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The Democratic Banner

EDITED BY L. HARPER.
MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.
TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 5, 1861.
THE BIGGEST SCARE ON RECORD!

In last week's *Banner* we gave a brief telegraphic despatch from a friend in Columbus, announcing that Mr. Lincoln had secretly departed in disguise from Harrisburg for Washington, during the still hours of the night; and since then the full particulars of this extraordinary Presidential adventure have come to hand, and will be found published in this week's paper.

It appears that instead of making his grand entrance into Baltimore and Washington, on Saturday, Feb. 23d, amidst a flourish of trumpets and drums, the booming of cannon and the wild buzz of his abolition friends, as he had been doing along his great circumlocutory route from Springfield, he left the Capital of Pennsylvania on Friday night, at the hour when "grave yards yawn," dressed in Scotch plaid and a long military coat, and mounting the iron horse sailed to Washington as fast as steam could drive him!

This change of programme was determined upon, it is said, in consequence of a messenger having been sent to Harrisburg at the instance of Gen. Scott, to make known to Old Abe that a "gunpowder plot," more direful than that of Guy Faux, had been discovered, the intent of which was to blow the President elect to eternity in less than no time! This messenger having gained admittance into Old Abe's sleeping apartment, there communicated the dreadful intelligence to the "second Washington," who received it while standing dressed as nature dresses her children, in *pais naturalis*!

The plot as revealed by the agent of Gen. Scott, was to the effect, that a large body of "border ruffians" in Maryland had determined to throw the entire train, containing Mr. Lincoln and party, from the track into a deep ravine, and then rush down the hill and murder every mother's son of them! If this arrangement did not succeed, it was then determined that Old Abe should be assassinated, while riding in his carriage through the streets of Baltimore from one depot to another!

Upon hearing this terrible revelation, a midnight "council of war" was held in Mr. Lincoln's room, and after a good cry from Maj. Sumner, it was determined that Old Abe should proceed in stater to Washington, all alone, disguised as above mentioned; while his wife, children and traveling companions should come on the next morning, on the very train that was to have been thrown from the track! Thus clearly proving that Mr. Lincoln did not believe this part of the story, or else he was criminally indifferent about the safety of his family and friends! But the fact that not the least attempt was made along the route from Harrisburg to Baltimore to disturb the train, or to offer the slightest indignity towards any person on board, clearly proves that the whole affair was a big scare, an idle tale of some dilapidated spinster, which reached the ears of Gen. Scott. We have no doubt but that the assassination story in Baltimore was equally fabulous and ridiculous.

The officers of the Susquehanna Railroad had made the most ample police arrangements for the protection and safe transit of the Presidential party from Harrisburg to Baltimore. Not only was a pilot engine sent ahead to see that the track was clear, but flagmen were stationed along the whole road, with red flags to show that all was right, and white flags as signals of danger. And furthermore, the Mayor and citizens of Baltimore had made every prudent and necessary arrangement for the reception and perfect safety of Mr. Lincoln and his party, while in that city.

The conclusion we have come to is that the whole assassination story was either a big scare of Gen. Scott, or else the Republican leaders in Washington had become disgusted with Old Abe's ridiculous speeches and farcical receptions, and they determined to bring the show to an abrupt close. To strengthen the latter conclusion it seems that a small party of confidential friends were at the Washington Depot, with a carriage before day light on Saturday morning, ready to receive Mr. Lincoln privately, who rapidly conveyed him to Willard's Hotel, where his Premier, Mr. Seward, had been for some time pacing the halls, waiting for his coming! The affair, in any light it may be viewed, is a disgrace to the country, and to all the parties engaged in it.

DEATH OF HON. AUGUSTUS HALL.

The Hon. AUGUSTUS HALL, Chief Justice of Nebraska, died at his residence near Bellevue, that Territory, on the 1st of February, 1861. The deceased was a brother-in-law of Mr. Seward, and well known in Mt. Vernon, having resided in this city in former years, where he was engaged in the practice of the law. From here he removed to Marysville, in this State, where he continued to practice for several years, with remarkable success. In 1844 he removed to Keosauqua, Iowa, where he resided for many years, and in 1854 was chosen a Representative in Congress from the first district of that State. He was an able and influential member. In 1857 he was appointed Chief Justice of Nebraska, which position he filled up to his death.

The Omaha *Nebraskaian*, in a notice of Judge Hall's death remarks that as a man he possessed many attractive qualities. His sympathies were warm and easily enlisted. His heart was true. His social qualities were remarkable. For hours he could entertain a circle of his friends, and neither he nor they knew weariness. They were admitted to his friendship will carry in their hearts many a fond memory of hours enlivened by his conversation. But he will no longer contribute to our enjoyment, he will no longer share our cares or our responsibilities. He will sit in the seat of judgment no more. The best of all the Territorial officers to fight out well the whole battle of life, he is the soonest stricken down.

THE TREASURER OF MONROE COUNTY, Wm. Myers, is a defaulter to the amount of some \$8,000 or \$10,000. He has resigned his office, and the Commissioners have appointed John B. Noll to fill his place. The *Woodstock Spirit* says that it has not been on account of his dishonesty, but of his imprudence in loaning the money to friends who failed to return it when needed, that caused the defalcation.

PILGRIMS GOING TO MECCA.

The Black Republican "Saints" of the country are now turning their eager eyes with longing, lingering gaze towards Washington, and hundreds and thousands of them have departed for that political Mecca, where they can worship the rising sun of Abolition. From our own goodly city of Mt. Vernon, some half dozen or more of the "Saints" departed last week. Their names are J. M. Byers, George Hancock, R. S. S. Rouse, Sr., C. S. Pyle, Caleb Letts, Thomas Latimore, Joseph Vance, and perhaps others.

What the business of all these gentlemen to Washington is, we do not pretend to know. But it is understood besides wishing to witness the inauguration of a live Republican as President, Col. Byers, Gen. Hancock, and Maj. Letts, have been especially selected by Lieutenant General Scott, on account of their gallantry, courage and good looks, to do military service on the 4th of March, and especially to see that none of the "Border Ruffians" from Virginia or South Carolina shall either shoot, insult, or maltreat Old Abe.

Friend Rouse, while his well known modesty would prevent him from engaging in the "wild scramble for office," yet at the same time, no doubt, he would be willing to accept the position Post Laureate to the new Administration, and sing the praises of Old Abe in glowing, immortal heroic verse, full of "thoughts that breathe and words that burn."

Brother Pyle, of course, has gone to Washington "armed and equipped" with documents showing that he received 168 votes for Post Master, while 647 Republicans wished some other person to have the office, and expects to come home with his commission in his pocket.

Uncle Latimore, it is supposed, is after a place in Old Abe's Kitchen Cabinet, where he can superintend the culinary arrangements of the White House, and amuse himself during his leisure moments in placing his arms around the pretty girls in that bureau of the government, so as protect them from harm.

Neighbor Vance's special mission is to convince Old Abe that all conservative Republicans, such as Delano, Seward, Corwin, Dwing, &c., are unworthy of being received into his Cabinet and confidence, and that none but Vance Abolitionists should have a place in Abraham's bosom. It is also understood that Mr. Vance has several axes to grind for his friends; and particularly for a near relative, whom he wishes to have appointed Marshal of Maryland.

Who Fought the Battles of the Union.

The Mexican War was fought chiefly by the South. The tabular statement given below shows that while fourteen slave States furnished 46,330 volunteers, the free States and Territories furnished but 23,054. The disparity is marked considered from any point of view, but especially so in the relative population of the two sections. The figures, we may add, are derived from Executive Document No. 62, of the first session of the Thirtieth Congress:

NATIVITY OF THE REGULAR ARMY IN THE MEXICAN WAR.			
WAR.			
Slave-holding States and Territories	23,054	Free States and Territories	46,330
Slave-holding States	14,355	Free States and Territories	31,975
No. Killed. Wounded. Died.			
Arkansas	1,323	22	3
Florida	323	1	7
Texas	7,313	48	20
Louisiana	7,728	15	6
Tennessee	5,410	57	13
Kentucky	4,500	105	48
Virginia	1,393	6	—
N. Carolina	936	—	—
S. Carolina	1,064	58	115
Georgia	2,047	4	5
Alabama	3,011	—	—
Mississippi	3,910	60	45
Marland	—	—	—
of Columbia	1,330	12	9
Missouri	6,733	28	2
Total	45,630	418	267

VOLUNTEERS TO THE MEXICAN WAR FROM NON-SLAVEHOLDING STATES AND TERRITORIES.			
No. Killed. Wounded. Died.			
Massachusetts	1,047	2	28
New York	2,665	54	77
New Jersey	424	2	9
Pennsylvania	2,464	39	198
Ohio	4,694	31	2
Michigan	972	—	—
Indiana	4,410	49	—
Illinois	5,973	107	97
Wisconsin	146	—	—
Iowa	229	—	—
Total	23,054	284	235

GOOD NEWS—IF TRUE.

It is stated that Mr. Lincoln has given the old white-coated philosopher of the *Tribune*, Horace Greeley, the cold shoulder, since he reached Washington, declining to have any intercourse with him whatsoever. We hope this rumor may be true; for we consider it one step in the right direction. Greeley is now bitter, even venomous against Seward, no doubt regarding him as the cause of this insult on the part of the President elect; and is making desperate efforts to keep Mr. Seward out of the Cabinet, and thus embarrass and perplex Mr. Lincoln. Verily, the "irrepressible conflict" is now in full play in the Republican ranks!

South Carolina Rampant, and Threatens to Secede Again!

The Southern Confederation having passed resolutions of a very decided character, in opposition to the African Slave Trade, the little Republic, Empire, or whatever else you please to call it, of South Carolina, is terribly indignant and threatens to again secede! That's right—she should do so by all means! An independent Monarchy, with King, Lords and Commons, Earls, Dukes, Counts and Viscounts, is the only government that will suit the Palmetto State.

Gen. Twiggs.

This man (remarks the *Pittsburgh Post*), has been doomed to everlasting infamy. He had been entrusted by his government with the command of the federal troops, in the department of Texas, and has turned over to the authorities of that State the property of the United States, valued at \$1,300,000. The federal troops were quietly permitted to depart. There were in Texas at about two thousand United States troops. Gen. Twiggs, it will be remembered, has been of the command of the Georgia troops, Georgia may better keep a close eye on him, as a man who will betray his trust to one authority is none too good to serve another the same trick, when it suits his humor.

LINCOLN'S CABINET.

At the present writing (on Friday) there are all sorts of rumors from Washington respecting Lincoln's Cabinet. One account states positively that John Bell, of Tennessee, will be a member of the Cabinet, as a representative of the Slave States. If this should turn out to be true, we have strong hopes that the incoming Administration will be conservative in its character; especially so, if Bates of Mo., Cameron of Pa., and Seward of N. Y., should also be members of the Cabinet.

We see it stated that Chase, Greeley, and the whole crew of Abolitionists, who are opposing compromise, and endeavoring to destroy the Union by their warfare upon the South, are to be thrown overboard. We earnestly hope this may be so.

Greeley, with his Fourierism, Spiritualism, Free Loveism, Woman's Rightsism, Abolitionism, and every other infidelity the devil ever dreamed of, would ruin any party, and destroy the best government that ever existed.

THE SPRING TRADE.

Notwithstanding the "hard times" and the commotion in the world of politics, there are already indications that there will be a good Spring trade this year, especially with the City of New York. All our large class of merchants in Ohio purchase their goods in New York, some from one house and some from another. For the information of those who may be comparative strangers in the great Commercial Emporium of the New World, we beg leave to state that the long established and well known house of Dibble, Work & Moore, No. 97 Chambers street, holds out superior inducements to those who wish to purchase any description of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, either foreign or domestic. These gentlemen have earned for themselves a deservedly high reputation as honest and honorable dealers, and we feel entirely confident that all our Ohio friends who purchase their Spring Goods at their establishment will be fairly and gentlemanly dealt with. Our old friend and townsman H. P. WARREN, Esq., is still connected with Messrs. Dibble, Work & Moore, and this fact will furnish an additional inducement why Ohio men should patronize this house. Mr. Warren's well known urbanity is a sufficient guaranty that all western merchants who call at 97 Chambers street will be made to feel "at home."

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

This body has adjourned *sine die*, after passing the proposition introduced by Mr. Guthrie of Kentucky, slightly modified. The result of its labors, we have every reason to believe, will be productive of much good throughout the country. Ex-President Tyler communicated to Congress the proposition, but the House has not yet been officially informed of its contents. Some Commissioners say if the Conference has been productive of no other good result, it has produced a most friendly feeling among them.

From California.

Late news from California has been received. The Assembly finally passed resolutions endorsing the Crittenden compromise and the views expressed by Douglas and Breckinridge in opposition to coercive measures.

The Democratic papers urge the Senate's concurrence in this resolution, which is regarded as an indication that the Douglas and Breckinridge wings are to unite in one Democratic party as it existed prior to Buchanan's Administration.

Several more attempts have been made in the Assembly to concur in the Senate resolution fixing the 20th inst. for a joint convention to elect a U. S. Senator, but each time without success—the Republicans and Breckinridge Democrats continuing to act together towards staving off an election.

The "Second Washington."

The *Enquirer's* correspondent "Cleveland," telegraphs from Washington, under date of Feb. 13th, as follows: "The Republicans are much mortified at the clandestine movements of the second Washington. The Southern papers all unite in denouncing him as a coward, a more than coward, because of his sending his wife and family over a railroad and in a train in which he was afraid to travel himself. The rumored plot to assassinate him, which the Republican journals seem so ready to believe, is without foundation. The people of Baltimore would have turned out en masse to protect him from injury; but they could not have prevented his Baltimore partisans, who are despised by the citizens, from being hooded at, and possibly maltreated."

Horatio King.

Horatio King, now Postmaster General, entered the Department over which he now presides, when twenty-five or six years of age with an appointment as copying clerk, and a salary of \$1,000 per annum. He was called to the First Assistant Postmaster-Generalhip on the death of Gen. Hobbes. It is a singular circumstance that he began his public career as a conductor of a newspaper at Paris, Mo., having Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, now Vice President elect, as his partner in the business.

It is thought that King will undoubtedly be continued in office under the new Administration as Assistant Postmaster General.

Lincoln on the Rights of a Majority.

In one of his traveling speeches on Thursday last Mr. Lincoln said, "I repeat, the majority should rule." We wish it were possible to take him at his word, upon the following figures, which may be found in the *Tribune Almanac*, which he undoubtedly holds to be good authority:

POPULAR VOTE.	
Abraham Lincoln	1,857,610
Stephen A. Douglas	1,365,936
John C. Breckinridge	847,953
John Bell	690,631
Majority against Lincoln	946,950

Affairs at Charleston.

The Hon. Jeff. Davis is reported to have arrived at Charleston, with the view to effect arrangements to guard against the possibility of an attack on Fort Sumter, at least until the character of Mr. Lincoln's inaugural shall be known. If his tone be pacific, there will be no attack on Fort Sumter. If otherwise, they say an attack will be immediately made, in which Mr. Davis would take command of the army in person, and Gen. Twiggs take command at Charleston. Dispatches from Major Anderson report everything quiet. He was allowed to receive marketing and other necessities from Charleston, and had all the intercourse with the city he desired.

BRIEF EDITORIALS.

Hon. Columbus Delano has been in Washington for over a month past. It is now firmly believed that Mr. Chase will not be in the new Cabinet.

It is generally believed that Col. J. M. Byers would have no objections if Old Abe should tender him the appointment of Marshal of the Northern District of Ohio. He is good looking, but he can't come in!

An election for Postmaster is now progressing (as we write on Saturday) in the enterprising village of Frederick. About a dozen of patriots are in the field, all anxious to oust a poor honest man, and a cripple at that, because he is a Democrat.

The Republicans have not another word to say about the "scare" of Gov. Wise, and the people at Harper's Ferry, since Old Abe made his grand nocturnal ride to Washington, encained in that "Scotch plaid and long military coat."

The latest "cock-and-bull story" at Washington is that 500 bloody-minded men have taken a solemn oath that Old Abe shall never sleep in the White House. One of them is to shoot him with an air gun, while he is making his Inauguration Speech! Of course Gen. Scott believes it!

It is said that Old Abe while making his midnight trip to Washington, dressed in his "Scotch plaid and long military coat" recited to himself his famous Columbus speech, wherein he declared that "nobody's hurt—nothing is going wrong—this crisis is all artificial."

It is now asserted that the flight of Mr. Lincoln from Harrisburg was a *ruse de guerre*, planned and executed by Mr. Seward, to take Old Abe out of the hands of Chase, Greeley, Giddings & Co. The assassination story was only used to make the scheme successful. Seward's a triumph!

Greeley declares that Old Abe's flight from Harrisburg was altogether a stock operation. He says that stocks were sold for several days in Wall street by parties who had received information, on which they relied, that he would be killed before he reached Washington. "Nobody's hurt!"

If a plot was really formed in Baltimore or anywhere else, to assassinate Mr. Lincoln, as the Republicans alleged, the country demands that it shall be thoroughly ferreted out and exposed, and the guilty parties made to suffer the severest penalties of the law. Put Gen. Scott under oath, and compel him to disclose the facts upon which he acted.

A warm contest is going on at Washington for the office of Commissioner of Patents. It is supposed that Hon. Thomas T. Corwin, M. C. from the Belmont district in this State, is the most prominent candidate, and will be most likely to succeed. He is strongly backed by members of Congress and other influential parties.

LINCOLN-IANA!

GEMS OF WISDOM AND OF WIT!

A String of Pearls!

For the benefit of the Republican *literati* we have collected and now publish a few of the choicest literary morsels that fell from the eloquent lips of Honest Old Abe. In order to appreciate these pearls drops one must have a very refined and classic taste, or be an applicant for some office in the gift of the President elect.

Let an admiring world read and wonder at the genius that emitted these sparkling utterances: When I get to Indianapolis I expect to make you a longer speech, but not much longer. *Lincoln at Lebanon, Indiana.*

I take your response as the most reliable evidence that it may be so, along with every other evidence, trusting that the good sense of the American people, on all sides of all rivers in America, under the Providence of God, who has never deserted us, that we shall again be brethren, forgetting all parties—ignoring all parties. *Lincoln at Cincinnati.*

Whatever is calculated to advance the condition of the honest, struggling, laboring man, so far as my judgment will enable me to judge of a correct thing, I am for that thing. *Iditto.*

Will some of our Republican friends parse the two last paragraphs?

Fellow-citizens, what I have said I have said altogether extemporaneously, and I will now come to a close. *Lincoln at Columbus, Ohio.*

He had intended to say a few words to the people of Cincinnati, the greatest manufacturing city of the United States, upon such matters as he believed they desired to hear, but as he had adopted the plan of holding his tongue for the most part, since his election, he had, perhaps, better now hold his tongue. *Lincoln at Pittsburgh.*

In plain words there is no real crisis, except an artificial one. *Iditto.*

The tariff is to the government what meal is to the family. * * * I must confess that I do not understand the subject in all its various bearings; but I do promise you that I will give it my closest attention, and endeavor to comprehend it more fully. *Iditto.*

If a bar of iron got out of the mines of England, and a bar of iron taken from the mines of Pennsylvania, be produced at the same cost, it follows that if the English bar be shipped from Manchester to Pittsburgh, and the American bar from Pittsburgh to Manchester, the cost of carriage is appreciably lost. *Iditto.*

Very convincing truly! No wonder the people "laughed."

I have appeared here simply to thank you heartily for this noble reception—to see you and to allow you to see me. I am not sure, but at least as regards the ladies, I have the best of the bargain in the night. *Lincoln at Syracuse, New York.*

Well, those ladies must have felt highly flattered! Old Abe thought, perhaps they were better looking than he is, but was "not sure" of that! What a compliment!

We presume that in the course through which I shall have to go, I shall have to repeat somewhat, and I will only repeat to you my thanks for this kind reception. *Lincoln at Albany.*

Old Abe at Washington and How He Got There!

He Secretly Leaves Harrisburg, and Travels in Disguise!
How he Fooled the Plug Uglies of Baltimore, who Threatened to Kill Him!

"THRILLING" MIDNIGHT ADVENTURE!

A HUMILIATING SPECTACLE!

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.

A special dispatch to the N. Y. Times says:—On Thursday night, after he had retired, Mr. Lincoln was aroused and informed that a stranger desired to see him on a matter of life or death. He declined to admit him unless he gave his name, which he did at once. This prestige did the same effect that while Mr. Lincoln was yet disrobed, he granted an interview to the caller. A prolonged conversation elicited the fact that an organized body of men had determined that Mr. Lincoln should not be inaugurated, and that he should never leave the city of Baltimore alive, if indeed he ever entered it. The list of names of the conspirators presented a most astonishing array of persons high in Southern confidence and some whose fame is not confined to this country alone. Statesmen laid the plan, bankers endorsed it, and adventurers were to carry it out as well as the underwood it.

Mr. Lincoln was to leave Harrisburg at 9 o'clock this morning, by a special train, and the idea was, if possible, to throw the train from the track at some point where they could rush down a steep embankment and destroy in a moment the lives of all on board. In case of a failure of this project, their plan was to surround the carriage on the way from depot to depot, in Baltimore, and assassinate him with dagger or pistol shot. So authentic was the source through which the information was obtained, that Mr. Lincoln, after consulting with his friends, was compelled to make arrangements that would enable him to frustrate the plans of his enemies. Greatly to the annoyance of thousands who desired to call on him last night, he declined to give a reception. The final council was held at 8 o'clock. Mr. Lincoln did not want to yield, and Col. Sumner actually cried with indignation, but Mrs. Lincoln, seconded by Mr. Judd and Mr. Lincoln's original informant, insisted upon it, and at 9 o'clock Mr. Lincoln left in a special train. He wore a Scotch plaid and a very long military cloak, so that he was entirely unrecognizable. He was accompanied by Supt. Lewis and one friend, started, while all the town with the exception of Mrs. Lincoln, Col. Sumner, Mr. Judd, and two reporters who were sworn to secrecy, supposed him to be asleep. The telegraph wires were put beyond the reach of any one who might desire to use them.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 23.

The people of this city were astonished this morning, by announcement that Mr. Lincoln had started in a special train for Washington, dispatches having been received requiring his presence in Washington.

Reports are busy in circulation that there was a plot to assassinate him, while passing through Baltimore, but such stories are not believed.

The Baltimore Committee is here, but did not have an interview with Mr. Lincoln.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 23.

Mr. Lincoln arrived here, at 8 o'clock noon, and went directly to Washington. His family and the remainder of his party will arrive at 1 o'clock. Much excitement is occasioned by the rumor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.

Not a little sensation prevailed throughout the city this morning, again as it became known that Mr. Lincoln had arrived in the early train. It was unsuccessfully sought to conceal the facts, especially from the newspaper press; his presence here being at first communicated to a few political friends in confidence. He was met at the station by several gentlemen of distinction, without any formality, and was immediately driven to Willard's Hotel.

He was yesterday advised to come hither without delay. Preparations had been made to meet him at the station this afternoon, and the Mayor of Washington was to make a welcome address, but Mr. Lincoln has thus spoiled the programme.

About 10 o'clock, Mr. Lincoln, accompanied by Mr. Seward, paid his respects to President Buchanan, spending a few minutes in general conversation. Senators, Judges and Representatives John Cochrane, happened to be at the White House when he entered and were accordingly introduced to the President elect. Mr. Lincoln afterwards returned to his hotel.

After an interview between the President and Mr. Lincoln, the latter introduced Mr. Lincoln to the Cabinet, which was then in session. Mr. Lincoln, in company with Mr. Seward, subsequently paid his respects to Lieut. General Scott. Mrs. Lincoln and family and suite arrived here on the afternoon train.

It is reported on good authority, that Mr. Lincoln expects to stay in the city tonight with the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, and started on the 11 o'clock train for Baltimore.

A very large crowd greeted the arrival of the train, bringing the Presidential party, at York. Mr. W. announced that the train was headed by Mr. Lincoln, who was on board, having gone direct to Washington. Mr. Wood then introduced Lieut. Lincoln, who happened to stand beside him, and very much to the latter's astonishment. At 11:40 the train passed the Maryland border.

The Committee from Baltimore joined the party at Harrisburg, consisting of W. G. Swett, W. L. Marshall, L. Blumberg, W. Bell, J. Bishop, W. E. Glendon, J. M. Farmer and F. S. Corran—the latter on behalf of the Electoral College.

Mr. Lincoln was met by a large number of citizens of confidence in the citizens of Baltimore, as evidenced by Mr. Lincoln's course, though it is understood he was opposed to it, but was overruled by other parties who have assumed control of his movements.

A crowd blocked up all the Calvert Street Depot at the arrival of the train, and the train, with groans, on learning that Mr. Lincoln was not on board.

Arrangements had been made here for securing the safe and respectful transit of Mr. Lincoln through the city. The police force was all out, and all the police forces in Baltimore were anxious that no indignity should have been committed to the Republican organization here and who were expected to make a demonstration in the streets of Baltimore, and the minds of some and partially caused a disturbance, otherwise there was no reason to apprehend anything unpleasant here.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.

Mr. Lincoln's rapid passage through Baltimore has been remembered here by some who do not know the facts, which are these: A set of unscrupulous politicians, known in Baltimore, had determined to turn Mr. L.'s visit there to their own account, arranged for a procession from the depot to his hotel. Protection was asked by these rowdies of Marshal Kane, who protested against such a proceeding. He said Mr. Lincoln should be treated with all respect, and him personally and his official position, and no obnoxious were the parties proposing the demonstration that he could not ensure the same respect to them; if they were determined to brave it out, it might result in some indignity being offered which could be mortifying to the President elect and disgraceful to the city of Baltimore. Finding that these men were fixed in their purpose to make Mr. L.'s visit subservient to their purposes, the latter was advised by telegraph to pass on to Washington without stopping, which he did. This advice came from gentlemen who had the good name of Baltimore at heart. These advisers from Baltimore had been anticipated by a special messenger sent thence to meet Mr. Lincoln at Philadelphia, with dispatches from Gen. Scott and the War Department urging him to come through Baltimore unexpectedly, as they had specific information of

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Town and Country.

MOUNT VERNON, MARCH 5, 1861.
S. M. & Newark R. R. Time Table.
TRAINS LEAVE MOUNT VERNON AS FOLLOWS:
Morning South.
Mail Train leaves.....11:30 A. M.
Accommodation leaves.....2:16 P. M.
Evening North.
Accommodation leaves.....8:30 A. M.
Mail Train leaves.....8:46 P. M.
Nov. 26, 1860.

Philanthropic Society.

A public session of the Philanthropic Society of Kenyon College, was held last Wednesday evening, (February 21st.)

The occasion was that of the presentation to the Society, by those of its members who are connected with the Freshman Class, of a new set of furniture for the hall. The meeting was very largely attended, interest being added to the occasion by the presence of a number of the fair sex.

The regular literary exercises of the evening were first performed. After these, and music from the band, W. P. Browne, a member of the Freshman Class, begged of the Society, on behalf of his Class, the acceptance of their gift.

He spoke of the great benefit they had already derived and expected in future to derive from their connection with the Society, and expressed his hope that the chairs might be filled by zealous and enthusiastic Philos, and especially that they might often, as then, be graced by the presence of their lady friends.

The President responded with a few appropriate remarks. He thanked the Class for so substantial a token of their devotion and fealty to the Society, and trusted that their course while members might be as prosperous as so zealous a beginning merited.

A song written for the occasion by a member of the Class, and set to the air of "The Red, White, and Blue," was then sung by the whole assemblage.

Some interesting and appropriate remarks were then made by Bishop Bedell and others, after which the exercises of the evening closed.

Marriage Licenses.

During the month of February, the Probate Judge of Knox county issued seventeen marriage licenses—being only a little over one half the number that were issued during the month of January. Full times in Hymen's Court!

By the way, the publication of the names of the parties to whom licenses were issued during the month of January, created a little disturbance in one or two families, where the young folks contemplated either a secret marriage or an elopement; and on this account we have concluded to omit the names, until a reasonable time elapses after the licenses are issued. We very much dislike being the cause of defeating the calculations of a couple who have resolved to become "one flesh."

Accident.

On Thursday, while Messrs. J. E. Evans and S. Kreschner, masons, were fixing the spouting on the building occupied by Russell, Sturgess & Co. the scaffold on which they were standing gave way, and they were precipitated down, some twenty feet, on to the top of a shed. In falling, Mr. Evans went through a skylight, which cut him up considerably. Mr. K. was severely injured, having his shoulder dislocated, and being dreadfully bruised. Both are now in the hands of physicians, and are slowly improving.—*Express.*

Attempt to Rob the Mansfield Post Office.

The last *Shield and Banner* says: On Tuesday night last week, an attempt was made by a burglar, to rob the Post office of this city.—The burglar effected an entrance in the ante-room by having attached a string to the bolt on the evening previous, while persons were waiting for the opening of the Mail, and passing outside. It was admirably managed, but the burglar was discovered in the room by young Mr. Snyder, who was sleeping in the Post office, and finding himself discovered, made a speedy exit.

Death of an Old Citizen.

Wm. Larwill, one of the first settlers at Wooster, Wayne county, died on the 14th inst. He was born in England, Dec. 30, 1787; emigrated with his parents to this country in 1793, and in 1808 settled permanently in Wooster.

The deceased was the father-in-law of our esteemed townsman Hon. John K. Miller, and was well known to most of the old settlers in central Ohio.

Warm Weather.

Thursday last was a mild, beautiful, summer like day—the thermometer showing a temperature of 72°. According to the adage when March comes in like a lamb it goes out like a lion, and vice versa.

The Tariff Bill.

The Morrill Tariff bill has passed both Houses of Congress, and at latest advice was only awaiting the signature of the President to become a law. If all reports are true it is a most unrighteous measure. Whether it protects the coal and iron of Pennsylvania, and the Reapers in Illinois (according to Old Abe's enlarged ideas), we are not advised.

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the House of Representatives on Thursday last, the motion to reconsider the vote by which Mr. Corwin's proposed amendments to the Constitution on the previous day failed to receive the required two-thirds vote.

After speeches from Messrs. Kilgore and Stanton, the former in favor of the proposition and the latter against its reconsideration, it was carried, 123 against 62. Great confusion prevailed. The question was then taken as before upon agreeing to the amendment and it was adopted, 123 against 65. (Tremendous applause from both the Republican and Democratic sides and the galleries.)

On motion of Mr. Colfax the House concurred in the Senate's amendments to the bill stopping the mails in the succeeding States.

In the Senate, by consent, Mr. Crittenden, from the Select Committee on the proposition adopted by the House, reported a report recommending the adoption of that proposition.

Mr. Seward said the Senator from Illinois, Mr. Trumbull, and himself formed a minority on that Committee and wished to submit a substitute as a minority report, but the majority thought it was not competent, so he asked leave to submit a joint resolution in his own name, in which the Senator from Illinois concurred.

Whereas, The Legislatures of Kentucky, Illinois and New Jersey have applied to Congress to call a Convention for proposing amendments to the Constitution, therefore,
Resolved, That the other States be invited to take the subject into consideration and express their will upon the subject to Congress, in pursuance of the 5th article of the Constitution.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.

General Scott returned Mr. Lincoln's call at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and was warmly greeted.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon, the Illinois delegation without respect of party, headed by Senator Douglas, called upon Mr. Lincoln, and paid their respects. The meeting was less formal than would be the case at an interview with any other delegation, from the fact that they were all friends and acquaintances before.

The interview between Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Douglas was peculiarly pleasant.

Among the callers on Mr. Lincoln this afternoon, were the venerable Frank Blair and his son Montgomery Blair.

At seven o'clock Mr. Lincoln left his hotel and proceeded to a carriage to the residence of Mr. Seward, with whom he dined.

At nine o'clock Mr. Lincoln received the Peace Congress.

Governor Chase of Ohio, introduced Mr. Tyler. Mr. Lincoln received him with all the respect due his position. Several delegates were then presented to Mr. Lincoln, by Governor Chase in the usual manner.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.

Mr. Lincoln visited the Senate and House this afternoon, in company of Mr. Seward. It created considerable stir; many crowded around to welcome him, especially in the House. He remained but a few minutes.

Mr. Lincoln also visited the Justices of the Supreme Court, in their consultation rooms.

The War Department to day received corroborative dispatches that General Twiggs had surrendered to the Texas authorities all the Government military property in his charge. Secretary Holt has directed orders to relieve him, but they could not have arrived.

The Government seems to have made more than one effort to get possession of Bullion funds in the New Orleans Mint. Post Master General King, on the 19th inst. drew on Mr. Givens, Assistant Treasurer of Louisiana, for \$200,000, but his draft, like that of Secretary Dix's, was dishonored.

A document was handed to Mr. Lincoln to day, signed by a majority of the New York State Senate, headed by the Lieutenant Governor, recommending Mr. Colfax for Postmaster General. Mr. Lincoln observed that this was very strong, and that there seemed a very general desire in many parts of the country that Mr. Colfax should have the position indicated.

The Peace Convention has been in session all day. The debate was the most spirited which has yet occurred. Mr. Guthrie and one of his friends became so much offended that they left the hall and signified their intention not to go back. The Convention at one time was nearly breaking up, but better counsel prevailed. Mr. Guthrie subsequently returned, and business proceeded. Some members stated that a night session was probable. There is no hope of an adjournment to-morrow.

Mr. Wood, the manager of the Presidential trip, called to report this morning to Gen. Scott. The General told him that everything had been done as it should have been, that he approved of every step, and that Mr. Lincoln had exactly what he had bargained for when he left Harrisburg and came through via Baltimore.

Information is before press authorities tending to prove that an organized band of 500 men have sworn that Mr. Lincoln shall never sleep in the White House. A detective, who joined with them, says the plan is as follows: The entire band are to occupy a position as near the President on inauguration day as they can obtain; one of their number, standing in the centre of them, is to shoot Mr. Lincoln with an air gun, while he is on his way to the Capitol.

Further details may be obtained to night. For many reasons it is deemed advisable to withhold definite information.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.

The conference to-day in voting down the Franklin substitute, are in the same position as they were yesterday. Some Southern Congressmen are much discouraged, but comforted by the assurance of those from other sections, that they will endeavor to reconcile conflicting views on the slavery question, to-morrow.

The Senate portion of the Committee of Conference on the tax and coffee amendment, have agreed to recede and recommend concurrent action, which will probably result in the passage of the whole bill.

Messrs. Trumbull, on the part of the Senate, and Washburne, of Illinois, and Burlingame, of New York, on the part of the House, are to go to Hamilton to-night and furnish them with certificates from Mr. Breckinridge and Speaker Pennington of their election. They formally accepted.

The proposition to be voted on to-morrow in the House, is that of Burch and Stuart, recommending a National Convention.

A memorial was received to day, signed by all the Republicans of New Jersey Legislature, recommending Colfax for Postmaster General.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.

Last night Ex-Senator Bell of Tenn., Judge Douglas, Messrs. Guthrie, River, Gov. Hicks, and others, urged an appeal to Mr. Lincoln to interpose for a settlement. Their interview continued several hours.

The Commissioners from the Southern Confederacy are expected to arrive here before the close of the week. They are accredited to the incoming Administration, spending their efforts to negotiate, nothing will be done calculated to disturb the public peace.

Mr. Van Wyck is still quite ill, but out of danger.

Sixty members of Congress have signed a recommendation urging Thos. C. Theaker, member from Ohio, as Commissioner of Patents.

The hotly contested election in Georgetown, D. C. yesterday, resulted in the election of an anti-Democratic Mayor.

Major Anderson writes from Charleston, that the usual preparations have been recently made against him, and some of his works already thrown up are apparently abandoned.

Major Bowman has been appointed Superintendent of West Point.

Senators Seward and Sumner, the New York, Pennsylvania and Indiana delegations, Judge Harris, Gov. Hicks and others called on Mr. Lincoln to-day. A number of the Virginians also had an interview, and are highly pleased with the President's election.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.

Late private telegraphic dispatches from Texas say that the arsenal at San Antonio has been taken possession of by Texas troops, as well as some military posts in Northern Texas, and canons and other munitions at Brownsville and Brownsville, were also seized. The report is prevalent that Gen. Twiggs has been shot by a soldier; but these advices don't mention it.

Partial advices from Harris, Galveston and Austin Counties, give an overwhelming vote for secession.

Advices from Charleston state that shortly after the arrival of Jeff Davis at that city, he paid a visit to Fort Sumter, and had a long interview with Major Anderson. It was afterwards given out in Charleston that there would be no fight at the galleries.

The Va. commissioners left much dissatisfied with the results of their labors here. They maintain however, that Virginia will not secede, unless coercion be attempted by the Administration.

A member of General Twiggs' Staff, now here as Twiggs has declined to enter the service of Georgia, and will also decline service in the Southern Confederacy.

The rumored death of Twiggs was received here from several sources. The story is that Governor Houston sent his aid to Twiggs, to recommend against the mediated secession, when an altercation ensued which resulted in the aid's shooting the General dead. The rumor still lacks confirmation.

Gen. Twiggs' name has been stricken from army roll as a coward and traitor.

The city authorities waited on the President this afternoon to take leave of him. A complimentary short address by the Mayor was presented, and was warmly received. The authorities then waited on Mr. Lincoln, warmly

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NOTWITHSTANDING the official opposition of Fort Moultrie. We run them in not in the night, nor with undified care, but in broad day light, by the car load.

We are not only selling Sugars extremely low, but all other goods as comparatively cheap. Thankful to the Public for their liberal patronage, we solicit the continuance of the same and hope to merit it in the future by selling goods cheap and fair dealing at the Old Corner. Feb. 26, '61. G. M. FAY.

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The said Eliza Terrill, whose residence is unknown to the other defendants above named, are hereby notified that on the 18th day of February, 1861, said James Markham filed his petition in said court against them, setting forth that said Eliza Terrill, on the 10th day of July, 1856, died intestate, seized in fee of the following premises: West half of Lot No. 267, in the 4th ward in the town of Mt. Vernon; that said premises descended in fee to the said James Markham, and that he had taken and to one undivided one-fourth of said premises. Said Petitioner prays that his interest may be assigned to him in severalty, and that partition cannot be made without injury to said premises that the same may be sold.

Defendants are notified to appear and answer or demur to said petition on or before the third Saturday after the expiration of six weeks from this date. AMOS MARKHAM, By COTTON & BANE, Att'ys for Petitioner. Feb. 26, 61. \$5.25.

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DEPOSITIONS of witnesses in this action will be taken by the undersigned at the office of John Morrison, in the town of Newton Hamilton, in the County of Milton, in the State of Pennsylvania, on the 26th, 27th, 28th, and 29th days of March, A. D. 1861, between 8 o'clock A. M. and 9 o'clock P. M. and the examination will be adjourned from day to day to day thereafter until all are taken. Depositions of witnesses will also be taken by the Plaintiff in the said action, at the town of Newton Hamilton, in the County and State aforesaid at the office of John Morrison, aforesaid, on the 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th and 26th, days of April, A. D. 1861, between 8 o'clock A. M. and 9 o'clock P. M. and the examination will be adjourned from day to day thereafter until all are taken. C. FOWLER BALDWIN, Plff's Atty. Feb. 25, 61.

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Fever and Ague Remedy, per box, 50
Health Bitters, per package, 25
Dysentery Syrup, per bottle, 50
Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, per bottle, 1.50
Consumptive's Balm, per bottle, 3.00
Graceland's Rheumatism, per bottle, 1.00
Mentol of Health, per copy.

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I hereby certify that I have been dealing in the Graceland Family Medicines for the past year, and can truly say that I have not with the decided approbation of the people here, particularly in the pills and catholicon. They will readily perform all and more than is promised for them. I have sold about fifty bottles of the catholicon the past season, and I hear the best results in every case. S. H. C. JOHNSON, Medical Agent.

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