

Kenyon College

Digital Kenyon: Research, Scholarship, and Creative Exchange

Mount Vernon Banner Historic Newspaper 1871

11-3-1871

Mount Vernon Democratic Banner November 3, 1871

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digital.kenyon.edu/banner1871>

Recommended Citation

"Mount Vernon Democratic Banner November 3, 1871" (1871). *Mount Vernon Banner Historic Newspaper 1871*. 13.
<https://digital.kenyon.edu/banner1871/13>

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by Digital Kenyon: Research, Scholarship, and Creative Exchange. It has been accepted for inclusion in Mount Vernon Banner Historic Newspaper 1871 by an authorized administrator of Digital Kenyon: Research, Scholarship, and Creative Exchange. For more information, please contact noltj@kenyon.edu.

L. HARPER, Editor and Proprietor.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, AGRICULTURE, LITERATURE, THE ARTS AND SCIENCES, EDUCATION, THE MARKETS, &c.

(\$2.50 Per Annum, in Advance.)

VOLUME XXXV.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1871.

NUMBER 26.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY L. HARPER. OFFICE CORNER MAIN AND CAMDEN STS.

TERMS—\$2.50 per annum, strictly in advance. \$3.00 if payment be delayed.

Advertisements done at the usual rates.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE. Cleveland, Columbus & C. R. R.

SHELBY TIME TABLE. Going South—Mail & Express, 9:31 A. M.

Going North—Mail & Express, 9:31 A. M.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. (LAKE ERIE DIVISION.) GOING NORTH.

Steamboat Express. 5:12 A. M. West Point, 5:30 A. M. Erie, 6:00 A. M.

Through Night Freight. 6:12 A. M. Erie, 6:30 A. M. West Point, 6:45 A. M.

Freight and Passenger. 8:10 P. M. Erie, 8:30 P. M. West Point, 8:45 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA, W. & C. R. R. CONDENSED TIME CARD. May 28th, 1871.

STATIONS. [Exp's, Mail, Exp's, Exp's]

Chicago, 12:30 A. M. 1:00 A. M. 1:30 A. M. 2:00 A. M.

St. Louis, 2:30 A. M. 3:00 A. M. 3:30 A. M. 4:00 A. M.

St. Paul, 4:30 A. M. 5:00 A. M. 5:30 A. M. 6:00 A. M.

Portland, 6:30 A. M. 7:00 A. M. 7:30 A. M. 8:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. 11:00 A. M. 11:30 A. M. 12:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 12:30 P. M. 1:00 P. M. 1:30 P. M. 2:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 2:30 P. M. 3:00 P. M. 3:30 P. M. 4:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 4:30 P. M. 5:00 P. M. 5:30 P. M. 6:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 6:30 P. M. 7:00 P. M. 7:30 P. M. 8:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 8:30 P. M. 9:00 P. M. 9:30 P. M. 10:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 10:30 P. M. 11:00 P. M. 11:30 P. M. 12:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 12:30 A. M. 1:00 A. M. 1:30 A. M. 2:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 2:30 A. M. 3:00 A. M. 3:30 A. M. 4:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 4:30 A. M. 5:00 A. M. 5:30 A. M. 6:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 6:30 A. M. 7:00 A. M. 7:30 A. M. 8:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 8:30 A. M. 9:00 A. M. 9:30 A. M. 10:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. 11:00 A. M. 11:30 A. M. 12:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 12:30 P. M. 1:00 P. M. 1:30 P. M. 2:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 2:30 P. M. 3:00 P. M. 3:30 P. M. 4:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 4:30 P. M. 5:00 P. M. 5:30 P. M. 6:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 6:30 P. M. 7:00 P. M. 7:30 P. M. 8:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 8:30 P. M. 9:00 P. M. 9:30 P. M. 10:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 10:30 P. M. 11:00 P. M. 11:30 P. M. 12:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 12:30 A. M. 1:00 A. M. 1:30 A. M. 2:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 2:30 A. M. 3:00 A. M. 3:30 A. M. 4:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 4:30 A. M. 5:00 A. M. 5:30 A. M. 6:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 6:30 A. M. 7:00 A. M. 7:30 A. M. 8:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 8:30 A. M. 9:00 A. M. 9:30 A. M. 10:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. 11:00 A. M. 11:30 A. M. 12:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 12:30 P. M. 1:00 P. M. 1:30 P. M. 2:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 2:30 P. M. 3:00 P. M. 3:30 P. M. 4:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 4:30 P. M. 5:00 P. M. 5:30 P. M. 6:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 6:30 P. M. 7:00 P. M. 7:30 P. M. 8:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 8:30 P. M. 9:00 P. M. 9:30 P. M. 10:00 P. M.

San Francisco, 10:30 P. M. 11:00 P. M. 11:30 P. M. 12:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 12:30 A. M. 1:00 A. M. 1:30 A. M. 2:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 2:30 A. M. 3:00 A. M. 3:30 A. M. 4:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 4:30 A. M. 5:00 A. M. 5:30 A. M. 6:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 6:30 A. M. 7:00 A. M. 7:30 A. M. 8:00 A. M.

San Francisco, 8:30 A. M. 9:00 A. M. 9:30 A. M. 10:00 A. M.

USEFUL INFORMATION.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Christian Church, Vine Street, between Gay and McKenney. Services every Sabbath at 10 o'clock A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M.

Methodist Episcopal Church, corner Gay and Chestnut streets. Rev. D. H. HENRY.

Presbyterian Church, corner Gay and Chestnut streets. Rev. W. D. GODMAN.

Protestant Episcopal Church, corner Gay and High streets. Rev. R. B. PATT.

The Methodist Church, Mulberry street, between Gay and Hanover. Rev. J. H. HAMILTON.

Catholic Church, corner High and McKenney. Rev. JULIUS BRENT.

Baptist Church, Vine street, between Mulberry and Mechanic. Rev. A. J. WILSON.

Congregational Church, Main street. Rev. F. MORSE.

United Presbyterian Church, corner Main and Sugar streets.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

MASONIC. Mt. Zion Lodge, No. 9, meets at Masonic Hall, Main street, the first Friday evening of each month.

CLINTON CHAPTER, No. 26, meets at Masonic Hall, the first Monday evening after the first Friday of each month.

CLINTON COMRADES, No. 5, meets at Masonic Hall, the second Friday evening of each month.

I. O. O. FELLOWS. Mount Zion Lodge No. 20, meets in Hall No. 1, Krenlin, on Wednesday evening of each week.

QUINCY LODGE No. 316, meets in Hall or Warner Miller's Store, Tuesday evening of each week.

KOKOSING CAMPMEET meets in Hall No. 1, Krenlin, the 2nd and 4th Friday evening of each month.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE. Mt. Vernon Division, No. 71, meets in Hall No. 2, Krenlin, on Monday evening of each week.

KNOX COUNTY DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff—ALLEN J. BEACH. Clerk of the Court—J. B. BENT.

Recorder—THOS. K. HESS. Probate Judge—C. E. CRITCHFIELD.

Coroner—GEORGE W. WELKER. Commissioners—D. F. Halsey, John Lyall, Samuel Snyder, Platt Bardsley, Richard Campbell.

Justices of the Peace. William D. Parker, Mt. Vernon; William D. Parker, Mt. Vernon; College Township—D. F. Halsey, J. Leonard, George Miller, Greenville.

Chancellor—Enoch Nichols, Centreburg. Auditor—William Wilson, Burlington, Millwood; S. H. Porter, Danville.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; W. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon; Wayne Township—Wm. H. McCain, Mt. Vernon.

CONDURANGO!

THE WONDERFUL REMEDY FOR CANCER, SYPHILIS, SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM AND ALL OTHER CHRONIC BLOOD DISEASES.

Dr. P. T. KEENE, having just returned from Ecuador and brought with him a quantity of the genuine CONDURANGO BARK, secured through the official recommendation and assistance of His Excellency the President of Ecuador, and the Government of that Republic, we are prepared to fill orders for it to a limited extent, and at a price about one-quarter of that which will cost the first year's supply, supplied to the Government.

A spurious article is now advertised and sold as Condurango. We have it at considerable expense, and with the cooperation of the authorities of Loja, the province where the plant grows, so directed the channel of our supply as to ensure that none but the genuine article shall be sold; and we particularly call the attention of the public to this supply, to this fact.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Dr. B. Bliss, M. D., Washington, D. C.; Dr. B. Bliss, M. D., New York; P. T. Keene, M. D., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

Bliss Keene & Co., 40 Cedar St., New York.

The Banner.

MARK TWAIN'S LAST. THREE ACES.

Jim Todd's Epitaph in Social Church.

I don't go much on little games of keeds played with a stranger.

Since—durned galoot! I took a hand on board with three smooth chaps that they'd like to play the game.

In a little social euchre, or some such harmless game.

I never had such luck afore, in any spot or place.

My hand was frequent loser with both bows and the ace.

The chap next me said, "If we was playin' for the life, you'd be a winner."

You best be sure! We're lucky that its only social euchre.

Agin three keeds in any hand there is around this board!

I looked mine over, Rich? You bet! I got a chumme mery.

And knowed I him! "Cap," sez I, "you air my huckleberry!"

Then each of us discarded two, I had all aces and I knowed them would lay over any three keeds in the pack!

So I thought? I guess not! "Cap," sez I, "I jest name 'em, I'll please."

Seh he, "Wal, since you air so good, I'll pick a V on these."

"Jes so," sez I, "I see your V and go two X's."

"That's just my dix," sez he, "I'm bound that I won't be your fox."

Toent it short I went for him, fast as a little wagon.

I had him just the time to make a hot 'dog on 'em."

My pound got dry. He "called" me. I spread 'em out.

And reached for that "pot," I guess, without a finger's touch.

"Hold on! seh he, 'them are not good! Seh I!"

"Wal, since you air so good, I'll pick a V on these."

"Jes so," sez I, "I see your V and go two X's."

"That's just my dix," sez he, "I'm bound that I won't be your fox."

Toent it short I went for him, fast as a little wagon.

I had him just the time to make a hot 'dog on 'em."

My pound got dry. He "called" me. I spread 'em out.

And reached for that "pot," I guess, without a finger's touch.

"Hold on! seh he, 'them are not good! Seh I!"

"Wal, since you air so good, I'll pick a V on these."

"Jes so," sez I, "I see your V and go two X's."

"That's just my dix," sez he, "I'm bound that I won't be your fox."

Toent it short I went for him, fast as a little wagon.

I had him just the time to make a hot 'dog on 'em

The Chicago Tribune announces that five hundred additional laborers can find employment in that city.

Sunday last was observed as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayers in Chicago.

A special from Salt Lake City states that it is doubtful whether Brigham Young will return until the troubles are over.

President Grant has appointed Thursday, November 30th, as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer.

The small pox is raging in Philadelphia.

General Robert Anderson, the hero of Fort Sumpter, died at Nice, France on Thursday, Oct. 5th.

There were twenty-eight deaths in Pittsburgh last week from small-pox.

The convicts in the Massachusetts Penitentiary sent \$600 to the Chicago Relief Fund.

Professor Agassiz will shortly start on an exploring expedition around Cape Horn and up the Pacific coast.

Governor Hoffman, of New York, has appointed November 23d as a day of Thanksgiving.

The aid for Chicago has reached \$7,000,000.

The churches burned at Chicago were valued at \$3,000,000.

A large number of masons and bricklayers from New York have arrived at Chicago.

Crops in the North-west are suffering because of a scarcity of farm hands.

The Chamber of Commerce of Berlin has telegraphed twelve thousand six dollars to Chicago.

The employees of the I. & St. L. Railroad Company at Indianapolis have contributed \$3,500 for Chicago.

Wood County, West Virginia, went Democratic at the election Thursday by 350 majority, a gain of 150.

It is reported that five hundred children were born in the open air at Chicago, on the Wednesday following the great fire.

An attempt was made on Thursday to fire the Episcopal Church on the corner of Washington and Peoria streets, Chicago. The fire was put out before any serious damage was done.

The Democratic city of New York has donated two millions of dollars to the Chicago sufferers. There is nothing in the annals of charity in the history of the world equal to it.

The Chicago City Treasurer's safe was opened Thursday. The contents, consisting of books and papers, were burnt. The safe was extinguished, but leaving a charred and almost indistinguishable mass.

The Chicago Journal says it is now believed that a large number of the persons burned at the great fire were those who, in their anxiety for plunder, rushed into buildings until escape was cut off.

The Secretary of State has received a dispatch from Havana announcing a contribution of \$10,000 for the sufferers by the fire in Chicago. The amount is sent by Cable to Simon Devisser, New York City.

The city of Chicago, as a corporation, loses by the great fire property valued at \$5,000,000, consisting of bridges, buildings, damage to water works, destruction of engines, hose, &c. The damage to street improvement, which falls on abutters, is not included.

The paper mill of Freeman & Barrett six miles north of Fort Wayne, Indiana, was destroyed by fire Monday morning. The loss will reach twenty-five thousand dollars. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

The Official Vote for Governor.

We present to our readers this week the official vote for Governor at the recent election. It will be seen that Gen. Hayes received 238,194 votes, Colonel McCook 218,105, Mr. Stewart (Prohibition) 4,055. Hayes' official majority over McCook, is 20,089. The total vote on Governor is 460,354, an increase over the vote for Secretary of State last year of 31,297. Last year the Radical majority was 17,194; the increase is 2,895. In Cuyahoga county, where the greatest office-holding pressure was brought to bear, the Radicals gained 3,314, comprising the entire gain, with some to spare to make up for their losses in the other counties. The Prohibitionists increase their vote 1,222.

The vote for Colonel McCook in Knox county, was 2,820, and although this was a majority of 53 over the vote of General Hayes, yet it fell at least 90 short of the actual Democratic majority in the county. As we have already stated over 80 Democrats in Harrison township cut off the entire State ticket from their ballots, and a few Democrats in other townships were guilty of the same folly. The actual Democratic majority in Knox county is at least 199 votes. But all things considered our county has done gloriously, and we can always point to the result with feelings of pride and pleasure. Had the other counties in the State done as well as Knox, Coshocton, Licking and Muskingum, composing the 13th Congressional District the Democracy would have carried the State.

Constitutional Convention.

The proposition of holding a Convention to amend the Constitution of Ohio has been carried by a very large majority—there being 266,668 votes in the affirmative and only 100,412 in the negative. We are sorry for it. We see no necessity for such a Convention in the State at present. We believe the existing Constitution is about as good as any new one that can be adopted. And besides, it will entail upon the already overburdened tax-payers of Ohio an additional load, which will be hard for them to bear.

State Senator.

The following is the official vote for State Senator in this district, viz:

MCDOWELL	DEVIN	
Holmes	2,332	1,017
Knox	2,882	2,762
Morrow	1,487	1,385
Wayne	3,498	3,392
Total	40,000	9,156
MCDOWELL'S majority	833	

Secretary Bottwell was arrested in New York City, on Friday last, at the instance of an Englishman named B. Clifford Calvin, who claims to be the originator of the financial system adopted by Bottwell without the consent of the author. Calvin claims two million damages. This is rather hard on our great Bottwell.

The Republican Bleweth Its Horn.

The Republican devotes a large portion of its editorial space to an explanation of the causes of the defeat of its party in this county, which must be refreshing reading for the subscribers to that paper, after the election is over. After stating that the Republicans calculated too confidently upon reaping an easy victory, in consequence of the "bitter quarrel in the democratic ranks in Knox county," the editor concludes:

Our policy during the campaign was, to lie low, hold no meetings, &c. We re-nounce this policy henceforth and forever. We lost votes by it. A grand fire along the line, a charge, and rush are the true ways to carry a battle.

As the "lie low policy" didn't win, you now propose to lie high, hereafter, make a grand flourish of trumpets, and "fire all along the line" of the Democracy! Very well. "Fire away, Flanagan!" Do your biggest—fight your hardest—that is just what we wish to see. The Democracy have everything to gain, and nothing to lose by an earnest discussion of all the questions of the day, and more especially the tyrannical rule of U. S. Grant and the despicable conduct of his army of office-holders, thieves, pimps, spies and sneaks, who are bringing disgrace upon the Republican party and ruin upon the country. Pitch in, neighbor. The Democracy are ready to meet you and give you a worse whipping than you have ever had.

The Presidency.

The Pittsburgh Post is terribly in earnest in its advocacy of Colonel T. A. Scott, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad. It declares that without the vote of Pennsylvania, no man can be elected President, and it claims that Colonel Scott can sweep the State. Scott clubs are being organized in Pittsburgh. The Grant-office holders are worried about this movement, and they declare that Colonel Scott, having heretofore been a Republican, will not accept a Democratic nomination. But the Post has authority for saying that while he does not seek the nomination, yet he will not decline if the Democracy make him their candidate.

Colonel Scott a Democrat.

In answer to an allegation of the Indianapolis Journal, that Col. THOMAS A. SCOTT is a Republican, and therefore could not accept a nomination from the Democracy as their candidate for President, the Pittsburgh Post makes this authorized statement. It says: "We may say at once for all, that Colonel Scott is not a Republican, but is, and always was a Democrat, never having voted a Republican ticket in his life. He was the friend and warm supporter of Stephen A. Douglas, and has always been a consistent Democrat, never a bitter partisan. Concerning his Democracy there is no question, and the party can support him without the slightest compromise of principle. Had there been any question about his Democracy THE POST never would have mentioned his name in connection with the Democratic nomination for the Presidency."

A Murderer Hung.

Jerome Brooks was executed at Delhi, Indiana, on Friday last, for the murder of Asher W. Slater, an old man of between sixty and seventy years of age, whose money the murderer coveted. Brooks made a full confession of his guilt to an Enquirer reporter before his execution.

The Washington Patriot justly says: The country is at present divided into two great political parties, nearly equal in strength—the office-holders and the people. The "office holders" sharpen their scythes, and the people raise the crops for them to cut. The "office holders" steal the money and the people pay it over to build up a moneyed aristocracy, whose coat-of-arms are ornamented with skeleton keys, and crow-bars and dark lanterns.

The Lebanon (Ohio) Patriot hoists the name of Wm. S. Groesbeck for President, and Carl Schurz for Vice President. Our contemporary forgets that the Constitution, Mr. Schurz, not being a native-born citizen, is not eligible to the office of Vice President. If he was a negro, however, he would be eligible for the Presidency under Radical laws.

The Palo Alto (Iowa) Democrat, pays a high compliment to our friend WALDO TAYLOR, Esq., of Newark, who has recently been making a business visit to Iowa, and expresses the hope that Mr. T. will leave Ohio and make his home at Palo Alto. Old Licking cannot well afford to lose so good a Democrat and so clever a gentleman as Waldo Taylor.

The Cincinnati Enquirer of Wednesday, in a long and well-considered article on the Presidency, concludes as follows: "Believing, as things now stand that Col. THOMAS A. SCOTT is incomparably the strongest man to run against Grant, we pronounce for him as our candidate for President of the United States."

The Carpet Bag and Negro Governments of the Southern States have increased the debts of those States two hundred millions of dollars since the war, and the State taxes are from five to ten times greater than they were in the days of Southern wealth and prosperity.

Thomas Hawkins, the Mormon, who was tried and found guilty of polygamy at Salt Lake City, has been sentenced to pay a fine of \$500, and is imprisoned at Leavenworth for a term of three years. Brigham Young's turn will come next.

Charles O'Connor, the ablest criminal lawyer in New York, has commenced suits against "Boss" Tweed, and other high officials for malfeasance in office, and is determined to "put them through" without fear, favor or affection.

Grant, who has become a millionaire, by accepting gifts from others, has given one cent towards the relief of the suffering people of Chicago, Michigan and Wisconsin. Grant is a cold-hearted, selfish man, and a tyrant by nature.

The Bueyros Forum favors Cincinnati as the place for holding the next Democratic National Convention. We second the motion. Success attended the Democracy after the meeting of the last Cincinnati Convention.

Our home-jockey President is expending \$50,000 (of other people's money) on new stables for his horses at Washington, but has not one cent to give to the suffering people of Chicago and Michigan.

It is said that the climate of Montana, Dakota and Nebraska is more genial than that of Kansas.

The difference between the cotton-growing and grain-producing districts in the South, is that in the latter the worm keeps the whisky going, while in the former it keeps the gin.

Death of Hon. Thomas Ewing.

Among the notable events of this period, that history will record, is the death of the distinguished citizen whose name is at the head of this brief notice.

Thomas Ewing died at his residence in Lancaster, O., on Thursday, the 26th inst., at the age of about 82 years. On Saturday, the 28th, his remains were committed to the tomb, with the religious ceremony of the Catholic church, and an eloquent address and eulogy pronounced by Arch-bishop Purcell. The funeral was attended by U. S. Senators Sherman and Thurman, Governor Hayes and several of the State officers, the Judges of the Supreme Court, and many other distinguished gentlemen from adjacent counties, among whom were many leading members of the bar. Also by the City Council of the City of Lancaster, and the Judges and lawyers of the county in a body. Among the pall bearers were Honorable H. H. Hunter, Henry Stanbery, Gov. R. B. Hayes, A. G. Thurman, John Sherman, Henry B. Curtis, Judge Welch, C. B. Goidard, John H. James, Charles Borland, John T. Brazer, and others—all selected from his life-time friends, and chiefly from the bar of Fairfield, and other counties in which for many years he had labored with them, in the same profession.

The scene was very impressive as the great crowd of citizens and friends filled the lawn and streets in front of the mansion, and pressed their way in long files through the hall and room where the remains of the illustrious deceased were reposing in state, to take a last look of one so much beloved for his private virtues—so honored for his distinguished services.

All the immediate members of the deceased's family were present at his death, and in the funeral attendance, among whom was specially noticeable his distinguished son-in-law, General W. T. Sherman.

Mr. Ewing's family was formerly from Cumberland county, N. J. The subject of this notice was born near the village of West Liberty, Ohio county, Va., now West Virginia, on the 25th of Dec., 1789. His parents, who were in humble circumstances, (having lost in the times of the Revolution the small estate or inheritance), moved to Ohio in April, 1792, and at first settled on the Muskingum river, but subsequently made their permanent location on a little tract of land, on Federal creek, in Athens county.

His home by the side of his father he learned to work. Here he toiled, as none but those who have experienced like disadvantages can appreciate, to lay the foundation of that learning and knowledge that afterwards adorned the Court room and the forum, and held listening multitudes in rapt attention.

Mr. Ewing was emphatically the architect of his own fortune. Every step he made in procuring an education was sustained by the earnings of his own rustic and manual labor. And when at last he attained his collegiate degree of A. B., he carried into the study of his future profession and in his subsequent practice, the same laborious habits of application, and assiduity of study, that is ever sure to win success. He was called to the bar in 1817.

His early practice brought him into forensic contact with the Beechers, the Irvins, the Shermans, Grangers, Stanberys, Sillmans, Swans, and McDowells of that day—all men of experience, high talent and great legal acumen. But the mathematical mind and trained habits of industry of the young lawyer Ewing, were equal to the demand, and he soon rose to command the respect and confidence of the Court and bar, wherever he practised. His professional engagements soon made a circuit for him, embracing a range of counties extending from the river to the lakes; but more especially for his constant and regular attendance at the terms of Court, beside his own county of Fairfield, the counties of Muskingum, Knox, Licking, Hickocking, Athens, Franklin, Pickaway, Jackson, &c. It was in this broad field, and as a County Court lawyer, that Mr. Ewing established his great fame at the bar, and placed himself acknowledgedly at the head of his profession in the State of Ohio. His subsequent career in the higher Courts of the State, and in the Supreme Court of the United States, gave him the same enviable distinction in a wider sphere of usefulness.

His elevation to high and distinguished political or civil positions was but the natural fruit and result of the well-earned fame acquired in his profession. He was no tyro when he entered political life. He grasped the positions to which he was called rather than received honor from them. He did not seek office—but was called to it by the demand of the best men of the times. He filled one full term in the United States Senate, from 1831 to 1837; and was at a later period appointed to fill the unexpired term of Thomas Carr, in the same body. "There were giants in those days," Mr. Ewing stood, not only the compeer in rank, but in talent, influence, and acknowledged greatness, the equal of such men as Clay, Calhoun, Webster, Benton, Hayne, Wright, and many others of that period, whose master minds and great acts have left their impress upon the character of our institutions, and the history of our country.

He was our deceased friend less distinguished as a public minister in the several cabinets of Presidents Harrison, Tyler, Taylor, and Fillmore. His comprehensive mind, and broad and liberal views looked far into the future, and his recommendations were always marked by wisdom.

We cannot extend this article—our limits forbid. We will close with the remark that Mr. Ewing's private life was without reproach. Genial in disposition, cheerful in manners, he made himself loved for his goodness of heart, as well as respected for his noble qualities of mind. To him may justly be applied the sentiment best expressed in his own law Latin: "Societas in modo, fortior in re."

Warlike Movements in Russia—What Does it Mean?

St. Petersburg, October 26.—A general order from the War Office directs the entire reorganization of the Imperial army, and the calling to arms of the whole adult male population of the country. The order creates a numerical strength of the field and Landwehr forces of the empire to a total of 1,600,000 men, when required for war purposes, 60 regiments of Cossacks not included. The order creates, also, a further military force of reserve, to be employed in event of an invasion. The order is equivalent to the mobilization of the population of the entire nation. It makes every man in the country capable of bearing arms as a soldier on a peace footing. The re-inforcements ordered to the artillery will afford a strength of one thousand guns to the batteries already in service.

The Great Fire in Wisconsin.

Incidents of the Fearful Conflagration in the North.

WHAT A SERVANT GIRL DID.

From the Green Bay Advocate, 10th.

Mr. Shepard, of Peshtigo, was aroused on Sunday night by the servant girl, after he had retired, with the information that there was danger from fire. He ran to the mill, attached the hose and commenced wetting down the mill. When the tornado came and he saw that all was lost, he ran to the house to save his wife and children, in which he succeeded. After the tornado passed, he found the mill, as supposed, had not an article left, but the clothes they had on, which were burned full of holes, the servant girl went to the side of the house and dug up out of the sand Mr. Shepard's best clothing, the silverware and most valuable goods, that she had buried under his knowledge while he was trying to save the mill. Mrs. S. lost some of her clothing, as the fire did not give the girl time to bury it deep enough. That girl is a jewel.

DEATH OF A BRIDEGROOM.

On Thursday, the 5th inst., Mr. J. G. Clement, formerly a painter at Fort Howard, late of Peshtigo, was married to Miss Trudell, daughter of Theodore Trudell, of Menominee. The bride's mother visited them at Peshtigo on Sunday, the 8th, and left at 4 p. m. When the fire struck Peshtigo, Mr. Clement took his wife in his arms and started for the river. They met a man with a buckboard going to save his wife and family, but, seeing the task was hopeless, he started to go back. Mr. Clement, in an effort to save his wife, would do the best he could for himself. The man took Mrs. C. and Clement ran behind, holding on to the buckboard, finally fell in the road and died from suffocation. The bride begged to be allowed to get out, but was held in and taken to the river, where she arrived unconscious, but was restored and saved. He was buried by the same time before she was restored and saved. He was buried on Friday.

Mrs. Heidenwaller, a woman sick with fever, was on a log in the river at Peshtigo, with a child and her husband, and went back to the town for some purpose, and when he returned his wife and child were gone. The fact was that a cow came swimming along and pulled her log over. She caught the cow by the horns, and the cow swam out with the woman and child. They were found and secured in the river again.

Many persons are said to have been drowned by cattle rolling the logs over. Wm. Curtis was found in a well with the bucket chain around his neck.

We met on Tuesday Mrs. John Williamson, one of the survivors of the Williamson fire. She informs us that nine of her family were burned to death around her, and she was the only one left standing, throwing a wet blanket over her and tucking it tightly around her feet between two stones. She informs us that she saw the fire coming in the clouds and half past nine o'clock in the evening, and that it was about four o'clock in the morning before it had died down so that she was able to raise the blanket. She was partially stupefied, and it was some time before she could realize the terrible fact that nine of her family including her husband were burned to death within a few feet of her. The story is a sad one indeed, but the loss of the mill and surrounding property, swept away everything she had but a small house in Oshkosh, where she professes, as soon as possible, to make her home, and to come to her to the tender care of the warm-hearted people of that city.

SAVING A FAMILY.

F. Crickler tells us how Charles Reubens, in the town of Lincoln, saved his family and six children. He has a house and store, and when he saw they could be saved, he took them out and put them in the middle of a field, and threw the goods from his store into the fire. In saving the last child his face was badly burned, and his hair burned to the roots. The goods put in the fire were all burned but one piece of flannel in the water. He has been blind ever since the fire, and is now in town under treatment.

Carl Schurz made a big political speech at Louisville on Wednesday night.

The Great Gift. Taper having gone as far as Maine, it is hoped will extend his trip and "go to Halifax."

Mr. Hoar accepting the Republican nomination for Governor of Massachusetts.

Since the election the Cincinnati Commercial is again attempting the "Independent dodge." If now professes to be opposed to Grant.

Gen. Pleasant denies that he ever spoke of Gen. Grant as "a d-d humbug."

We thought it strange from the first that he should have expressed the truth in such profane terms.

Berks county, Pa., bravely maintains her position as the Gibraltar of Democracy in Pennsylvania. At the last election she returned her old majority of nearly six thousand for the Democratic State ticket.

The Gazette, the leading German Republican newspaper of Louisiana, in announcing the expected visit of Carl Schurz to New Orleans, declares for amnesty, reform, and a union of all the elements of opposition to Grant in 1872.

The New York Evening Post is candid enough to confess that the Radicals led the election in Texas because their leaders were corrupt and have "blighted the State with their corruption."

Hon. R. E. Chambers, of Belmont county, was elected common Pleas Judge by 1072 majority. Mr. Chambers is a good lawyer and a catch Democracy.

Grant is having new stables built in Washington out of pressed brick and Seneca stone by his numerous stud, including the pair of horses given him by Tom Murphy.

Charles Recemlin, the great humbug and disorganizer, was handsomely defeated as an independent candidate for Commissioner in Hamilton county. Served him right.

As an instance of the commendable energy of President Grant's military operations in South Carolina, Republican papers triumphantly say that the numbers of clergymen have fled to escape arrest.

The Lebanon Patriot says General Durbin Ward is "one of the most forcible and logical stump orators in the State." Such is the verdict here.

Hon. Garrett Davis, the able Kentucky Senator, has delivered at Louisville a Democratic war speech, which was warmly received as the crowning effort of his life. Mr. Davis is inclined to favor Mr. Fillmore for the Presidency.

THE NORTH.

OYSTERS AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Country Merchants Supplied at Lowest Prices.

Direct from Baltimore.

JOHN TUBER, North Main St.,
MT. VERNON, OHIO.

Oct. 27, 1871-3mo.

OHIO STATE NEWS.

Xenia is to have water works.

The Prisoners escaped from the Akron city prison Saturday night.

Adams county has the largest corn crop raised there for twenty years.

Incendiarism is numerous in Toledo, but are closely watched.

Three Springfield thieves were arrested in Dayton last Monday.

The recent rains have extinguished the first about Chillicothe.

Cincinnati talks as if she would like to have the next National Convention held there.

A farmer living near Monroeville, this State, has an apple tree that is now in full bloom. Remarkable.

Second growth blackberries, said to be very fine, are to be had in Chardon, Cuyahoga county.

At Canton, a man named Hurford, visited his doctor bill, at the late election, instead of his ticket.

A Cleveland burglar was shot last Tuesday night. He refused to halt till the policeman fired at him.

The Springfield Advertiser very sensibly deprecates the lamp post remedy for burglars. Let the law do its work.

Work on the Painesville and Youngstown railroad is progressing as fast as the supply of material will permit.

There are strange doings at the Town Hall, in Ashland. Curious noises there every night.

John Mosberger, of Jackson county, is one hundred and nine years of age and has always voted the Democratic ticket.

A meeting of the Methodists of Cincinnati, on Wednesday, resolved to raise \$30,000 in the Cincinnati Conference for the Methodist church in Chicago.

It is estimated that the contributions of Youngstown to the Chicago sufferers will not be less than fifteen thousand dollars.

Diebold & Kinzie are about to locate their safe manufactory in Canton, the citizens of that place having contributed \$50,000 for the purpose of securing it.

The new hotel in Toledo has been leased by Mr. Samuel Shears, late of the Clifton House, Niagara, who will open it about the first of March.

The coal famine has opened the eyes of the Dayton people to the advisability of building a railroad to the Southern Ohio coal fields.

At several places in Wood county, the forest trees are falling every way, the roots being burned off by the fire which travels through the ground.

One Mary Stein, who has lived in Dayton since 1805, and was widely known throughout the whole State, died Monday night. She was 104 years old.

George M. Smith, of the Cambridge Jeffersonian office, fell from an upper window a few nights since and broke his spine. He was still alive at last accounts.

Dr. Finch, of Clyde, was run over by the cars at that place, on the 20th. His head and both feet were cut off, and his body mangled in a horrible manner.

The grape crop of the Lake Erie Islands this year is estimated at 10,000 tons, worth at the lowest prices \$600,000. The area cultivated is about 5,000 acres.

The Springfield Grand Jury reported forty indictments, twenty against persons with burglary and the greater portion of the remainder for violation of the liquor law.

J. K. Solinger, Esq., near Crestline, raised a stalk of corn which was 8 feet 8 inches from the ground up to the first ear. It had two ears measuring respectively 12 and 13 inches long.

The woods near Bridgeport, Ohio, were cut on Saturday week. The farmers turned out in masses and gave the fire fuel for a fire fight, and succeeded in subduing the flames.

Near Columbus, on Wednesday, a man and boy met each a sudden death in consequence of descending into a well where they were submerged by what is known as the damps.

Another name has been added to the list who went to glory by means of coal oil. Miss Eliza Kessler, in Auglaize county, attempted to fill a burning lamp with kerosene, when it exploded.

A little boy of ten years, living near Miltonsburg, Noble county, this season, gathered enough chestnuts to pay for a good sewing machine, which he presented to his widowed mother.

The contributions made in Cleveland for the relief of the Michigan and Wisconsin sufferers were very large. The money contributions alone amounting to nearly \$28,000.

A party of hunters from Greenville and Union City, in two days' hunting at the St. Mary's Reservoir recently, shot 108 ducks, 1 wild goose, 1 pheasant and 99 snipe.

The Ashabula Sentinel says that many farmers who are now sending milk to the cheese factories intend to change and make butter. They say it does not pay to make a cheese at the present price.

Sophia A. Viars has sued George W. Brewster for breach of promise of marriage in the Summit County Court at Akron. She claims \$25,000 about the right sale to heal her damaged affections. Brewster denies that there was a breach of promise.

Charles Shoemaker, of Huron, who of late has been fooling the farmers near Toledo by pretending that he wanted to buy a farm, sold \$150 worth of clothing, &c., from one of them, J. M. Thompson, but was soon caught and lodged in jail.

We learn from the Monitor that a little child of George Mossholder, engineer on the Cleveland accommodation, got a large bean in his throat on last Thursday. The doctors attempted to remove it, but could not, and the child died.

The Wilmington Journal says: "The citizens of Greenville, by their characteristic liberality, voted and forwarded 100 barrels of flour to the Chicago sufferers as they received intelligence of the great fire."

A Penitentiary convict at Columbus, the other day, was detailed to assist in driving some cattle into the yard and when one unruly bovine suddenly struck out for the country, the inmate contrived suddenly to strike in rapid pursuit. It is supposed that he has not yet caught the runaway steed.

Ed. Weisinger, Charles Clark and Robt. Barry, three notorious thieves, who robbed the house of A. Dittmuth, Jr., on the Dayton road, three miles from Springfield, last Sunday, were captured at Dayton and committed to jail. Their chances for a term of five years, in Columbus are excellent.

Mr. Wm. Cline, Sr., living about a mile north of Shelby, while passing along the Railroad near Shelby Junction, was struck by a train of cars, on Wednesday evening, 18th inst., had his leg badly fractured, and received several cuts and bruises about the head and face.

OFFICIAL VOTE ON GOVERNOR.

The following is the official vote on Governor, at the election held on the Second Tuesday of October, as ascertained at the office of the Secretary of State:

COUNTIES.	COOK.	STEWART.
Adams	1,896	2,302
Allen	1,708	2,180
Ashland	1,824	2,177
Ashtabula	4,221	1,164
Athens	2,505	1,540
Auglaize	804	2,070
Belmont	3,899	3,681
Brown	2,053	2,771
Bucyrus	2,618	1,222
Carroll	1,588	1,218
Champaign	2,646	1,859
Clarke	3,173	2,020
Cincinnati	3,824	3,468
Columbiana	2,548	1,387
Coshocton	1,962	2,505
Crawford	1,690	2,948
Cuyahoga	11,287	3,920
Darke	2,500	3,169
Defiance	835	1,547
Delaware	2,610	2,072
Erle	2,231	1,555
Fairfield	2,185	3,622
Fayette	1,860	1,378
Franklin	4,649	6,163
Fulton	1,645	991
Geauga	2,218	498
Greene	3,000	1,482
Guernsey	2,417	1,831
Hamilton	1,843	16,307
Hancock	2,218	2,401
Hardin	2,057	2,028
Harrison	2,212	1,637
Henry	779	1,243
Higley	2,922	2,868
Hocking	1,046	1,715
Holmes	977	2,395
Huron	3,389	2,070
Jackson	1,923	1,768
Jefferson	3,073	2,111
Knox	2,767	2,820
Lake	2,820	668
Lawrence	2,421	1,504
Licking	4,298	12
Lorain	2,389	1,654
Lorain	3,826	1,591
Lucas	4,169	3,038
Madison	1,792	1,655
Madison	3,087	1,692
Marion	1,306	1,727
Medina	2,277	1,427
Meigs	2,961	1,878
Monroe	2,307	2,539
Montgomery	5,669	6,318
Morgan	2,146	1,733
Morrow	2,610	1,922
Muskingum	4,339	4,254
Noble	1,006	1,217
Ottawa	924	1,247
Perry	728	1,791
Pickaway	1,366	1,818
Pike	2,125	2,766
Portage	1,212	1,620
Preble	2,570	2,130
Putnam	1,789	1,469
Richland	2,994	3,429
Ross	3,475	3,650
Salem	2,610	2,922
Scioto	2,582	2,300
Seneca	2,708	3,200
Shelby	1,455	2,196
Shelby	5,110	5,110
Shelby	3,133	2,318
Trumbull	4,345	1,766
Tuscarawas	2,638	3,224
Union	2,040	1,824
Van Wert	1,655	1,440
Vinton	1,249	1,481
Warren	3,356	1,770
Washington	3,691	3,529
Wayne	3,393	3,419
Williams	1,983	1,766
Wood	2,192	1,610
Wyandot	1,580	1,915
Total	238,194	218,105

J. C. Swetland & Co.

THIS DAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1871.

Offer their large stock of

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS

AT THE FOLLOWING VERY LOW PRICES:

Broad Cloths, Beavers, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, &c.

100 pair Wool Blankets, Shirting Flannels 25 Cents.

Brown Muslins 10 Cents.

Bleached Muslins 10 Cents.

Comfort Prints 61 and 81 Cents.

Ticks 10 Cents.

Shirting Stripes 10 Cents.

Good

LOCAL REVENUES.

—Thanksgiving—November 30th.
—There is no change in the markets.
—Tuesday evening was a "Hallow-e'en," and Wednesday "All Saint's Day."

Coal has advanced 3 cts. a bushel with the last two weeks.
The farmers are quite busily engaged just now in making their corn.

The Coshocton Iron and Steel Works commenced operations last week.

—Sportmen are in full enjoyment of the shooting season all over the State.

—A new road from Waterford, Middlebury township, to Taylor street, is now being opened.

—Brother Bascom has lost the key of his Krenth store room, and \$800 by the Chicago fire.

—All sorts of dead-beats are traveling over the country pretending to have been "burnt out" at Chicago.

—One of our "City Fathers" informs us that the Public Cisterns are now all filled with water.

—Springfield has twenty policemen on duty after night. The old story of locking the stable after the horse is stolen.

—The new bell of the Presbyterian church pealed out its virgin notes to lazy church-goers, on Sunday morning last.

—The Newark jail is full to overflowing. There does not speak well for the morals of our lightening neighbors.

—There are 1,400 pupils enrolled in the Newark Public Schools, and the average daily attendance is 1,040.

—Twenty-six new members were added to the Congregational Church of Mt. Vernon during the past year.

—The Cleveland Morning Herald reaches Mt. Vernon three hours in advance of the Columbus and Cincinnati dailies.

—"Rattling Jim" carried off two of the heats at Oakland Park Races, near Pittsburgh, on Saturday last, in 2:27 and 2:26.

—An alley is now being opened from High to Chestnut St., between the Catholic church and the premises of Major Sapp.

—John W. Garrett, President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, has bought the Natural Bridge in Virginia.

—We were visited by a very fine rain on Tuesday night, but ten times as much would have been more acceptable.

—Parents should visit the school to which they send their children, and thus encourage both teacher and pupil. Do so, and note the effect.

—The delegates to the recent Masonic Convention at Mansfield were sumptuously entertained by Senator Sherman and lady.

—Mrs. Norton & Kendrick have just received a very handsome stock of Fall and Winter Millinery Goods. Call and see them.

—We had a call on Saturday from Wm. D. Morgan, Esq., the veteran editor of the Newark Advocate, who was on a visit to his brother, General Morgan.

—The Delaware Gazette ironically remarks that "it is about time for some of the people who do great things for Delaware to build some more paper Railroads."

—The M. E. Church Concert, which was to have taken place at Woodward Hall, this week, has been postponed until next week, on account of the illness of Prof. Jackson.

—The Congregational Conference of Central Ohio has been in session in Columbus for a few days past. Rev. T. E. Monroe and G. H. Tilton represented Mt. Vernon in the body.

—Through freight trains were on Monday placed on the Cincinnati and Muskingum Valley Railroad, the link between Zanesville and Dresden having been completed.

—The people of Coshocton county, by a three-fourths vote, have decided against levying a tax to build a new court house. The vote stood 8,114 in favor of tax, and 1,155 against.

—James W. Newman, editor of the Portsmouth Times, and Senator-elect, was married last week to Miss Kate Moore, daughter of Hon. Oscar F. Moore. Served him right.

—They had a touch of Chicago on a small scale over at Mt. Israel. A benzine shanty and a sleeping shanty were recently destroyed, but no serious damage was done, and no lives were lost.

—A Railroad Mortgage was placed on record in the Recorder's office, Mt. Vernon, recently, for \$8,000,000, which was ornamented with twenty-five \$200 stamps. How is that for high?

—Two important Ordinances—one to protect shade trees, and the other to protect street lamps—were passed at the last meeting of Council. They will be found in this week's paper.

—There is considerable excitement in this city and Fredericktown at this time, occasioned by the trial of Wm. L. Merrin, Cashier of the Mt. Vernon Savings Bank, for the crime of Forgery which is progressing as we go to press.

—Cold weather will soon be upon us and good fires are the order. In what condition are your chimneys or flues? Is there any danger of your buildings being fired from them? See to it.

—Our friends in different parts of the county will oblige us by sending along little matters of local interest, that may happen in their neighborhood. Send us the facts, and we shall fix them up for you.

—The bridge on the B. & O. R. R., Central Ohio Division, a short distance west of Bellfairs, was burned last Saturday evening. The origin of the fire is unknown, but supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

—Our neighbor of the Republican, who was a stockholder in the Home Insurance Company of Columbus, loses \$900 by the Chicago fire. We are sorry for him; but he takes his loss philosophically, and calls upon his subscribers to pay up. Let them do so by all means.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Licenses to marry the following parties were issued by Judge CURTIS, for the month of October, 1871:

Ira M. McFarland and Mary D. Cooper. Charles McLean and Rosie Rouse.

Wm. H. Melstrey and Hannah J. White. Wm. Keating and Arminda C. Maxwell.

Edith Kammel and Edith McDay. David Jennings and Melissa Borton.

John Denman and Lillie Horton. Alexander Smith and Sarah B. Veatch.

Ellis Walker and Mary E. Van. John Sellers Jr. and Annie Welch.

R. P. Williams and Elizabeth Carpenter. Walter Webster and Susanna Sinclair.

Philip Deakins and Hester E. Bird. Thos. S. White and Selora A. Payne.

George Muller and Sarah Wells. James C. Boyle and Zephora Binkley.

Robert Martin and Lillie Wagner. Joseph Garach and Caroline S. Lamson.

David L. Nyhart and Mary E. Sanbury. Fred. H. Sanders and Pauline E. Sutton.

James Lamson and Lavina Forsyth. Wm. H. Berry and Mary E. Purcell.

Samuel Beck and Mary Foster. Lemuel Elliott and Ella Schooler.

24

Enterprise of Mt. Vernon.

Improvements Made in the Last Year.

A Walk over the City.

For the last five or six years Mount Vernon has been at a stand still, and its citizens have settled down with the conviction that it was to remain dead, and isolated from the rest of the world.

While its sister cities of Mansfield and Newark were prospering and growing with a rapidity almost wonderful, Mt. Vernon seemed satisfied with its "old fogysms," and the building of a stable or a shanty was regarded with as much interest as a stone-throw would be in the Chicago ruins at the present time.

But when the question of building a railroad through Mt. Vernon was agitated, and in fair prospect of being carried out, its citizens were awakened to a sense of their situation, and with a spirit of enterprise that was truly surprising, the work of improvement commenced.

Additions to the city were laid out, new streets and avenues were formed, and buildings erected in every direction. It was for the purpose of seeing and noticing the improvements and structures that had been made within the last year, that a BANNER Reporter took a walk over the city last week, and with the following result, which we think will surprise our readers as much as it did us:

On reaching Vine street, at the foot of Main, the first building that attracted our attention, was the large warehouse, owned by Henry B. Curtis, Esq., and occupied by G. P. Stovin, produce dealer, as a packing and storage room. Mr. Curtis has expended some \$3,000 in making the addition to, and remodeling it, and now it would be hardly recognized as the old dilapidated Woolen Factory of former years.

Crossing the street we come to the extensive Machine Works of John Cooper & Co., where we notice some heavy improvements have been going on. From the main building extending south is an addition 50x85 feet, used as a work shop and erecting room; and from the east side of the main building is another addition, 120x45 feet, used as a boiler shop, and for smaller work. We understand they expect soon to put up a 25-ton crane, and to run a railroad through the various shops for the purpose of handling heavy work.

Going east on Water street, the next building that met our view was the residence of Dr. S. C. Thompson, which is a frame structure, two stories high, and presents a good appearance. The main building is 26x32 feet, and the back building 16x24 feet, and contains 8 rooms.

Still further east is a story and a half frame, owned by J. D. Haymes, with the lower rooms fitted up as store-rooms.

On the corner of Water and McKenzie streets is the large Brewery of Rowley & Keller. A good deal of money has been expended in putting it in repair, and now they are doing a good business.

FRONT STREET.

On the corner of Front and Division streets, Mr. L. B. Ward has erected a neat story and a half frame dwelling, 16x24 feet.

GAMBIER AVENUE.

Commencing at the east end of Gambier avenue, the first house is a story and a half frame, owned by John Blocker.

David Blocker has also built a house of the same description, near by.

Further west Thomas Spearman has finished a story and a half dwelling.

Jacob Myers, same.

CATHERINE STREET.

A new street opened by the Council, is a new street since, and extends from Gambier avenue on the south, to the Coshocton road on the north. Already the street has been built up, and there are but two or three vacant lots on the street.

Neat story and a half frame dwellings have been erected by Harvey Branyon, Leander Durbin, George W. Walters, Allen Wilson, Aaron Vernon, and Joseph Bell.

On the east end of CHESTNUT STREET,

some seven or eight frame houses have been erected, and the street opened to Centre town.

Mr. L. M. Fowler has erected a commodious two-story frame dwelling, containing 14 rooms, on the corner of Clinton and Chestnut streets, of which he may well be proud.

Warner Armstrong has also built himself a neat house on the opposite side of Clinton street, which is a story and a half frame, 24x30 feet.

Judson Hildreth has in process of erection a commodious two-story frame, near the Agricultural Society's Grounds.

Stephen Chapman has built two frame dwellings, alike in style and construction, opposite the County Jail.

Crossing Main street, the first house that attracts attention is the elegant and commodious brick residence, owned by Henry B. Curtis, Esq., and occupied by John Denny. Dimensions, 81x32 feet, and two stories high, with Mansard roof, and contains 11 rooms. Immediately adjoining are two more attractive bricks, two stories high, erected by Mr. Curtis, last season; the three forming as desirable residences as any in the city.

SUGAR STREET.

On the corner of Sugar street and Sandusky avenue is a large and commodious brick building, 120x48 feet, erected by G. & C. Cooper & Co., to be used as a finishing room and warehouse for their steam engines and machinery—their large and increasing business demanding this improvement and addition to their now extensive works.

Traversing east we come to the residence of Mr. H. L. Curtis, on the corner of Gay and Sugar streets, formerly the property of C. H. Scribner, Esq., which has been so remodelled by additions and improvements, as to render it among the handsomest and most convenient abodes in the city. The alterations consist in a wing, 14x32 feet, a bay window and three large verandas (the workmanship of Philander Lane, Jr.).

High Street.

Commencing on the east end of High street, the first house that met our attention was a two-story frame, 24x35 feet, owned by Wm. Cochran.

Going west some distance, are two two-story frames, alike in every respect, 24x41 feet, containing 9 rooms, constructed by Messrs. Osborne & Martin, and occupied respectively by each.

The next house we come to is that of Ebenezer Graham, situated near Division street. It is a commodious two-story frame, and contains 8 rooms.

Webster Lambert has built himself a very attractive two-story brick dwelling, between Ridgely and McArthur streets.

On the corner of High and McArthur streets is the residence of Joshua Hyde.

A Mysterious "Robbery."

A week or two ago there were strange rumors circulated through the city in regard to a mysterious "robbery" that took place out on Gambier street; but so much secrecy and mystery appeared to surround the affair that we could not get any reliable information in regard to it for publication last week. We have recently, however, learned the following facts from reliable parties, in regard to the mystery: It seems that a gentleman who follows the business of loaning money to persons who are "hard up," at high rates of interest, and who carries his treasure from his house to his office in the morning, and from his office to his house in the evening, in a tin box, and sleeps with his "bank" under his pillow at night—discovered, one day, that his roll of notes, amounting to about \$1,000 and a valuable gold watch, were missing from their usual place of deposit in his bed room. Although diligent search was made and all the members of the family closely questioned, still no information was obtained in regard to the money or the watch. In this emergency the Tin Box gentleman engaged the services of two officers, promising them \$500 if they found the lost treasures. After a thorough investigation, the officers were convinced that the money and watch were taken by a girl who did housework in the family, and they accordingly confronted her and made known their belief. She stoutly denied the charge, and earnestly protested her innocence; but the officers told her that unless she gave up the property, they would at once proceed to make a search, and the result would be if they found she had taken and secreted the money and the watch the penitentiary would be her fate. This brought her to terms, and she asked permission to have some private conversation with "Tin Box," which was granted; and in a moment that personage said to the officers: "This is all right gentlemen," implying that his lost money and watch were "rightfully" in the possession of his hired girl. This made the mystery more profoundly mysterious.

Now comes the sequel: the officers asked for the \$500 reward, but "Tin Box" declined to fulfill his agreement, on the pretense that he made the proposition under great excitement, supposing some burglar had entered his house, and stolen his property. The officers insisted upon "Tin Box" making good his word, and very plainly intimated that a suit would be instituted, and a full exposure of the whole proceeding would take place, if he refused. "Tin Box" desired to refer the question of reward to a friend of his for arbitration, which was agreed to, and after a great deal of parleying, it was finally agreed that the officers should be paid \$80 for their services, which sum was equally divided between them.

Bishop Lamy in the City.

We learn that Bishop Lamy, whom many of our readers will remember as the former pastor of the Catholic Church at this place about twenty-three or twenty-four years ago, is now in our city, and will officiate at the Catholic Church on Sunday next. He is now Bishop and Vicar Apostolic of the Diocese of Santa Fe, New Mexico, where he is building a large Cathedral, and one object of his visit to the States is to procure funds to enable him to carry out this project.

Knox County Bible Society.

The Knox County American Bible Society held its 11th Anniversary in the Disciple church, in this city, on Sunday Eve, October 29. Interesting addresses were made by Rev. W. Martindale, general ag't for Northern Ohio, and Rev. W. Knight, showing the extraordinary influence now exerted by the agency of the American Bible Society in scattering the word of God to the very ends of the earth; and our duty to aid in the still more rapid progress of the blessed work.

During the existence of this Society, it has paid to the Parent Society, in donations, and for books, the sum of \$8,308 04—an average of over \$200 annually. The sum of \$365 was paid during the year just closed. The officers elect have determined to thoroughly canvass the city and county; the former by means of committees from the co-operating churches, and the latter through an efficient agent, G. M.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Wanted.

To buy, a well improved farm of 100 to 200 acres, situated within six miles of Mt. Vernon. Will pay \$5,000 cash, and the balance in well improved city property. For particulars, enquire at the office of G. & C. Cooper & Co., Mt. Vernon Iron Works.

For Land—Land—Land—Land—Land. For particulars read the advertisement of J. S. Bradlock—then see him at once and secure for yourself a home at a bargain. A few half-acre tickets to Omaha for sale.

Edwards, Post's, Pankhurst's, Wedge-worth's, Cox's—best makes of White Granite Ware sold cheaper at Arnold's than anywhere else.

Wool—Those of our subscribers who wish to pay their subscription in wool, are notified to bring it at once. None but good, hard, dry wool will be taken.

Take your pictures to Arnold's to be framed.

Another heavy invoice of Buck Lead and Zinc, just received at the City Drug Store.

Churches, halls and parlors supplied with Chandeliers, Stand Lamps, &c., very cheap at Arnold's.

Use Lippitt's Cough Syrup.

Call at Arnold's and buy the cheapest Knives, Forks and Spoons.

Lippitt's Cough Syrup, cures Coughs, Colds and Consumption.

Over two hundred Chromos and Oil Paintings on exhibition, and for sale cheap at Arnold's. Call and see them.

Use Lippitt's Cough Syrup.

Arnold is selling Wall Paper at reduced prices to make room for Spring stock.

Use Lippitt's Cough Syrup.

Call at Arnold's and see the great variety of new goods.

Study Your Interest.

By buying Monuments, Iron, Slate and Marble Mantels, of O. F. Melhorn & Son, Newark, Ohio. Not a week passes without our receiving orders from Knox county for the above goods. Take notice and govern yourselves accordingly.

Go to Arnold's and see the immense variety of Fancy Goods for the Christmas trade.

Notice to the Tax Payers of Knox County.

In pursuance of Law, I, ROBERT MILLER, Treasurer of said County, do hereby notify the Tax Payers thereof that the Rates of Taxation for the year 1871, are correctly stated in the following Table, showing the amount levied in mills on each dollar of taxable property in each of the incorporated towns and townships, in said County, and the amount of tax levied on each one hundred Dollars of Taxable property is also shown in the last column.

NAMES OF TOWNSHIPS AND CITIES.	RATES LEVIED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY.		RATES LEVIED BY COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.		RATES LEVIED BY TOWNSHIP AUTHORITIES.		Total Levy for all purposes.	Tax on each \$100 of Taxable Property.	No. of Townships.
	State Debt.	General Revenue.	County.	Poor.	School.	Special Road.			
	1.00	1.10	1.50	.30	1.00				
	2.90	3.30	65	1 25	1 90	8 10	81	1	
1. Jackson	do	do	30	2 30	2 60	8 80	88	2	
2. Butler	do	do	30	1 00	1 30	7 50	75	3	
3. Union	do	do	90	2 60	4 00	10 20	102	4	
4. Jefferson	do	do	50	2 80	3 30	9 50	95	5	
5. Brown	do	do	50	1 00	1 50	7 70	77	6	
6. Howard	do	do	1 30		1 30	7 50	75	7	
7. Harrison	do	do	25	1 45	1 70	7 90	79	8	
8. Clay	do	do	25	5 25	6 50	12 70	127	8	
9. Martinsburg	do	do	25	1 25	1 50	7 70	77	9	
10. Morgan	do	do	50	3 60	4 10	10 30	103	10	
11. Pleasant	do	do	50	2 80	3 30	9 50	95	11	
12. College	do	do	50	2 80	3 30	9 50	95	12	
13. Gambier	do	do	25	1 55	1 80	8 30	83	12	
14. Monroe	do	do	55	1 75	2 10	8 30	83	13	
15. Pike	do	do	25	2 65	2 90	9 10	91	14	
16. Berlin	do	do	30	3 00	3 30	9 50	95	15	
17. Morris	do	do	30	5 25	5 55	11 75	117	16	
18. Clinton	do	do	20	2 50	2 80	8 70	87	16	
19. Miller	do	do	25	3 75	4 00	10 20	102	17	
20. Milford	do	do	25	2 65	2 90	9 10	91	18	
21. Liberty	do	do	50	2 00	2 50	8 70	87	19	
22. Wayne	do	do	35	3 35	3 70	9 90	99	20	
23. Wayne attached to U. School	do	do	35	5 25	5 60	11 80	118	21	
24. Middlebury	do	do	50	2 20	2 70	8 90	89	22	
25. Hilliar	do	do	25	1 05	1 30	7 50	75	21	
26. Mt. Vernon	do	do	35	5 25	5 60	11 80	118	22	
27. Fredericktown	do	do	35	5 25	5 60	11 80	118	23	

Each person charged with Taxes for the year 1871, on the Tax Duplicate of Knox county, is required by law to pay one-half of said Tax, on or before the 20th of December, 1871, and the remaining half on or before the 20th of June following; but may at his option, pay the full amount of such Taxes, on or before said 20th December next. A penalty of five per cent. is imposed by law on all Taxes not paid by the time above specified. Return on either that early payments will relieve you from the crowd of the last week.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, Mt. Vernon, October 17th, 1871-SW.

ROBERT MILLER, Treasurer K. C. O.

W. M. C. SAPP, NEW GROCERY!

OFFERS THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF DRY GOODS!

IN KNOX COUNTY!

ALL BEST PRINTS 11 CENTS.

OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.

YOU WILL PURCHASE IF YOU EXAMINE THIS STOCK!

TERMS, CASH!

W. C. SAPP.

WAR ON HIGH PRICES!!

Stauffert & West, N. W. COR. PUBLIC SQUARE.

Largest Stock of Goods That has ever been received in this City for years, such as:

Plain and Fancy Coatings OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

FANCY CASSIMERES, HATS, CAPS.

And a general assortment of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS; ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF Ready-Made Clothing.

We are selling heavy Winter Suits from \$8.00 up. Please call and see us at we will sell you goods cheaper than any House in town.

J. CLARK ARMSTRONG, GEORGE H. TILTON.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS!

Masonic Hall Building, Keep Constantly on Hand a Full Stock of CHOICE GROCERIES, AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

We Invite all to call and see us before purchasing.

All Orders Carefully and Promptly Filled!

GOODS Delivered FREE OF CHARGE!

P. S. The Highest Market Price Paid for Produce.

ARMSTRONG & TILTON.

FALL TRADE.

BEING OPENED TO-DAY AT J. W. MILLER'S, A LARGE STOCK OF WOOL SHAWLS, OTTOMAN SHAWLS, PAISLEY SHAWLS, Carriage and Lap Robes.

Also, the finest stock of Parisian Dress Goods, Silk, Cashmere, Satin and Alpaca Suitings.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO, October 6, 1871.

School Books! School Books!

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

WHITCOMB & CHASE,

With pleasure announce a

Wit and Humor.

"A little nonsense, now and then, is relieved by the wisest men."

Advice to stocking-menders—Do your damdest.

Some musicians put on more airs than they can play.

A man ought to keep out of trade, if he can't get in.

A pane which no housewife grieves over a counterpane.

Cool proceeding—An ice man eloping with a nice girl.

Paying a man in his own coin. Offering a postman stamps.

It is possible for a garret-window to suffer from attic pains.

Barbers make many friends, but scrape most acquaintances.

Not a bad definition: Insane asylum—A place where insanity is made.

What fruit does a newly-married couple most resemble—a green pair.

A noted bachelor has fallen into the meshes of a net; it is a brunette.

When a lady faints what figure does she need? You must bring her down.

Why is a wife bad a brown piece?—Because she is difficult to get changed.

In the tropics summer is perennial, but at Niagara they have a perpetual fall.

Dobbs thinks that, instead of giving credit to whom credit is due, the cash had better be paid.

Laughter—Charles Lamb says: "A laugh is worth a hundred groans in any state of the market."

It may be set down as an established axiom that "a good thing, well advertised, will sell."

Nature's abhorrence.—The best person—indeed, the only person—to fill a vacuum, is a dent.

His preference.—A man who was asked what sort of wine he preferred, replied—"Other people's."

Happy thought by a cheap shirt-maker on his own workmen: "They come like shadows, sew, depart!"

A Providence man is informed by a suffering neighbor that his snore would answer excellently as a fog horn.

When Horace Greeley is asked what kind of music he likes, he answers, "the song of the harvest; three beats to the measure."

An intelligent English corn-lawer's jury decided as follows: "Manlaughter against some persons unknown for feloniously killing deceased!"

Knox County Farmer.

"He who by the plow would thrive, Himself must either hold or drive."

How to Make Hens Lay.

A correspondent sends us the following, which we give without comment: People would better understand this matter, if considered for a moment a hen to be, as she is, a small steam engine, with an egg-laying attachment, and that there must be a constant supply of good feed and pure water to keep the engine and its attachment up to its work.

In addition to keeping before hens that have complete liberty, a constant supply of pure water, Summer and Winter, I have found that during the hot weather of Fall, Winter and Spring, a dough composed of as follows, fed one day and then intermitted for two days, to produce excellent results: To three gallons of boiling water add one-half an ounce of common salt, a tea-spoonful of Cayenne pepper and four ounces of lard. Stir the mixture until the pepper has imparted considerable of its strength to the water.

Meanwhile the salt will have been dissolved and the lard melted, the whole boiling hot, stir in a meal made of oats or corn, ground together in equal proportions, until a thick mush is formed. Before feeding test to see that you have an over-dose neither of salt or pepper, and to prevent the hens being imposed upon with a mixture not fit to be eaten, nor so hot with pepper that you could not swallow it.

Cutting vs. Pasturing Clover.

In considering this question, the Mark Lane Express takes the ground that land from which a second crop of clover has been cut and carried away is in better condition for the growth of wheat than when the same clover is consumed upon the same field on which it is grown. Indeed, we may go so far as to say that even when such clover has been allowed to stand for seed, it is not uncommon for the same result to be observable. It thinks that pasturing clover is the growth of the clover plant, and it does not, therefore, accumulate so much vegetable matter in the roots, as when allowed to attain full growth as before cutting. Besides, the advantages of the shade to the soil are lost. The manure left by stock in feeding off the clover does not compensate for the loss of these advantages. If this course is correct, it follows that the best method of using clover for enriching the soil would be to let the entire growth remain on the ground, neither pasturing nor mowing it.

Soaking Corn for Horses.

It is a well established fact that the cob, eaten with the corn, renders the food more wholesome, for a certain amount of coarse feed is very essential to animals as well as men. It is said that a saving of one-third of the grain is made if the corn is soaked on the cob before it is fed to horses. Two barrels or large hogheads can be placed in a warm place in the barn cellar, secure from frosts. Fill them with the ears of corn, and pour on water until they are covered. Hot water, if easily procurable, softens the ears more quickly. When the ears feel soft to the hand, feed out to the horses. When one hoghead is exhausted, fill it up again, and so on, until the corn is kept a good supply. The cobs are much relished by the horses when thus prepared, and your grain bills will be reduced one-third, while the horses will be as well fed.

History of Fine Wool.

A Vermont Journal, giving the history of fine wool, says that fifty years ago not a pound of fine wool was grown in the United States, in Great Britain, or in any other country except Spain. In 1784 a small flock was sent to the State of Saxony, whence came the entire product of Saxony wool, now of such immense value. In 1809, during the invasion of Spain by the French, some of the valuable crown flock were sold to raise money. The American consul, Jarvis, at Lisbon, purchased 1,400 head and sent them to his country. A portion of this pure and unadmixed flock is still to be found in Vermont at the present time. Such was the origin of the immense flock of fine wool sheep in the United States at the present time.

Make the Most of Cows.

Five per cent and perhaps ten, could be added to the milk product of the country, if these rules were observed:

1. Never lurch cows in driving to and from the pasture.

2. Milk nearly at equal intervals; at 5:30 in the morning and 6 at night, are good hours.

3. Be especially tender of the cow at milking time.

4. When seated, draw the milk as rapidly as possible, being careful to always get it all.

5. Never talk or think of anything besides what you are doing when milking.

6. Offer some carress, and always a soothing word, when you approach a cow or when you leave her.

LAND AND GOLD

The Only Indestructible Elements of Value!

For the Land does not melt away; It is yesterday, to-day, and forever.



CHOICE FARMING LANDS FOR SALE

In Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska! FOR CASH OR CREDIT.

NEBRASKA LANDS are situated in Pierce, Wayne and Butte counties, mainly in Pierce county, from two to six miles from Pierce, the County seat, situated on the line of the Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley Railroad. The soil of the bottom lands is of a rich, alluvial character, of great depth, and inexhaustible fertility, producing splendid crops of Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, &c. The soil of the uplands is similar to that of the bottoms, but is not so deep.

The climate is agreeable and healthful, milder than in the same latitude in the eastern States, and the atmosphere is dry and pure. Said lands will be sold in

Tracts of 40 to 640 Acres Each, AT \$3.00 TO \$10.00 PER ACRE.

Will trade a small portion for City property. For further information call and examine maps, &c., or address the undersigned.

Also, a few GOOD FARMS IN THIS COUNTY, from 3 to 6 miles from Mt. Vernon, for sale at a bargain.

LAND WARRANTS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

J. S. BRADDOCK, Real Estate and Claim Agent.

OFFICE—East side of Main street, in room formerly occupied by Gen. George W. Morgan

G. B. MESSENGER, W. D. BROWNING, O. SPERRY

MESSENGER, BROWNING & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS

STAPLE AND FANCY NOTIONS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.,

JOHN CLARK, JR., & CO.'S

SPOOL COTTON!

The best in the Market, constantly on hand in all No.'s

MAIN STREET, MT. VERNON, OHIO.

MESSENGER, BROWNING & CO.

M. LEOPOLD,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Trimmings,

HATS, CAPS TRUNKS,

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods!

CUTTING DONE TO ORDER, on short notice and Reasonable Terms

Ever grateful for the liberal patronage received, I invite all to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, at my NEW AND ELEGANT ROOM, WOODWARD BLOCK, corner of Main and Vine streets, Mount Vernon, Ohio.

Mount Vernon, May 2, 1868.

M. LEOPOLD.

THE LARGEST The 'Old Drug Store.'

AND MOST

FASHIONABLE HATS,

CAPS AND FURS,

AT A. WOLFF & SON'S!

CHOICE DRUGS,

ALSO, FANCY ROBES,

BUFFALO ROBES,

Umbrellas, Trunks, Carpet Sacks,

VALISES,

Linen and Paper Collars,

CUFFS, SILK BOWS, NECK TIES, AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Of all kinds, which we offer to the public lower than any other establishment in the City. If you don't believe it call and see before you purchase.

Sept. 29.

NEW FIRM!

Cheap Groceries!

WELLS & COX

HAVE purchased the Stock of GEORGE K. NORTON and have leased his well known Stand, at the

N. E. Corner of Public Square, And have also purchased a large and complete

Stock of

CHOICE FRESH GROCERIES

Which we offer to the people of Mt. Vernon, and of Knox county, at the

LOWEST CASH RATES!

Our Stock consists of the Choicest Assortment of

Teas, Coffees, Sugars,

And all varieties of

SPICES, CANNED FRUITS,

TORRADO, FISH,

And every article kept in a First-Class Family Grocery Store.

Flour and Feed!

Kept constantly on hand.

Cash Paid for Butter, Eggs and Country Produce Generally.

We intend to do business on the square, and feel certain that we will at least secure a liberal share of patronage.

CALL AND GIVE US A TRIAL.

W. E. WELLS, H. E. COX.

Sept. 8, 1871.

Iron City College,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The best conducted, most popular and successful institution in the United States, for the thorough, practical education of young and middle aged men.

For further descriptive circulars, containing full particulars, address

J. C. SMITH, A. M. Principal.

PAID FOR FLAXSEED.

THE BEST Cook's Cooking Stoves, at

may 13

HENRY ERRETT'S.

REMOVAL!

M. W. WILLIAMS

HAS REMOVED HIS STOCK OF

NOTIONS

—AND—

FANCY GOODS!

TO THE CORNER OF

MAIN AND CHESTNUT STREETS.

Four doors above their old place of business.

HAVING just returned from the East, where we have purchased a large and varied assortment of goods FOR CASH, we are enabled to offer them at good inducements.

Thanking our friends for their liberal patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same.

April 14-47

M. W. WILLIAMS.

NEW GOODS

THIS DAY RECEIVED!

Brown and Bleached Muslins,

Eight to twelve and a half cts, a yard,

Heavy Cassimeres,

Sixty-five cents per yard.

Kentucky Jeans,

Twenty-five cents per yard.

Prints, 8, 10, 12, and 16 yds.

For One Dollar.

Batting, 12 1/2 cents per pound.

Checks, Stripes, Ticks & Denims

Very Cheap.

Shawls, Hats, Caps and Furs,

Less than Cost.

Dress Silks, Poplins, Alpaccas,

Plaids, Merinos, Bombazines,

At Prices before the War.

Carpet Yarn.

Best fourply Sea Island Carpet Warp, one yard warranted to wear even five years.

White Carpet, with 320 threads to the yard.

SWETLAND & BRYANT.

Mt. Vernon, Feb. 10, 1871.

We defy Competition

HILL & MILLS

ARE NOW RECEIVING the largest, best and cheapest stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Ever offered in this market, which they are offering at CASH ONLY! at prices far below the lowest. Our stock of CUSTOM WORK is unsurpassed. There is no hawking. Call, examine and compare before purchasing if you wish to save money.

Oct. 14, 1870.

J. & D. McDOWELL,

UNDERTAKERS,

WOODWARD BLOCK,

MT. VERNON, OHIO.

COFFINS AND CASKETS

Always on hand or made to order in the best style. We have an

ELEGANT NEW HEARSE

And are ready to attend all calls either from town or country.

We also manufacture, as heretofore all kinds of

CABINET FURNITURE,

Embracing every article to be found in a First-Class Furniture Establishment.

A continuation of public patronage is solicited.

May 19.

J. & D. McDOWELL.

THE LARGEST The 'Old Drug Store.'

AND MOST

FASHIONABLE HATS,

CAPS AND FURS,

AT A. WOLFF & SON'S!

CHOICE DRUGS,

ALSO, FANCY ROBES,

BUFFALO ROBES,

Umbrellas, Trunks, Carpet Sacks,

VALISES,

Linen and Paper Collars,

CUFFS, SILK BOWS, NECK TIES, AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Of all kinds, which we offer to the public lower than any other establishment in the City. If you don't believe it call and see before you purchase.

Sept. 29.

NEW FIRM!

Cheap Groceries!

WELLS & COX

HAVE purchased the Stock of GEORGE K. NORTON and have leased his well known Stand, at the

N. E. Corner of Public Square, And have also purchased a large and complete

Stock of

CHOICE FRESH GROCERIES

Which we offer to the people of Mt. Vernon, and of Knox county, at the

LOWEST CASH RATES!

Our Stock consists of the Choicest Assortment of

Teas, Coffees, Sugars,

And all varieties of

SPICES, CANNED FRUITS,

TORRADO, FISH,

And every article kept in a First-Class Family Grocery Store.

Flour and Feed!

Kept constantly on hand.

Cash Paid for Butter, Eggs and Country Produce Generally.

We intend to do business on the square, and feel certain that we will at least secure a liberal share of patronage.

CALL AND GIVE US A TRIAL.

W. E. WELLS, H. E. COX.

Sept. 8, 1871.

THE BEST Cook's Cooking Stoves, at

may 13

HENRY ERRETT'S.

Business Cards.

J. LOAR, M. D.,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—On Gambier street, a few doors East of Main.

OFFICE HOURS—11 A. M., to 3 P. M. Calls promptly attended to.

D. M. BARCUS,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

OFFICE—Over W. C. Sapp & Co's store, on Main street,

April 7, 71

J. W. & I. W. RUSSELL,

Surgeons & Physicians,

OFFICE—Main Street, four doors North of Public Square, Residence, Gambier Street, North Side.

March 31-71

D. G. MONTGOMERY, S. W. VAN BUSKIRK,

MONTGOMERY & VAN BUSKIRK,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

North-West corner of Public Square,

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

Will give particular attention to purchasing, selling and leasing Real Estate; also paying taxes on real estate.

W. M. BALDWIN, M. D.,

(Homeopathic),

OFFICE—14 West Third Street, in room lately occupied by Dr. Swan. All calls in town or country promptly attended.

HOURS—From 9 to 11 A. M., and from 1 to 3 P. M.

June 14-47.

W. R. SAPP, WILL A. COULTER,

F. P. A. GREER,

SAPP, COULTER & GREER,

Attorneys at Law

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

Office over the Post Office, Agencies and Collections throughout the State promptly attended to.

Aug. 19, 1870.

Dr. E. W. Smith,

Continues his Practice

BOTH IN TOWN AND COUNTRY.

THE same as before he purchased the Drug Store. Call at all hours of the day or night promptly attended. OFFICE—At his Drug Store, on Upper Main St. June 14-71.

R. C. HURD, A. R. M'INTYRE,

HURD & MCINTYRE,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,