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Mount Vernon Democratic Banner September 18, 1868

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L. HARPER, Editor and Proprietor.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, AGRICULTURE, LITERATURE, THE ARTS AND SCIENCES, EDUCATION, THE MARKETS, AMUSEMENT, &c.

\$2.50 Per Annum, in Advance.

VOLUME XXII.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1868.

NUMBER 21.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED WEEKLY
BY L. HARPER.

Office in Rogers' Hall, Vine St.

\$2.50 per annum, strictly in advance.

\$3.00 if payment be delayed.

These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Advertising done at the usual rates.

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Columbus Business College.

The cheapest, most thorough and practical

Business School in America. More situations

furnished by Bureau than at all others.

Scholarships issued at Columbus, good through-

out the Union.

BRYAN & TOMLINSON.

J. LOAR, M.D.

NEW SCHOOL

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

THIRTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

Office and Residence—On Gambier

St., a few doors East of Main street.

My. 1868, June 1, 1869.

Errors of Youth.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous

Debility, Premature Decay, and all the

effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake

of suffering humanity, state that he has found

the recipe and directions for making the

simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers

desiring to profit by his experience, and who can

do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,

May 11-17. 12 Col. Canal, New York.

Eclectic Medical College of Penna.

THIS COLLEGE holds three sessions each

year. The first session commences October

1st and continues until the end of January; the

second session commences February 1st, and

continues until the beginning of May; the third

session commences June 1st, and continues until

the end of September. The course of study

is that of a regular medical education, and

every department of Medicine and Surgery is

thoroughly taught.

Every faculty in the way of illustration, mor-

bis specimens, herbarium, chemical and philoso-

phy apparatus, microscopes, instruments, of the

latest invention for physical examination and di-

agnosis will be provided.

Splendid Hospital and Clinical Instruction

are afforded, free of charge, to all who attend

the College. Dissecting Material, abundant

at a nominal cost.

Perpetual Scholarships are sold for \$50.

Send for circular.

The Eclectic Medical Journal of Penna.

Published monthly, contains 48 pages of original

matter. Price \$2 per annum, in advance.

It is the most progressive Medical Journal in

the U. S. Splendid inducements to the getter

of Clubs.

Beautiful premium engravings, valued at \$5,

given to every subscriber.

Specimens of copy sent on application.

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227 North Twelfth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 25-17.

Poland's Magic Bilious Powders.

Preparation of the distinguished

Dr. J. W. Poland, formerly the Pastor of the Baptist

Church, in Buffalo, N. Y., and a

man deeply beloved by that

community, has been the recipient of a

nomination throughout New Eng-

land, and the West, for the

pulpit and study medicine to save

his own life, and his own life, and his

Magical Powders are a

of modern times. It is

Democrat Banner.

AN ADDRESS

—BY THE—

Hon. Thomas Ewing,

—TO THE—

UNPLEDGED VOTERS

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

LANCASTER, O., September 2, 1868.

To those of my fellow citizens who are

sworn to no party allegiance, and whose

leading object in the coming election is the

full restoration and preservation of our free

institutions, I desire to give my views of

the condition of our country as at present

governed, and the probable consequences of

the success of each of the great parties at

the coming election. I do this the more

willingly, as I am confident, from recent

observation, that success is in the power of

neither of those parties, unaided and alone,

but rests in the hands of unpledged citi-

zens who are free to act, and full consideration

of the Union, and to which, devoted

to do this freely and well, it is necessary to

understand fully the present condition of

the two great parties—what degree of suc-

cess is possible to each, and what will be

the probable effect on the nation, of the

success of either at the coming elections!

It is my wish to present the recently past

and present condition of things with fair-

ness and candor, as they will be handed

down by the impartial historian, and judg-

ed of by enlightened statesmen when exist-

ing combinations shall have been broken,

and their passions and prejudices shall

have passed away; and I feel, myself, in a

state of mind adapted to the task so far as

the degree of the Union, and to which, devoted

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avoid, but we take from them the legis-

lative power which they have abused.

If, then, on examination, we find little to

approve and much to condemn in the ac-

tion of the two houses of Congress, for the

past two years, during which time they

have held control of the Government, it

will be safe and wise to suspend their pow-

ers until the next two years have

passed, and, as I think, downward pros-

gress.

If we look to the action of Congress for

the past two years we can not fail to per-

ceive a striking change in the code of po-

litical morality by which they are govern-

ed, and that generally acts are done and

means are resorted to for the effect pub-

lic objects which for years ago would

have been condemned and rejected as ille-

gitimate and dishonorable. The new code

of political morality is not merely set up,

but is resolutely avowed and acknowl-

ed as such, by Senator Morton, one of the

ablest, and heretofore esteemed one of the

most conscientious of the Republican lead-

ers in Congress. His speech of 1st March

last was justly lauded, but by the

war, and he likens those who have not

learned the lesson, but adhere to the old

opinions of faith and morals, to a

man who, in teaching, is ignorant of the

new teaching it is learned to teach, as ob-

solete errors, certain unimproved rules of

political action, which were heretofore re-

garded as sacred, and which are now

truth and honor. Indeed, much of this

new teaching has extended to the walks of

private life. Men learn, and teach each

other to despise those moral restraints,

which were once regarded as sacred, and

the largest freedom of action. But

there is this difference between the demor-

alization of legislators and of men—

the former are in the public eye, and

their actions are subject to the gaze of

the nation, and the latter are in the

seclusion of their homes, and their

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cial duty and manly honor required of him,

would have disabused the public mind, and

relieved the President from the charge of

high official atrocity. The Secretary

made no explanatory publication, and

the charge was suffered to rest on the

President. It was not because of difference of

opinion, but because of the course taken

by the public that he failed in this. When

General Sherman, after marching through

the heart of the Confederacy, captured John-

ston, and applied to the President for in-

structions as to the terms of capitulation, a

day was suffered to pass until Secretary

Stanton prepared and published a val-

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have been condemned and rejected as ille-

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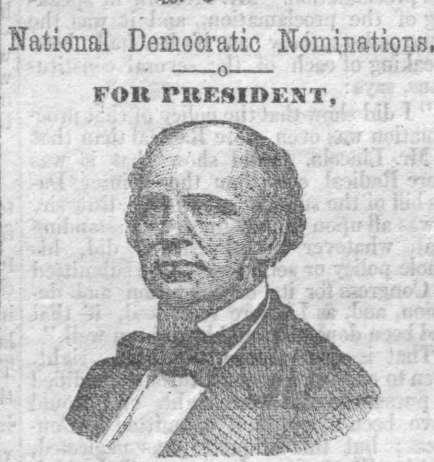
actions are subject to the gaze of

you will fail, unless you use, also, force. If you attempt it by force and it is resisted by force, we have no right to resist it. You who are the rebels and traitors? You who are the power unlawfully and destroy our constitutional government, or those who are to defend it? It is true that in questions involving national honor, success in the conflict generally determines the question of right; and let it not be forgotten that in this conflict strong public opinion does much to aid and arm the "who hath" in this quarrel just. It was therefore well for the party now in power, whose legitimate power dies so soon to inquire, before they compel or provoke a resort to force, the possible results on which side they lay the aggressors, will be the physical and moral power of the nation? In the first place, that public opinion which, in the late contest with secession, was worth a myriad of armed men, fighting in defense of the Constitution, will be arrayed again in its defense against those who will attack it—against you, if you attempt to seize the reins of power of the Union in defense of its restraints. The whole South as a unit will be against you. Not out of those emigrants whom you have sent to slaughter, control and oppress the people there, will be found the spot where the real danger will be. The border States, to a man, will be against you, and the late election in Kentucky testifies, and quite lately the men in the Northern and Western States, in the late contest with you, for you own sakes, do not provoke, by fraud or force, an armed collision. It depends on yourselves alone, for the men of intellect, in the South—those men who will at last control its destinies, in spite of all the disabilities you have imposed upon them—have determined to endure, and induce their people to endure all that you have induced in the hope that they will be the people of the United States, to whom the appeal is now made, will restore to their States the republican form, and also substance, of government, which, you have destroyed while pretending to guarantee.

Mt. Vernon Banner.

EDITED BY L. HARPER.
MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.
FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 19, 1868.

National Democratic Nominations.
FOR PRESIDENT.



HORATIO SEYMOUR
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.
GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,
OF MISSOURI.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR SUPREME COURT,
HON. WM. E. FINK, OF Perry.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
THOMAS HUBBARD, OF Logan.

CLERK OF SUPREME COURT,
JOHN M. WEBB, OF Mahoning.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC WORKS,
S. J. KIRKWOOD, OF Seneca.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, STATE AT LARGE,
HON. RUFUS P. RANNEY, Cuyahoga.

HON. HUGH J. JEWETT, Muskingum.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS,
GEN. GEO. W. MORGAN.

Knox County Democratic Ticket.

Auditor—LEWIS BRITTON.

Recorder—ALLEN J. BEACH.

Prosecuting Attorney—JAMES HART.

Comptroller—JAMES HART.

Infirmary Director—JAMES SCOTT.

Clerk—DR. GEO. A. WELKER.

THE WORK COSE BRAVELY ON!

Democratic Meetings!

Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton,
Ohio's distinguished Orator, Patriot and Statesman, will speak in
MOUNT VERNON,
On THURSDAY, October 8th, 1868,
AT 1 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Hon. James R. Doolittle,
The patriotic Conservative Senator of Wisconsin, will speak at the Court House,
MOUNT VERNON, on Monday evening, September 21st.

General Durbin Ward,
The eloquent orator of Southern Ohio, will speak at the Court House, Mt. Vernon, on Thursday evening, Sept. 24th.

Meeting at Mt. Holly.
There will be a Joint Meeting of the citizens Knox and Holmes counties, at Mt. Holly, on Saturday, September 19th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Speakers—Hon. D. S. Uhl and H. D. McDowell, of Millersburg; and Hon. C. W. Scribner, of Mt. Vernon.

GEN. G. W. MORGAN.
Will address the people of Knox county at the following times and places:
At MARTINSBURG, on Tuesday, October 6th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At NORTH LIBERTY, on Wednesday, Oct. 7th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At LAHOM'S GROVE, Monroe Tp., on Friday, October 9th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At MITY, on Friday evening, October 9th.

Maine Election—Immense Democratic Gains!
The Monarchs, as every body expected, have carried Maine by a majority of about 15,000, which is 9,000 less than their majority in 1866. The Monarchs were confident of carrying the State by a majority of at least 30,000; but they have been sorely disappointed. The Democracy did not expect to carry either Vermont or Maine, although they have cast a large vote in both States than at any former election.

The strength of the Democracy is in the West, among the Plowholders, and honest sons of toil, and not among the Bondholders and privileged classes of blue-light New England.

The Ninth District.
The Democracy of the Seneca-Crawford District are now cordially united. Mr. Noble and Judge Lee having withdrawn, Capt. E. J. Dickinson is the nominee of the Seneca County Democracy. He was a fighting and not a stalling Captain, during the late war, having served faithfully in the gallant Eighth Ohio, in the Army of the Potomac. He will be triumphantly elected, and the treasury plunderer, Bill Gibson, will be permitted to stay at home. Good!

Such are my views of the duties of those who represent bondholders and plowmen, and who are alike the agents of both. The committees of Congress who have charge of the subject should examine each class of cases carefully, and do justice to each. It matters not by whom the bonds are held, whether by large capitalists or widows and orphans; each and all are entitled to equity—no more, no less. If you give them less, you wrong them; if you give them more, you wrong the people who are the debtor.

T. EWING, of Ohio.

Delano Turns Up.
This delinquent politician, who, as Hon. Thomas Ewing says, "cannot look on honest man in the face," has the unblushing impudence to come before a Mt. Vernon audience on Friday night last, when he undertook to defend his infamy and villainy in cheating General Morgan out of his seat in Congress. There is but one man living, and his name is Columbus Delano, who is so devoid of honor, conscience, decency and truth, as to attempt to defend the outrageous frauds that were perpetrated by the Radicals in this Congressional district two years ago, or to defend the unparalleled outrage committed by the disunion Rump at Washington, in voting General Morgan out of his seat in Congress, and "appointing" Delano to fill his place.

Delano is the editor of the BAZAAR, was all we could desire, and we hope he will "continue the subject" on all suitable occasions. Abuse from such a vile hypocrite and political impostor, is to us "sweet as honey; yes, sweeter than the honey-comb."

Delano, according to the report of the Commercial, "reviewed the record of Mr. Seymour, giving him a reputation for loyalty that none but a rebel would envy." The idea of such a person as Columbus Delano questioning the patriotism and "loyalty" of Governor Seymour, is the grandest exhibition of impudence that could well be imagined. When Governor Seymour was using super-human efforts to send forward troops to save the North from invasion and destruction, (for which he received the thanks of President Lincoln, Secretary Stanton, Governor Curtin and other "loyal" dignitaries,) C. Delano was enriching himself in buying pork and beans for the army, and hunting up a substitute for his son John, who was drafted, declaring that he would spend five thousand dollars rather than let his son should be compelled to go to war!

Delano talk about the "loyalty" of Governor Seymour! And who is Columbus Delano? A man who never entertained an honest thought, or was ever moved by a patriotic impulse—a man whose love for his country, its glory and prosperity, is measured by the amount of money he can make out of the miseries and calamities of the people—a man who, in a word, would have been on the rebel side during the war. If he had made more money by buying pork and beans for Jeff Davis than for Abe Lincoln.

In Love with the Democrats.
In former years no man in Mt. Vernon abused the Democrats more than Charles Cooper. He used to call all sorts of ugly names, such as "locofocos," "butternuts," "copperheads," "traitors," "slave drivers," and the like; and occasionally, when a Democrat objected to being called by such inelegant epithets, Charles "went at him with his fists, to 'prove his doctrine orthodox' by apostrophic blows and knocks."

But "things ain't now as they used to be." Charles is now terribly in love with the Democrats. He thinks they are marvellously proper, amiable and patriotic people! He shakes hands with all the Democrats he meets, and tells them he loves them all over ever so much; that he never knew that they were half so good, so clever, sweet-tempered and altogether lovely as they are! He loves them as dearly as he loves the Radicals! He does! Only a little more so! He hopes they will all vote—as he loves them so tenderly! He is sorry that he ever called them "locofocos," "butternuts," "copperheads" and "traitors!" He hadn't oughter have done it! He won't do so no more ever again, no how! He won't strike a Democrat in all his life—past, present or in future, or at any other time, for differing with him in opinion! Would rather strike himself! He will fight, bleed and die for the Democrats, if they will only vote for him! He will send them all a sack of flour, and a picture of the next Congressman, (who will be General Morgan) if they give him just one vote, "out of compliment!" He will invite them into his parlor, and dance, drink and—eat them alive, if they will only vote for him!

"Will you walk into my parlor, said a spider to the tiniest little spider that ever you did see? Will you, will you, will you, Won't you, little one?"

Oh, how can the Democrats resist such sincere, heart-felt, honest, glowing, spontaneous, overwhelming, eternal love? They can't do it! No, sirree, Bob!

Letter of Hon. Thomas Ewing.
The letter of Hon. THOMAS EWING, of Lancaster, Ohio, addressed to the "Unlabeled Voters of the United States," which is published in this week's BAZAAR, is a document of extraordinary strength and clearness, and will be generally read and reflected upon by many a political paper that has been issued in this country for many years. From the fact that Mr. Ewing has heretofore been a Whig and Republican, and has never acted with the Democratic party, his advice to his countrymen to vote for Seymour and Blair, in view of the horrible condition in which the country has been placed by the crazy Radical party, will have a wonderful effect for good at this time. Read the letter, and then pass the paper to your Republican neighbor, that he may read it also.

South-Trade.
Before the war we sent South yearly, of domestic goods, \$240,000; of imported goods, \$105,000,000. We charged here an interest and brokerage, \$65,200,000. Is not this business worth recovering?

Huza for Nebraska!
Nebraska rolled up a thousand majority for the Democratic cause in her recent convention. Westward the star of empire takes his way.

The Public Debt.
Keep it before the people, that in 1865 the public debt was \$2,425,137,002.18. In 1865 it is \$2,643,255,285. An increase of \$218,118,282.82. Let us have peace.

Is Delano Capable of Shame?
Hon. Thomas Ewing says that Columbus Delano "is ashamed to look on honest voters in the face."

Democratic Victory in Alton, Ill.
The charter election at Alton, Ill., on Tuesday, resulted in a Democratic victory for all the candidates on the city ticket except one, being elected by an average majority of 200. They also have a majority in the Board of Aldermen. The vote was larger than usual and shows Democratic gains.

Colorado Democratic.
At the late election in Colorado the Democracy won a splendid triumph in the election of Mr. Rollin, their candidate for Congress, showing a Democratic gain of over 2,000 since the last Presidential election. Huza!

Cooper's Oath-Bound Secret Conspiracy!
The Zanesville Signal of Monday, publishes the "Ritual," "Pledge of Honor" and "By-Laws of the Workingmen's Association," which has just been organized in that city, by persons in the employ of Charles Cooper, the bogus Workingmen's candidate for Congress. Every person who joins this secret, oath-bound League, is sworn (not to support the Constitution, but) to stand by the disunion Rump Congress at Washington, and to vote for Charles Cooper!

We learn that a man named Roberts is hired by Cooper to organize this conspiracy in every village in Knox county. He was out at Rich Hill, the other evening, and after making extraordinary efforts he succeeded in getting a few Abolitionists to join his unlawful and traitorous League. No Democrat could be found silly enough to enter the garter where the conspirators met.

We want Democrats everywhere, and more especially workingmen, to beware of this and all other secret Leagues and unlawful combinations to overthrow the liberties of the people and rivet the chains of despotism. No good cause requires such wicked measures to support it. Cooper cannot fool Democrats to vote for him by any such nefarious and infamous tricks as this. He had better speed his surplus cash in some more honorable and less criminal way.

Mr. Cooper's Paper.
"The Workingman," Mr. Cooper's paper, continues to put out its abuse against General Morgan. In one number it charges that Morgan got rich, in the service of the Government, and in the next number it denounces him because he is poor, and pays less taxes than Cooper. But this thing of Cooper's heavy tax list, is a mere cheat. In fact the taxes are paid by the persons who buy his machinery; for he adds the tax to the cost and profit on the machine, and the buyer pays for all.

The Public Debt.
The Public Debt having increased during the month of August last, as shown by Secretary McCulloch's last monthly statement, \$12,079,322, the Statesman makes a calculation which shows that the increase of the debt for each and every day during last month, Sundays included, was \$136,160; for each minute over \$270, and \$70 for every time the clock ticked a second. This is the way Radicalism is piling up the burden of debt on an over-taxed and oppressed people.

Will Delano Resign?
In speaking of Columbus Delano, the Hon. Thomas Ewing says, "If the Hon. Delano would restore himself to his own good opinion, and to that of those whose good opinion he values, let him resign at once a position which he ILLEGALLY OCCUPIES and suffer the voters of the district to elect a member for themselves." Will Mr. Delano resign and let the people decide who is entitled to represent them in the 40th Congress?

How Delano Got Rich.
Ask any poor man who has worked for Delano, how he was treated, and you will find that two out of every three have had hard work to get their pay, and some of them have never got it. He puts them from day to day, and from month to month, and from year to year, until they become tired asking him, and thus never get their pay at all.

The Rich and the Poor.
Messrs. Cooper and Delano seem to believe in the Kingly maxim, that "Government should take care of the rich, and the rich take care of the poor." And hence they regard it as presumption, for a poor man to talk politics. Cooper and Delano are both rich. The Workingmen made Cooper's fortune, and Delano made his by—

Nomination of Judge Backus.
Hon. F. T. Backus, of Cleveland, formerly a leading Republican, but who is now heart and soul with the Democracy, received the Democratic nomination for Congress, in the Cleveland district, on Friday last. He is too pure a man to expect to be sent to Congress from the benighted Reserve.

Good News from the Reserve.
The Radical majority in the Western Reserve in 1866, was 24,333, and in 1867 it was 19,961. The Democracy are confident of reducing it to 17,000 this year; and the Plaindealer says: "If the Democrats of all sections of the State do as well as the Democracy on the Reserve, we will have Ohio by a handsome majority."

Cooper and Delano.
Between them, Cooper and Delano have made a pretty mess of the Republican party. Delano brought the party into disrepute, by smirking Morgan out of his seat. And to complete Delano's work, Cooper kicks over the Republican organization, and nominates himself.

Those Indictments.
Can the Prosecuting Attorney tell us what became of the indictments against the "Hon." Charles Cooper, for marking the tickets of men in his employ? The people would like to know.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, ALBUMS, CHROMOS.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO., 501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE LANDS OF THE BIBLE.

CHROMOS.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO., 501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Importers and Manufacturers of Photographic Materials.

A Terrible Earthquake in South America!
Cities, Towns and Villages Swallowed Up!
OVER 30,000 LIVES LOST, &c.
The New York Evening Telegram has accounts of the most terrible earthquake in South America which has yet been recorded. In Peru and Ecuador whole cities have been swallowed up and over thirty thousand lives are known to have been lost. This destruction was on the 16th of August. The city of Arequipa, containing 35,000 inhabitants, has been swept away, yet strange to say only five hundred lives were lost. Areca, another city, numbering 25,000 inhabitants, had not a house left to mark the spot where it stood, yet singularly so the number of lives lost was only about four hundred. The tide suddenly rose forty feet, and the waves capitalized the United States steamship, Zedonia and all on board were lost. The Peruvian corvette America was also carried away. Thirty-three persons were drowned. The American merchant ship, Rosita, and the French bark Edward, were also lost. The towns of Iquitos, Moquegua, Lerma and Pisco were also utterly destroyed. Over six hundred perished at Iquitos. The American merchants lost heavily—nearly all are totally ruined. The towns of Iquitos, San Pablo, Antofagasta and Iquitos are in ruins. Where cities formerly stood, is now a lake. The populations of the above named towns were almost entirely destroyed. Panchico, Pelellero and Cachiaguis were also destroyed. The dead are so numerous that the surviving inhabitants have been forced to fly from the stench of putrifying bodies. In Guayaquil the earthquake was felt but damage was done. Letters from Quito, dated the 19th, announce that earthquakes continue at intervals of a few hours. The President issued a proclamation to the people to come forward and help the sufferers.

Some forty or fifty years since, when a British frigate was carried by the tide over the city of Callao and embedded in the sand, where the rock is still shown, the earthquake that took place in Callao is held as the heaviest and most destructive shock the world had, until then, witnessed. That which occurred in South America during last August, far exceeded it in severity and loss of life and property.

Delano Draws Morgan's Salary.
Delano draws Morgan's salary, and then abuses Morgan because he is poor.

The Columbus Journal contradicts a "report" that General Banning had abandoned the Mongrels and had come out for Seymour and Blair. As no person in "these parts" ever heard of any such report, it shows to what miserable shifts the Mongrels are compelled to resort, in order to "keep up appearances." The "report" probably originated from the fact that Gen. Banning made a "Democratic" speech down South some months ago, which was published in the Memphis papers, and copied into the BANNER.

The Hon. J. S. Black in his great speech to the Democracy of York, Pa., said: "I cannot speak with perfect accuracy, but I believe I am within reasonable bounds when I tell you that a thousand millions would not cover the frauds committed since the close of the war." We ask the people to ponder these words.—They are not the random utterances of a mere demagogue, but the honestly expressed convictions of one of the ablest, purest and best informed men of the nation.

Cooper's paper at Zanesville says that General Morgan "has drawn \$75,000 from the U. S. Treasury." This is about as near the truth as the "Organ" generally gets. The facts are, Mr. Cooper drew five times more money from the U. S. Treasury for a few fat jobs of work done in one year during the war, than General Morgan received for many years of laborious service.

General Morgan occupied his seat in Congress during a period of fourteen months, and attended to the interests of the people in Congress; while Delano did nothing. But when Delano got Morgan's seat, he drew pay for the time that Morgan was in the House, and while he did nothing. This is the way the money goes. A free gift of six hundred dollars for poor Columbus Delano.

The New York Courier, an independent journal, thus pictures the inevitable future, should Grant be elected: "At our present rates of national living, we shall soon come to settling day, and have nothing left for it but to stick the shank's flag out of the window of the Capitol, and sell out the national real and personal estate for the benefit of all whom it may concern."

Master Oscar White, of the U. S. S. Waterer, arrived in New York on Monday, being bearer of dispatches to the Government relative to the late awful earthquake on the coast of South America. The Waterer was dashed ashore by the violent agitation of the waves, and it will cost more than her original value to extricate her.

Hon. George H. Pendleton, Judge Cookstock, of New York, and Hon. J. P. McKinney, addressed immense meetings at Cleveland and Akron, during the past week. The Democracy of the Reserve are aroused, and will cast a larger vote this year than they have ever polled. Every county in Northern Ohio will give an immense Democratic vote.

The World, with pungent truth, remarks that the carpet-bag Governments of the South, will fall to pieces and be displaced in the internal rebellion, by the "who" election, and his inauguration.

The snakes in Ireland, in good old St. Patrick's time, they will commit suicide to save themselves from being slaughtered.

Let Democrats remember that the majority again in Ohio, last fall, was only 2900, and that a change of one vote in each ward and township in the State will give the electoral vote to Seymour and Blair. Let every Democrat be active and wide awake, and do all he can towards securing the necessary vote to wheel Ohio in the Democratic column.

POLITICAL NOTES AND SHOTS.
Michigan looks preponderantly Democratic.
Grant's home, Galena, is strongly Democratic.
All the Germans in Davenport, Iowa, are Democratic.
If the Radicals mean to economize, why didn't they begin three years ago.
Vote for Seymour and Blair, the candidates of the Whitemen's party.
Democrats organize thoroughly in every township.
Democrats do not leave a single voter at home on Tuesday the 12th day of October.

The Chicago Republican thinks that Seymour "will go up." That is a pretty sure sign that Grant will go down.

A vote for Grant is a vote to give suffrage to ignorant and debased negroes and make them the social and political equals of the white race.

The President of the Union League, at Andersonville, Texas, is in jail for stealing. As soon as he is discharged, he proposes to take the stump for Grant and Colfax.

The Cincinnati Commercial says, the people are wheeling into line. Yes, they are. Into the Democratic line.

Three men and two gallons of whisky organized a Grant club at Grove Park, Franklin co. What did they want with such men?

The Radicals propose to banish "Blair's Rhetoric" from all the schools. It will find refuge in the hearts of the people and teach them how to vote in November.

One of the latest villanies of Black Republican Congressmen, is the sale of their franchises to business firms! Thus business men save money. Rumpers make money and the people are defrauded.

The Zanesville Courier says: "The Republicans have one point of danger, and that is, that they are sure of victory." To which the Statesman responds: "There are no Republicans in this neighborhood afflicted with any such feeling." Nor here either.

The whites of the South are taxed and unrepresented. The blacks are represented. Is it just and right? White men should not assist in the degradation of their own race.

White men, remember, that every dollar of the income tax wrung from your hard earnings goes to bolster up the Radical Jacobins who try to impeach the President.

The Bondholders draw gold interest and ride in their carriages, while the tax-payers' land is sold as delinquent, because he has beggared himself paying the Bondholders' taxes and has no money left.

The new way to guarantee a Republican form of Government is to make it a felony to vote in Mississippi, Texas, Alabama, and Virginia.

Ex-Governor Sherwood, of Wisconsin, deserts the Radicals and comes out in support of the Democratic nominees. So acts Hon. C. W. Johnson, of Quincy, Illinois, and so does Colonel H. M. Brooks, of the same State.

Wisconsin is going for Seymour and Blair—sure. It is probable even that it will go Democratic by a sufficient majority to overcome a gerrymandered Legislature, and send Doolittle back to the Senate.

The Chicago Post says that the Democracy have a Marble at the head of its editorial profession, and a Brick at the feet. It is quite different with the Radicals, who have a brick at the head (in the hat) and a very slippery walk under their feet.

Col. Woodford, radical, in a recent speech said: "I make no attack on Governor Seymour as a man. Most courteous and gentle in his manners, cultivated in mind, and persuasive in eloquence, his private character is without spot or blemish."

The Bellefonte (Wis.) Watchman has on hand and offers to bet \$1,000 on each of the States of Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Missouri, California, Maryland, that they go for Seymour and Blair; \$2,000 that Seymour and Blair will be elected, and \$500 more that no Radical will take the bet.

The Chicago platform declares that it is the duty of Congress to make every negro North to forbid forever the negro's access to the franchise.

The New York World wonders why they call Schenck "General." Does it not remember how gallantly he charged upon the "redoubtable" at the point of the cowboy, in Virginia? That's why he is called General.

Parson Brownlow, of Tennessee, whose blasphemous have shocked thousands, and who has been driven from his home with a loyal negro than to Heaven with a copperhead," is actively engaged in canvassing for Grant and Colfax. The Parson is a lot of the Radicals.

Think it Over in Your Mind.
If the 5-30 Bonds are thrown into Greenbacks, from one hundred and thirty to one hundred and fifty millions of dollars will be saved each year in the matter of interest. Besides, money will be made plenty in the West and activity will thereby be given to every kind of business. The farmers, laborers, mechanics and business men will all be able to get along better than they are now.

Is this not worthy consideration? Statesman.

Ex-President Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, who has been quite ill for the past two weeks, was slowly recovering at last accounts.

MARRIED.—Sept. 7th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. S. Eggleston, Mr. William H. Scambring, to Miss Susan D. MARRIED, both of Liberty Township, Knox county, Ohio.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, ALBUMS, CHROMOS.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO., 501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE LANDS OF THE BIBLE.

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Importers and Manufacturers of Photographic Materials.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.
State of Ohio, Knox County, ss.
The qualified Electors of the county of Knox and State of Ohio, are hereby notified, that a General Election will be held on the 12th day of October, 1868, at which time the voters of said county, as in and to the several townships as required by law, will be called upon to elect their representatives to the General Assembly of the State of Ohio.
On Tuesday, October 13th, 1868.
At which time will be chosen by ballot,
One person for Secretary of State,
One person for Auditor General,
One person for Board of Public Works,
One person for Member Congress,
One person for Sheriff of Knox County,
One person for Auditor,
One person for Recorder,
One person for Prosecuting Attorney,
One person for Commissioner,
One person for Coroner,
One person for Inferior Judge,
And the Trustees of the several Townships of said county will furnish to the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas the following number of Jurors for their respective townships, to-wit:
Jackson township, 2; Butler Tp., 1; Union Tp., 3; Jefferson township, 4; Brown township, 2; Clinton township, 2; Morgan township, 1; Pleasant township, 8; College township, 4; Monroe township, 3; Berlin township, 1; Berlin township, 2; Clinton township, 14; Miller township, 2; Milford township, 4; Liberty township, 4; Hilliar township, 3.
Township Trustees will please be particular to return the Jurors by the 10th day of September, to GEO. V. STEELE, SH. K. & C. O. Mt. Vernon, O. Sept. 18, 1868-59.

LEGAL NOTICE.
The State of Ohio, Knox County, ss.
Henry Hibbert, Plaintiff,
vs.
Paul Warner, Jr., Defendant.
The State of Ohio, ss. of Fayette county, in the State of Illinois, will take notice that Henry Hibbert, of the County of Knox in the State of Ohio, did, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1868, file his petition in the Court of Common Pleas, and for the County of Knox, in the State of Ohio, against said Paul Warner, Jr., defendant, setting forth that on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1865, in the action before Andrew Black, one of the Justices of the Peace of the township of Union, in the County of Knox, wherein the plaintiff was plaintiff, and defendant Henry Hibbert, defendant, the plaintiff was given by said Justice in favor of the plaintiff, (the plaintiff in said action) against the defendant Henry Hibbert, the sum of twenty-three dollars and ninety cents, and upon said judgment the defendant Henry Hibbert, therein, the sum of twenty-eight dollars and twenty cents, with interest on twenty-three dollars from the 27th day of November, A. D. 1865, to the 27th day of September, A. D. 1868, and of ten per cent per annum, for which the plaintiff claims judgment.
The defendant is further notified that unless he appear and answer or demur to said petition by the third Saturday after the 30th day of October, A. D. 1868, the same will be taken on confessed, and judgment rendered accordingly.
Given, Porter & Mitchell, Attys for Plaintiff.
Sept. 18-68

Divorce Notice.
Mary E. Swails, Plaintiff,
vs.
Jacob Swails, Defendant.
The State of Ohio, ss. of Fayette county, in the State of Illinois, will take notice that Mary E. Swails, of the County of Knox in the State of Ohio, did, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1868, file her petition in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the County of Knox, in the State of Ohio, charging said Jacob Swails with willful absence for more than three years last past, and for desertion, and asking for a divorce from the said Jacob Swails, which petition will stand for hearing at the next term of said court.
Given, Porter & Mitchell, Attys for Plaintiff.
Sept. 18-68

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR HOWLAND'S GRANT AND COLFAX.
ONE Large Octavo Volume, Richly Illustrated, 100 pages, 100 cuts, 100 maps, 100 diagrams, 100 tables, 100 charts, 100 illustrations, 100 engravings, 100 woodcuts, 100 lithographs, 100 steel plates, 100 copper plates, 100 zinc plates, 100 iron plates, 100 lead plates, 100 tin plates, 100 paper plates, 100 cloth plates, 100 leather plates, 100 velvet plates, 100 silk plates, 100 cotton plates, 100 wool plates, 100 hair plates, 100 bone plates, 100 ivory plates, 100 horn plates, 100 shell plates, 100 stone plates, 100 metal plates, 100 wood plates, 100 paper plates, 100 cloth plates, 100 leather plates, 100 velvet plates, 100 silk plates, 100 cotton plates, 100 wool plates, 100 hair plates, 100 bone plates, 100 ivory plates, 100 horn plates, 100 shell plates, 100 stone plates, 100 metal plates, 100 wood plates, 100 paper plates, 100 cloth plates, 100 leather plates, 100 velvet plates, 100 silk plates, 100 cotton plates, 100 wool plates, 100 hair plates, 100 bone plates, 100 ivory plates, 100 horn plates, 100 shell plates, 100 stone plates, 100 metal plates, 100 wood plates, 100 paper plates, 100 cloth plates, 100 leather plates, 100 velvet plates, 100 silk plates, 100 cotton plates, 100 wool plates, 100 hair plates, 100 bone plates, 100 ivory plates, 100 horn plates, 100 shell plates, 100 stone plates, 100 metal plates, 100 wood plates, 100 paper plates, 100 cloth plates, 100 leather plates, 100 velvet plates, 100 silk plates, 100 cotton plates, 100 wool plates, 100 hair plates, 100 bone plates, 100 ivory plates, 100 horn plates, 100 shell plates, 100 stone plates, 100 metal plates, 100 wood plates, 100 paper plates, 100 cloth plates, 100 leather plates, 100 velvet plates, 100 silk plates, 100 cotton plates, 100 wool plates, 100 hair plates, 100 bone plates, 100 ivory plates, 100 horn plates, 100 shell plates, 100 stone plates, 100 metal plates, 100 wood plates, 100 paper plates, 100 cloth plates, 100 leather plates, 100 velvet plates, 100 silk plates, 100 cotton plates, 100 wool plates, 100 hair plates, 100 bone plates, 100 ivory plates, 100 horn plates, 100 shell plates, 100 stone plates, 100 metal plates, 100 wood plates, 100 paper plates, 100 cloth plates, 100 leather plates, 100 velvet plates, 100 silk plates, 100 cotton plates, 100 wool plates, 100 hair plates, 100 bone plates, 100 ivory plates, 100 horn plates, 100 shell plates, 100 stone plates, 100 metal plates, 100 wood plates, 100 paper plates, 1

