 each | 140,000 |
| 15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each | 150,000 |
| 20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each | 100,000 |
| 25 Cash Gifts, 4,000 each | 100,000 |
| 30 Cash Gifts, 3,000 each | 90,000 |
| 50 Cash Gifts, 2,000 each | 100,000 |
| 100 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each | 100,000 |
| 240 Cash Gifts, 500 each | 120,000 |
| 500 Cash Gifts, 100 each | 50,000 |
| 19,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each | 950,000 |

Whole Tickets $50. Halves $25. Tenth, or each Coupon, $5. Eleven Whole Tickets $500.

For Tickets and information, address

THO. E. BRAMLETTE,
AGENT AND MANAGER,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Kent'ky.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTIONS.

MISS ANNA EVANS is still teaching music. Price per term of 25 private lessons, $15. 25 class lessons, $10.

MISS LIZZIE EVANS, price for instruction, 25 lessons, $10.

The best of instruction guaranteed. All pupils desiring board can be accommodated at Mrs. Job Evans' on Mulberry St. nov201y

Two Valuable Farms for Sale.

SITUATED within six miles of Mt. Vernon, in the Townships of Miller and Milford—the township line passing between them. One farm contains eighty acres, the other, one hundred and thirty acres. The improvements are a white frame house, new barn and cribs. Water the year round. Abundance of excellent timber. Two orchards containing choice selections of fruit trees. Will sell one, or both together, together, to suit purchasers. Enquire of SAMUEL EWALT, Sr., two miles South of Mt. Vernon. Dec25m2*

500 PIANOS and ORGANS,

NEW and Second-Hand, of First-Class Makers, will be sold at lower prices for cash, or on installments, or for rent, in city or country, during these hard times and the holidays, by HORACE WATERS & SON, 481 Broadway, than ever before offered in New York. Agents wanted to sell Waters' New Scale Pianos, and Concerto Organs. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. Groat inducements to the trade. A large discount to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Lodges, Schools, etc.

Latest Out!

WING'S

NEW

DRUG STORE!

Opposite the Commercial House,

Just opened, with a Complete, Fresh and Pure Stock of

Drugs, Chemicals,

Patent Medicines,

Dye Stuffs,

Sponges, Varnish,

Perfumery, Hair Brushes,

Tooth Brushes,

Clothes Brushes,

Toilet Powders,

Hair Oils, Toilet Soaps, &c.

DR. E. D. W. C. WING

Will be happy to greet his old customers, and all others who may favor him with a call.

*Particular Attention Paid to Compounding*

Physicians Prescriptions and Family Receipts.

☞ Remember the place, opposite the COMMERCIAL HOUSE. ☜

June 26, 1874.

Carriage Painting.

WM. R. HART,

DESIRES to inform his friends in Mt. Vernon and vicinity, that he has completed his

NEW SHOP,

On his premises, No. 53, East High St., and is now prepared to do CARRIAGE and BUGGY PAINTING in all its branches.—From a long experience in the business he feels confident of giving satisfaction in all cases, and would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. Oct. 23-3m

Boot and Shoe Store.

JAMES HUTCHINSON

ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Knox county that he has moved into his ELEGANT NEW STORE ROOM, on Main street, opposite the Commercial House, where he has on hand a full line of BOOTS AND SHOES, suited to all conditions and all seasons. Particular attention given to CUSTOM WORK. By doing good work and giving prompt attention to business, I hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

JAMES HUTCHINSON.

Mt. Vernon, April 17, 1874.

## Business Cards.

DR. PUMPHREY,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

OFFICE—Room No. 11, Wolff's Block,
Oct. 23-tf MT. VERNON, O.

WILL A. COULTER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

NOS. 1 AND 2 WOLFF'S BLOCK,

Oct16-1y MT. VERNON, O.

A. R. McINTIRE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

Aug. 21, 1874.

GEORGE W. MORGAN,

Attorney at Law.

OFFICE—Rooms No. 5 and 6, Wolff's Building, Second Floor,

Aug. 21-m6* MT. VERNON, O.

LEWIS H. MITCHELL,

Attorney at Law,

Opposite the Post Office,

Aug. 7, 1874. MT. VERNON, O.

ISAAC W. RUSSELL. JOHN. W. McMILLEN.

RUSSELLL & McMILLEN,

Physicians and Surgeons.

OFFICE, West side of Main street—4 doors North of Public Square. Will be found by calling at the office at any hour of the day or night. [June 5, '74.-1y.

W. C. COOPER,

Attorney at Law,

109 MILLER BLOCK,

MOUNT VERNON, O.

June 12, 1874-y

LAW OFFICE OF

SAPP, WOOD & EWING,

WILLIAM R. SAPP, DAVID W. WOOD, JOHN D. EWING. } ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MT. VERNON, OHIO.

OFFICE—NO. 2 KREMLIN BLOCK.

March 20, 1874-1y

DR. JACOB STAMP,

SURGEON & PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE—In Wolff's New Building, corner of Main St. and Public Square, Mt. Vernon, O

☞ Office open day and night. Nov7-y

FRANK C. LARIMORE, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE—Over Dr. H. W. Smith's (formerly Green's) Drug Store, Main Street. Residence, old Bank Building, corner of Main and Chestnut streets, june13y

DR. R. J. ROBINSON,

SURGEON & PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—On Gambier street, a few doors East of Main.

Can be found at his office all hours when not professionally engaged. Jan. 23-y.

R. W. STEPHENS. CHARLES FOWLER

STEPHENS & FOWLER,

DENTISTS.

OFFICE IN WOLFF'S BLOCK, Rooms No 4 and 11, MT. VERNON, OHIO.

May2y

REMOVAL.

DR. C. M. KELSEY,

DENTIST,

HAS removed his office from Ward's Building to his Residence, on Upper Main Street. March 28.

B. A. F. GREER,

Attorney at Law and Claim Agent.

Office in Miller's Block, 2d story, Main street.

Ap. 5-y.

W. McCLELLAND. W. C. CULBERTSON

McCLELLAND & CULBERTSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

OFFICE—One door west of Court House.—

Jan. 19, '72

Z. E. TAYLOR,

DENTIST.

OFFICE—On Main street, first door North o. King's Hat Store,

March 26-y. MT. VERNON, OHIO.

ADAMS & HART,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AND CLAIM AGENTS.

OFFICE—In Banning Building,

Dec. 26. MT. VERNON, OHIO.

ISAAC T. BEUM,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER,

DANVILLE, KNOX COUNTY, O.

Will attend to crying sales of property in the counties of Knox, Holmes and Coshocton.

July 21-y.

J. W. F. SINGER

MERCHANT TAILOR

High Street,

Corner of the Public Square—Axtell's Old Stand.

MOUNT VERNON,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND, A LARGE and well selected

STOCK OF GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR

ALL SEASONS OF THE YEAR.

ALL GARMENTS

WARRANTED TO FIT,

And Made in the Neatest Manner.

Always on hand and for sale, a large and complete stock of

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

AND HATS AND CAPS.

Singer's Sewing Machine.

I take pleasure in saying to my friends that I am sole agent for Knox County, for Singer's Celebrated Sewing Machine, the best now in use, for all work. Sep. 28-tf.

DRESS MAKING.

MRS. M. A. CASE,

DESIRES to give notice to the Ladies of Mt. Vernon and vicinity that she will resume the business of DRESS MAKING, in connection with her MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT, on West Gambier street, near Main.

☞ She will be pleased to see her old customers, as well as new ones, and will guaranty satisfaction in all cases where work is done.

Mt. Vernon, O., July 24, '74m6

NEW OMNIBUS LINE.

HAVING bought the Omnibuses lately owned by Mr. Bennett and Mr. Sanderson, I am ready to answer all calls for taking passengers to and from the Railroads; and will also carry persons to and from Pic-Nics in the country. Orders left at the Bergin House will be promply attended to. M. J. SEALTS.

Aug. 9. y 1.

W. B. RUSSELL,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,

Always prepared to supply his patrons both far and near, with a well selected assortment of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY, PATENT MEDICINES, ARTISTS' MATERIALS, SPONGES, etc., etc.

Also to compound accurately

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIPTIONS.

Manufactures and makes a specialty of

ELIXIRS, FLUID EXTRACTS, SUGAR COATED PILLS

PHYSICIANS' INSTRUMENTS of all kinds at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine.

One door below Mead's Grocery Store, Main street, Mount Vernon, O.

August 7, 1874.

ERRETT BROTHERS,

HEADQUARTERS FOR STOVES.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

JEWETT & ROOT'S CELEBRATED COOK STOVES.

Also, the Famous MANSARD, and the

IMPROVED MODEL COOK STOVES.

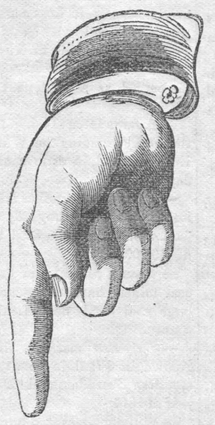
—DEALERS IN—

TABLE CUTLERY, SPOONS, WOODEN-WARE, UNION CHURNS, WRINGERS AND BRUSHES.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO

Slate and Tin Roofing, Spouting, Gas Fitting and Well Driving.

Mt. Vernon, O., Feb. 18, 1874.



Baker Brothers,

DRUGGISTS

Trade Palace Building,

*MT. VERNON, O*

Mt. Vernon, O., May 8, 1874.

Beckwith, Sterling & Co.

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CARPETS!

—AND—

CURTAINS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

An extensive assortment of the newest and choicest styles of the best Foreign and Home manufacturers always in stock, and for sale to the trade or at retail at the lowest market prices.

Special Contracts made in Furnishing

Hotels, Churches & Public Buildings,

And inspection of our establisdment and stock is earnestly solicited, where we are at all times pleased to show.

Beckwith, Sterling & Co.,

No. 6 Euclid Avenue,

S. E. Corner Public Square,

CLEVELAND, O.

June 26-3m

MT. VERNON

Meat Market.

ED. ROGERS. WM. WALKER

ROGERS & WALKER

TAKE PLEASURE in announcing to the citizens of Mt. Vernon, that they have opened a

*NEW MEAT SHOP, in Rogers' Block, on Vine Street,*

A few doors West of Main, where they intend keeping always on hand the

VERY BEST MEATS

The market can afford, which they are determined to sell as low as the lowest. Meat delivered to all parts of the City. By fair and honest dealing we trust we shall secure a liberal share of public patronage. Give us a call and see what we can do for you.

Jan16tf ROGERS & WALKER.

PATENTS.

SOLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS

—FOR—

U. S. AND FOREIGN PATENTS,

AND PATENT LAW CASES,

BURRIDGE & CO.,

127 Superior St., opposite American House, CLEVELAND, OHIO,

With Associated Offices in Washington and foreign countries. March 28, 1873-y

Examination of School Teachers.

MEETINGS of the Board for the examination of applicants to instruct in the Public Schools of Knox county will be held in Mt. Vernon, in the Council Chamber, on the last Saturday of every month in the year, and on the second Saturday in March, April, May, September, October, and November.

March 3 JOHN M. EWALT, Clerk

The Confessions of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED as a warning and for the benefit of YOUNG MEN and others who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., supplying the means of self-cure. Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope.

Sufferers are invited to address the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR,

Sep18m6] P. O. Box, 153, Brooklyn, N. Y

J. Weaver,

Wholesale Grocer,

—AND—

LIQUOR DEALER.

NO. 102 MAIN STREET,

MOUNT VERNON, O.

I HAVE ON HAND FOR SALE:

7 year old Pure Rye Whiskey, of Reynold's Distilling, Cinthiana, Kentucky.

Pure Concord Grape Wine, 2 year old. Current Wine 10 year old.

Port, Sherry and other kinds of Wine.

Sept. 11, 1874-1y

NEW GOODS.

LADIES of Mt. Vernon and vicinity, your attention is invited to the

FALL AND WINTER

STOCK OF

MILLINERY

Now being received by

MISS FANNIE HOPWOOD

Consisting in part of

Satin Goods, Trimmed Bonnets and Hats, French and Domestic Flowers, Turquous, Satin, Silk, Laces, Imitation and Real.

Ornaments in Straw, Jet and Steel. Also, Hoop Skirts and Corsets, Real and Imitation Hair.

☞ In novelty and beauty of design, and fineness of quality, these Goods can not be excelled. They are offered very low for CASH. Call and see them. Oct. 9, 1874.

LAKE F. JONES,

LIVERY, FEED,

AND

SALE STABLE.

In Rear of Hotels, Front Street,

MT. VERNON, OHIO.

☞ A good assortment of CARRIAGES PHÆTONS, SAMPLE WAGONS, BUGGIES &c., at reasonable rates.

*Office at Stable or either of the Hotels.*

Keep for Sale at Very Low Prices

Carriages, Phætons, Top and Open Buggies; also Fancy and Plain Harness VERY CHEAP.

Persons wishing to purchase either BUGGIES or HARNESS will find it to their advantage to give me a call.

LAKE F. JONES.

March 27, 1874.

PITTSBURGH

FURNITURE HOUSE,

Corner Penn and Tenth Streets.

*Lotz's Patent Spring Bed Folding Lounge,*

MOST DURABLE EVER INVENTED.

Close, Schoeneck & Co.,

ANNOUNCE to the citizens of Ohio that they have a full line of THE LATEST STYLES of

Parlor, Chamber, Dining and Office Furniture.

Goods warranted satisfactory in all respects. Reduced rates, wholesale and retail.

Pittsburgh, March 20, 1874.

HENRY STOYLE,

STONE CUTTER,

East End of Burgess St.,

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

ALL WORK in Stone, such as Window Caps, Sills, Building and Range Stone, promptly executed. Jan23-1y

BEACH, BOYNTON & WEST,

Merchant Tailors.

—AND—

CLOTHIERS!

KREMLIN NO. 3,

MT. VERNON, O.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Constantly on Hand and for Sale.

Our Custom Department is under the control of

MR. RICHARD WEST,

Whose reputation as a CUTTER is unsurpassed in Central Ohio.

*Let it be remembered that our line of*

PIECE GOODS,

Embraces every style, price and variety, so that none need go away unsuited.

Our Ready-Made Clothing Department

Abounds in variety—all fresh and new. We sell those Goods at a SMALL PROFIT. Buy often and by this means keep a stock up to the

LATEST STYLES.

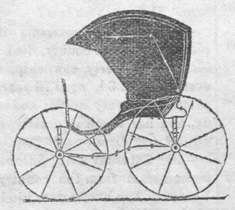
We buy for cash!—always in the market for anything NEW or NOBBY.

*We warrant everything we Manufacture as to Quality, Style or Workmanship.*

July 10, 1874-1y

H. Richard Davis,

SUCCESSOR TO WORKMAN & DAVIS,



Carriage Repository

167, 169, 171 PENN AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Citizens of Ohio visiting Pittsburgh, are respectfully requested to call at our establishment and examine our extensive stock of Carriages, Buggies, Sulkies, Phætons, etc. Repairing promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, March 20, 1874.

GEO. V. DE FOREST,

(Successor to R. A. DeForest & Son,)

OFFERS his immense stock of over a quarter of a million dollars in

DRY GOODS,

CARPETS,

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Ready-Made Garments,

GENTS' WHITE SHIRTS,

The most varied assortment of any Store in

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Having a buyer constantly in the EASTERN MARKETS and purchasing for CASH of importers direct he is prepared to sell GOODS at

RETAIL or WHOLESALE

*AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.*

☞ Orders by mail filled satisfactorily.

GEO. V. DE FOREST.

May 1.

O. A. CHILDS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

—AND—

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

STORE AND FACTORY,

111 and 113 Water St.,

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

ALSO,

Western Rubber Agency

A FULL LINE ALL STYLES

Rubber Boots and Shoes,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

The attention of dealers is invited to our

STOCK OF GOODS!

Now in store and daily arriving—made for our Western trade, and also to

Our Own Factory Goods,

Mens' Calf, Kip and Stoga Boots,

*Plow Shoes and Brogans, and*

Womens', Misses and Childrens' Calf Polish and Bals.

*All custom hand-made and warranted.*

March 28, 1873-1y

WHERE

Shall I buy my

FURNITURE?

We have made a Sweeping REDUCTION in all grades of Furniture and can give the Lowest Prices in Northern Ohio.

All Work of Our Own Superior Manufacture.

Vincent, Sturm & Co.,

Great Retail Furniture Manufacturers.

116 & 118 Water St., CLEVELAND, O

Nov. 6.

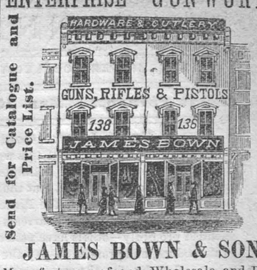
AND LOT for SALE

CHEAP, AND TERMS EASY. PRICE, $2,000. APPLY TO B. A. F. GREER, Mt. Vernon, O.

LADIES' VISITING CARDS, equal to the finest engraving, furnished at this office.

ENTERPRISE GUN-WORKS.

Send for Catalogue and Price List.




Goods Sent by Express C. O. D.

JAMES BOWN & SON,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, and Sporting Articles.

AMMUNITION, in all varieties.

AGENTS FOR THE

*Union Metalic Cartridge Comp'ys. Goods.*

Also Manufacturers of

Rifle Barrels

Both Iron and Cast Steel, equal to Remington, or any other make. Manufacturers and Repairers of all kinds of Light Machinery.

JAMES BOWN & SON,

136 & 138 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Nov. 27, 1874.

NEW GROCERY STORE

JAMES ROGERS

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his old friends and the citizens of Knox county generally, that he has resumed the Grocery business in his

Elegant New Store Room,

On Vine Street, a Few Doors West of Main,

Where he intends keeping on hand, and for sale, a CHOICE STOCK of

Family Groceries,

Embracing every description of Goods usually kept in a first-class GROCERY STORE, and will guarantee every article sold to be fresh and genuine. From my long experience in business, and determination to please customers, I hope to deserve and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Be kind enough to call at my NEW STORE and see what I have for sale. JAMES ROGERS.

Mt. Vernon, Oct. 10, 1873.

D. CORCORAN,

GROCER,

—AND—

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Malt Liquors,

*MT. VERNON, OHIO.*

HAS the exclusive agency for the sale of the

Celebrated Wainwright Ale

Manufactured at Pittsburgh, Pa., which is the only pure Ale now in the market. Sold by the barrel and half barrel. Dealers supplied on liberal terms. May 16, 1873-1y

REMOVAL.

J. B. McKENNA,

(SUCCESSOR TO I. HOOVER,)

CITY MARBLE WORKS.

THE subscriber announces to his friends and the public that he has removed his Marble Works, to the N. W. Corner of the Public Square, recently occupied by Lake F. Jones, where he has opened a large stock of

MARBLE WORK,

—SUCH AS—

Monuments, Head-Stones, Counter and Furniture Tops, &c.

By close attention to business, low prices and fair dealing, I hope to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage. Persons desiring to buy Marble Work will find it to their interest to call and deal directly, instead of buying from agents. J. B. McKENNA.

Mt. Vernon, April 10, 1874.

REMOVAL.

JAMES SAPP,

DEALER IN

BOOTS & SHOES

LEATHER & FINDINGS,

In Woodward Block, on Vine Street, West of Main,

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

Always on hand, made expressly to order, a choice and elegant seock of

LADIES' GAITERS.

Particular attention paid to

Custom Work.

On hand, a large and superb stock of

RUBBERS & OVERSHOES.

☞ All our Goods are warranted. Be sure and give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show Goods.

JAMES SAPP.

Mt. Vernon, Nov. 29, 1872.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL, at private sale, FORTY FOUR VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS immediately East of the premises of Samuel Snyder, in the City of Mt. Vernon, running from Gambier Avenue to High street.

Also for sale, TWELVE SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS in the Western Addition to Mt. Vernon, adjoining my present residence.

Said Lots will be sold singly or in parcels to suit purchasers. Those wishing to secure cheap and desirable Building Lots have now an excellent opportunity to do so.

For terms and other particulars, call upon or address the subscriber. JAMES ROGERS.

Mt. Vernon, Aug. 2, 1872.

THE GREAT AMERICAN!

IF YOU WOULD SAVE MONEY, BUY THE

American button-hole & Sewing Machine

IT IS SIMPLE, light-running, strong and durable. It will use cotton, silk, or linen thread; will sew the finest or heaviest goods work beautiful button-holes in all kinds of goods; will over-seam, embroider the edges of garments, hem, fell, tuck, braid, cord, bind, gather and sew ruffling at the same time, and all of this without buying extras. Hundreds already in use in Knox county. Full instructions free. Payments made easy. Best of needles, oil and thread, and all kinds of attachments at the office. We repair all kinds of Sewing Machines, and warrant the work. Office on Mulberry street, two doors North of Vine, Mount Vernon, Ohio.

March 7-y WM. M. PRICE, Agent

Letter Heads } Printed with neatness and despatch at the BANNER Job Office.